

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY HEADQUARTERS US ARMY MATERIEL DEVELOPMENT AND READINESS COMMAND 5001 EISENHOWER AVE., ALEXANDRIA, VA. 22333

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2 **OCT** 1979

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Mr. James Highland Federal Activities Coordinator Environmental Protection Agency Region VI First International Building 1201 Elm Street Dallas, Texas 75270

Dear Mr. Highland:

In February of this year, you requested information on waste disposal at the former Jacksonville Ordnance Plant (Arkansas Ordnance Plant), Jacksonville, Arkansas. You were provided a verbal reply in March which indicated no known burial sites at the former Army plant. Inclosed please find a written report, prepared by the US Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency, confirming our verbal reply.

Sincerely,

DONALD K. EMIG, Ph.D., P. E. Chief, Environmental Quality Division Directorate for Installations & Services

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HISTORICAL SUMMARY

AND

REPORT OF FINDINGS

AT

ARKANSAS ORDNANCE PLANT

JACKSONVILLE, ARKANSAS

000640

JUNE 1979

US Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010





Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 210

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"The view, opinions, and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy, or decision, unless so designated by other documentation."



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ARKANSAS ORDNANCE PLANT

I. GENERAL

A. Purpose:

1. To outline the history of real estate identified as Arkansas Ordnance Plant.

2. To identify any on-post conditions associated with past production operations and disposal of waste materials which could contribute to a contaminant migration problem.

B. <u>Authority</u>: DARCOM Regulation 10-30, Organization and Functions, 22 May 1979. ♥

C. Introduction:

1. In response to a request from DARCOM (DRCPA-E), action was initiated to obtain historical data and information concerning operations and waste disposal procedures at Arkansas Ordnance Plant.

2. Personnel at military installations at Little Rock and Little Rock AFB were contacted to provide a base for further searching.

3. A US Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency (USATHAMA) engineer on travel duty to the Arkansas area was utilized to assist in information collection.

4. Agencies contacted during the period 27 February - 5 March 1979 were:

a. Little Rock Air Force Base, Civil Engineer Office.

b. Little Rock Army National Guard.

c. Little Rock District, Corps of Engineers

5. The following personnel of this agency were directly involved in information collection and processing:

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a. Mr. Andrew W. Anderson, Field Systems Division

b. Mr. Harry Sholk, Technology Division

c. Mr. Dean Dickey, Technology Division

d. Mr. Robert Breschi, Field Systems Division



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e. LTC Maurice D. Milton, Technology Division

6. Both historical records and personal interviews were conducted.

D. <u>Brief History</u>: Arkansas Ordnance Plant was established under General Order #9 in 1942, and consisted of approximately 6,000 hectares (ha) (15,000 acres) situated to the west of Jacksonville, Arkansas (see Figure 1). Arkansas Ordnance Plant was a government-owned, contractoroperated (GOCO) plant under Ford, Bacon, and Davis Company during its active period. A composite site map generated from Corps of Engineers records at Little Rock is attached with a decontamination report at Appendix.

The plant mission was to receive raw materials for blending and loading into artillery boosters, percussion caps, detonators, primers, artillery fuzes, and bomb components. The munition components were shipped to other installations for load and assembly operations; end items were not produced at Arkansas.

The plant was disestablished by General Order #72 in 1946. Ford, Bacon, and Davis were responsible for decontamination and layaway of the facilities.

The War Assets Administration managed disposal of buildings and equipment. Approximately 8-12 ha were deeded to a pesticide/fertilizer manufacturer (Reissen/Hills). Other sections of the land were returned to original owners or sold to private parties. In 1952, approximately 2,900 ha were reacquired from private owners to establish the Little Rock Air Force Base. A portion of the plant manufacturing and storage areas was included in this tract. Some magazine igloos were left standing by the Air Force. The majority of remaining buildings were converted to office space or razed. The real estate obtained by Reisson/Hills was sold to Transvaal Corporation in 1969. No onsite search was conducted to define present real estate utilization of the former Army land.

E. Leases: No information was gathered on leases in force during theperiod of active plant operation.

F. Legal Actions: No information was collected on legal actions against the government resulting from plant operations.

- II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING
 - A. Meteorological Data: Not examined.
 - B. Geology: Not examined.
- III. DISCUSSION
 - A. Potential Contamination:
 - 1. Installation Operations.

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a. Industrial Operations. Arkansas Ordnance Plant was established in 1942 to combine initial detonating agents, such as priming composition, PETN, and tetryl into components for use in military munitions. All qualifying items were shipped to other plants/facilities for incorporation into end items.

Potential contaminants from these type operations were fulminate of mercury, lead ozide, PETN and tetryl, as well as associated degradation products. See Appendix which is an extract of a decontamination report filed in 1946.

b. Other Operations and Tests. No information was collected concerning lessee operations, laboratory operations, proof and surveillance tests, training areas, CBR activities, storage of toxic/hazardous materials, or use of pesticides, herbicides, or fertilizer.

2. Disposal Operations.

a. Reports from interviewees who had been employed as government \circ or contractor inspectors indicated no knowledge of any waste dumps or \circ landfills utilized on the plant property. \circ

b. Two interviewees reported that production materials not meeting specifications were removed to a burning ground and burned. The location of this burning ground was not defined during interviews, although a Corps of Engineers record site map identifies a burning ground. The map was not available during interviews to allow comparisons.

c. Contract operator is said to have had a policy of "waste not, want not."

d. No record of demilitarization operations having been conducted at Arkansas Ordnance Plant was found.

e. No information relating to spills, accidents, or other incidents which could have resulted in burial or surface disposal of chemicals was obtained from records or interviews.

f. In 1952, the Little Rock Air Force Base was constructed on about 2,800 ha of former ordnance plant land. During the period of construction, a great deal of land relocation was accomplished to provide the necessary level runways, taxiways, etc. Buildings remaining from the ordnance plant period were torn down, relocated or reserved for further use. No evidence of buried materials remaining from the Army period was uncovered. Approximately 12 ha from the ordnance plant manufacturing area remain on Air Force land.

g. A pesticide manufacturing company (Reissen/Hill) occupied about 6 ha of the former ordnance plant manufacturing area from 1946 to 1969, when Transvaal Corporation bought it. Neither company has reported uncovering any items or material buried by the ordnance plant.

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IV. FINDINGS

A. The Ordnance Plant received raw materials such as ammonium nitrate, mercury fulminate, lead styphnate, and combined these compounds to manufacture percussion caps and fuzes.

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B. Non-qualifying items or lots were burned.

C. Available data did not indicate that hazardous or toxic wastes were buried at the former plant site.

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APPENDIX

Extracts of a decontamination report following ordnance plant closure in 1946.

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TAR DEPARTMENT ARMANSAS ORDIANCE PLANT Little Rock, Arkansas

9 Hay 1946

OFKemp/fmp

Listed below are buildings which are still contaminated but are not hazardous in present location unless occupied: Total No. Bldgs. 73:

Instructions have been received from the Commanding General, ISP, and Chief of Ordnance indicating that the War Assets Administration will receive custody and accountability of the Plant as is, and if it is to be disposed of at a later date for purposes other than the manufacture of explosives, further decontamination by building destruction will be carried out by the War Assots Administration.

Building No.								
					•			
Ţ	602	6. 5		22	-			

Purpose for which building was used

T-602 8	1-702			Tetryl screen & blend
T-302 -				PETH Tubing House .
T204 -				Primer mixture loading building
T-C15 -				PETN Dry House
T-316 .				PETN Service Magazine
T-917	T-1017	T–1117	T-1217	Tubing house for fulminate of m roury and lead exide
T-9 19	T-1019	T-1119	T-1219	Dry house for fulninate of mercury and
m_022	T-1022	5-1122	T-1222	The house for fulringto of marci me and
1 /2~	1 2022	1		lead azide
1-923	T-1023	T-1123	T-1220	Bry house for fulning to of percury and
- /-/				lead azide
T-929	T-1029	7-1129	T-1229	Mix house for fulningte of mercury and
	•	·	•	lead azido
T-926	T-1026	T-1126.	T-1226	Mix house for fulminate of mercury and
				lead azide
T- 932	T-1032	T-1132	T-1232	Dry house for fullimate of mercury and
				lead azide
T- 934	T-1034	T-1134	T-1235	Tubing house for fulminate of me: cury
				and load azide
T-917	T-1014	T-1114	T-1214	Tetryl Storage
T-915	T-1015	T-1115	T-1215	Tetryl screen & blend
T-918	T-1018	T-1118	T-1218	Azide Magazine
T-925	T-1025	T-1 125	T-1225	Azide Magazine
T-928	T-1028	T-1128	T-1228	Lead azide rest house
. T-930	T-1030	7-1130	T-1230	Fulminate rost house
T-933	T-1033	T-1133	T-1233	Lead azide rest house
T-735	T-1035	T1135	T-1235	Fulminato Magazine
T-1505	& T-160	5 6 1.702		Tetryl screen & blend

This M IÓHNSCH Capt, Ord Dupt Commanding

Page 1

Pages five (5) and six (6) deleted Buildings described on these pages previously transfered to WAA on WDSD CV-321-48 20V-327-48

INCLOSURE TO: LTR, andrews Ordnews Plant, 14 JUN 46, SUBJ: FORM OF TRANSFER, SIGNED OF OPT M. JOHNSON, COEIGNED C.S. CHRISTIAN, REGIONAL DIRECTOR WAR ASSETS ADMINISTRATION , TO: WAR ASSETS ADMINISTRATION, WASH, D.C.

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All of the production equipment is being decontaminated and processed for extended storage by Ford, Bacon and Davis, Operating Contractors for Organes Department at this project. The equipment is being stored by the contractor in the Fuse No. 2 Area. Quite a bit of this production equipment is of a special purpose type which would be difficult to nodify for peace time industrial use. It is uncerstood that undetermination of this type of equipment will be made by the Ordmance Department and RFC, Surplus Property Division, to avoid unnecessary expense in handling this type of equipment.

Requirements for placing plant in close-down status for a period of 12 months.

(a) Buildings and Building Installations

No repairs are nocessary to buildings and building installations. All of this work had been taken care of by the Oranance Pape.tment through Ford, Bacon and Davis, Operating Contractors.

Due to existing hazards involved, the exposure to absorbency from various quantities of primary explosives and the risk: involved in the resule of the buildings and structures, it would be impractical to acclare these buildings as surplus material. It is the effore recommended that the following buildings be destroyed by burning:

A: tillery Booster Line No. 1

Building T-602 Fetryl screen and bland Building T-603 Fetryl rest house Building T-605 Fetryl rest house

Ardillery Booster Line No. 2

Building T-702 Tetryl screen and bland Building T-703 Tetryl rest house Building T-705 Tetryl rest house

Percussion Element Line

Building T-815 PETH dry house

Detonator Line No. 1

Building T-917	Tubing house
Building T-919	Dry house
Building T-922	Dry house
Building T-923	Dry house
Buildin; T-926	Explosives preparation
Building T-929	Explosives preparation
Building.T-932	Dry house
Building T-934	Tubing House
Buildirg T-914	Tetryl weigh house
Building T-915	Tetryl screen and blend
Building T-913	Azide service magazine
Eullding T-925	Azide rest house
Building T-928	Explosives rost house
Building T-930	Fulninate rest house
Building T-933	Explosives rest house
Building T-935	Pulminate service magazine

-22-

EXTRACT: REPORT ON ARKANSAS OR DNANCE PLANT IN CLOSED DOWN CONDITION. 30 NOVH Inclosure to: LTR, ARKANSAS OR DNANCE PLANT, 14 JUNI 76, SUBJ: FORM OF TRANSFER. SIGNED BY CPT M. JOHNSON, COMMANDING, COSIGNED C.S. CHRISTIAN, REGION DIRECTOR, WAR ASSETS ADMINISTRATION, TO: WAR ASSETS ADMINISTRATION, WASH BC.

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Detorator Line No. 2

Building	T-1017	Tubing house
Building	T-1019	Dry house
Building	T-1022	Dry house
Building	T-1023	Dry house
Building	T-1 026	Explosives preparation
Building	T-1029	Explosives preparation
Building	T-1 032	Dry house
Building	T-1 034	Tubing house
Building	7-1014	Tetryl weight house
Building	T-1015	Tetryl screen and blend
Building	T-1018	Azide service magazine
Building	T-1025	Azide rest house
Building	T-1028	Explosives rest house
Building	T-1 030	Fulminate rest house
Building	T-1033	Explosives rest house
Building	T-1035	Fulminate service magazine

Detonator Line Mo. 3

Building T-1117 Tubing house Building T-1119 Dry house Building T-1122 Dry house Building T-1123 Dry house Building T-1123 Dry house Building T-1126 Explosives preparation Building T-1129 Explosives preparation Building T-1132 Dry House Building T-1134 Tubing house Building T-1134 Tubing house Building T-1115 Tetryl woigh house Building T-1115 Tetryl screen and blend Building T-1115 Azide service magazine Building T-1125 Azide rest house Building T-1130 Fulminate rest house Building T-1133 Explosives rest house Building T-1135 Fulminate service magazine

Detonator Line Ho. 4

Building T-1217 Tubing house Building T-1219 Dry house Building T-1222 Dry house Building T-1223 Dry house Building T-1226 Explosives preparation Building T-1229 Explosives preparation Building T-1232 Dry house Building T-1234 Tubing house Building T-1214 Tetryl weigh house Building T-1215 Tetryl screen and blend Building T-1218 Azide service magazine Building T-1228 Explosives rest house Building T-1230 Fulninate rest house Building T-1233 Explosives rest house Building T-1235 Fulninate service magazine

Artillery Fuse Primer Line

None

Artillery Fuze Line No. 1

Building 2-1505 Tetryl screen ani bland Building 2-1506 Tetryl service magazine Building 2-1508 Tetryl service regazine

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Artillery Fuze Line No. 2

• Building T-1605 Tetryl screen and blend Building T-1606 Tetryl service magazine Building T-1608 Tetryl service magazine

Bomb Component Line

Building T-1702 Tetryl screen and blend Building T-1703 Tetryl rest house Building T-1705 Tetryl rest house

Powder Train Fuze Line

Building T-1801 Service magazine Building T-1802 Screen and blend Building T-1803 Dry house Building T-1805 Dry house Building T-1806 Screen building Building T-1809 Conditioning house

Artillery Primer Line

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Building T-1903 Screen building Building T-1905 Dry house

The following estimate and cost is submitted relative to decontamination and destruction of these 88 buildings:

3,360 man hours 3 \$1.25 per hour on a total of 88 buildings, giving a total of\$4,200.00

Decontamination of ground area around 26 Sumps:

5,200 man hours 3 \$1.00 per hour, giving a cost of 5,200.00

This estimate also includes the cost for decontamination and destruction of the Burning Ground area.

In addition to the above buildings, if it is deemed by the operating agency that the following property and equipment is contaminated it is recommended that the following protective measures be taken, or that this property not be declared to RFC:

- Burn all doors, after removal of hardware, which are installed on operating buildings where explosives have been processed in bulk or where components have been loaded or where loaded components have been tested.
- 2. Blast and remove from the ground all sumps that have been used in the processing of lead azide, mercury fulnizate or PETN.
- 5. Destroy by burning all control, recording or indicating instruments, or parts of such instruments, that have been used in buildings where lead azide, mercury fulminate, PETN or tetryl have been processed in bulk under higher than atmospheric pressure.

At present there is on hand quantities of stored explosives, loaded components and other elements of Ordnance in storage in the Igloo Area and Above-ground Magazine and Frost-proof storage areas. It is recommended that all of this material be removed from buildings in these areas by the owning agency and that the surrounding grounds be thoroughly cleaned and decontaminated.

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tion of Sumps and Grounds

is it cannot be definitely determined that the area surrounding cplosive sumps can be possibly decontanizated, it is recommended appropriate protection and all reasonable means be adopted to it the possiblicity of future explosive oruptions or damage to ar property.

of 12 Detonator Loading and Buildings

The to the design, method of construction, degree of contamination, where to and the impracticability for adaptation to other useful es, it is recommended that these buildings be stripped of any the serviceable material, and destroyed by wrecking and burning.

t is estimated that the cost will be:

5,000 man hours 3 \$1.00 per hour making total cost of\$15,000.00

stion Equipment

.s stated in 1 (d) above, all of the production equipment is docontaminated and processed for extended storage by the sing Contractor on this project. All of this work will have conpleted at the time the plant is released to RFC by nee Department. This processing is being done according to ng War Department and RFC instructions and is acceptable 1.

ins necessary vo place plant in safe operating condition

ince the plant will not be operated as a unit by the United Government, but will be disposed of in whole or part by prospective purchasers, no additions are necessary.

Requirements for close down period

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ter Supply and Fire Protection

he water supply for this plant is a well-field, consisting of ells adjacent to Area. The water pumped from these wells is d to the Plant Reservoir on the Area by approximately 4 miles





