REMEDIAL ACTION CONTRACT 2 FOR

REMEDIAL, ENFORCEMENT, OVERSIGHT, AND NON-TIME-CRITICAL REMOVAL ACTIVITIES IN REGION 5

FINAL HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN FOR CBS MULTI-SITES TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE MONROE COUNTY, INDIANA

Prepared for U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 5 77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590

Date Submitted:
U.S. EPA Region:
Work Assignment No:
Contract No:
Prepared by:
Project Manager:
Telephone No:
EPA Work Assignment Manager:
Telephone No:

October 10, 2014 5 103-TATA-05ZZ EP-S5-06-02 SulTRAC Jeffrey Lifka (312) 201-7491 Thomas Alcamo (312) 886-7278



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LEVEL 2 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

Site Name: CBS Multi-Sites	Site Contact: Jeffrey Lifka		Telephone: 312-201-7491				
Location: Bloomington, Monroe County, Indiana	Client	Cont	act: Thomas Alca	mo		Telephor	ne: 312-886-7278
EPA ID No. IND980794341; IND980614556; IND006418651	Prepa	red B	y: Jeffrey Lifka			Date Pre	pared: October 10, 2014
Project No. 103G1852103	Dates 2016 (HASP	of Ac	tivities: October 2	2014 thr	ough June	Emergen	cy Response 🗌 Yes 🔀 No
Objectives:		Site	Type: Check as n	nany as	applicable.		
Task 1: Collect fish samples from multiple streams associated with each three sites that are addressed by this work assignment. Fish samples will	of the be		Active	\boxtimes	Landfill		Inner-City
collected using electroshock method. Fish samples will be analyzed for F	CBs	\square	Inactive		Railroad		Rural
as Aroclors and as congeners. Conditions will determine whether a boat i used. The Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) w	s ill	\square	Secured		Residential		Remote
perform the electroshocking activities and SulTRAC (Tetra Tech) will pr fish samples for shipment to its subcontractor analytical laboratory. Field will be recorded in a log book and field photographs will be taken.	epare notes	\square	Unsecured		Industrial		Other (<i>specify</i>)
Task 2: Collect surface water, groundwater, and sediment samples from e the three sites. All samples will be analyzed for PCBs as Aroclors. Field will be recorded in a log book and field photographs will be taken.	each of notes						
Task 3: RA oversight of any CBS site investigative activities (work assig 165); no SulTRAC sampling involved, only oversight documentation of a CBS work being performed such as groundwater pump tests to determine recharge rates and pump test sample PCB concentrations, and any other B sampling investigations at the sites (including any groundwater, surface w sediment or soil sampling).	nment any e PCB vater,						
Duciest Cooperati Wark and Cite Deckmannd							

The CBS Multi-sites included in this project consist of Lemon Lane Landfill, Neal's Landfill, and Bennett's Dump. Each of these sites was included in a consent decree signed by Westinghouse Electrical Corporation (Westinghouse), now CBS Corporation (CBS) in 1985.

Lemon Lane Landfill: The Lemon Lane Landfill site is a former municipal landfill which accepted municipal and industrial waste. PCB-containing transformers and industrial byproducts were discovered on the site and linked to Westinghouse, making CBS the sole responsible party. The site is approximately 10 acres, 3 acres of which are owned by a private citizen. Source control remediation was conducted in 1987. Excavation of contaminated soil was completed in 2000. A water treatment plant for groundwater remediation was also installed in 2000. Additional work is nearly complete to install a new effluent line for the water treatment plant, and to evaluate further areas for both groundwater and sediment/soil remediation.

Neal's Landfill: The Neal's Landfill site is a former municipal landfill which accepted municipal and industrial waste. PCB-containing transformers and industrial byproducts were discovered on the site and linked to Westinghouse, making CBS the sole responsible party. The site is approximately 18 acres. Excavation of contaminated soil was



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completed in 2002. Groundwater collection systems and a water treatment plant have been installed at the site, and are currently in use and being evaluated. Sediment in-stream and along stream banks within the site will be excavated in the future.

Bennett's Dump: The Bennett's Dump site is a former limestone quarry that was then used as a dumping ground for various types of waste, including construction debris, household waste, and electrical components, including a large amount of PCB-containing transformers. The site consists of two parcels that constitute approximately 4 acres. PCB-containing transformers located in the site were discovered to have been manufactured by Westinghouse. CBS is the sole responsible party for this site. A passive quarry drain has been installed to aid on controlling groundwater flow. Further construction activities are being planned, including a collection trench and installation of a water treatment plant.

SulTRAC will collect fish tissue samples from streams located on or near the project sites listed above. The samples will be analyzed for PCBs as Aroclors and as congeners. Samples will be collected using electroshock equipment. A boat may be used for sampling if necessary as dictated by stream conditions.

SulTRAC will collect surface water, groundwater, and sediment samples from each of the three project sites listed above. The samples will be analyzed for PCBs as Aroclors. Field notes will be recorded in a log book and field photographs will be taken.

Health and Safety Approver Comments or Additional Instructions: Type II personal floatation devices are required when within 15' of water that is greater than 3' deep or that is swiftly moving. Tetra Tech personnel shall support operations from the shore. A throw rope or ring buoy should be available to assist personnel in the water. Bring towels and/or warm blankets and a change of clothes in case of inadvertent submersion.

Health and Safety Plan Approver Signature:

Date: 3 October 2014

Note: A minimum of two persons with appropriate training and medical surveillance must be on site for any fieldwork subject to Level 2 HASP requirements. Note: A detailed site sketch or figure may be included on Page 10 of 12.

Chris Drogn



Initial Isolation and Protective Action Distances (for e	mergency response operations only): NA	
Initial Isolation Distance: This zone should extend in al NOTE: Keep a maximum distance away for unknown sites	l directions; 660 feet for unknown hazards and 0. s until the identity of the materials is determined.	5 mile for tanker truck or rail car incidents.
Subsequent Isolation and Protection Action Zones Ba NOTE: Distance at sites with unknown hazards should be	ased on Air Monitoring Results: increased, if necessary, based on air monitoring	results.
ALL investigation-derived waste shall be drummed ar Spill control shall be conducted in accordance with o	nd remain onsite pending characterization for f SWP 5-14, Spill and Discharge Control Pract	subsequent disposal. ices, and SWP 05-47, Spill Prevention and Clean Up.
Wind Speed and Direction (Approach from upwind)	Temperature (°F) Relative Humidity (%)	Probability of Weather Forecast Precipitation (%) (such as partly cloudy, snow, etc.)
Weather information will be cap	otured daily when onsite and documented on I	Daily Tailgate form or in field logbook
On-Site Supplies: X First Aid Kit	Fire Extinguisher Air Horn	Oral Thermometer Noise Dosimeter
Known or Anticipated Site Hazards or Concerns: (Ha	zards covered by existing Safe Work Practices ar	e listed on the next page)
Work on active roadway	Overhead utilities	Energized electrical systems
Onsite laboratory	Buried Utilities	Portable hand tool use
Explosion or fire hazard	Surface or underground storage tanks	Portable electrical tool use
Oxygen deficiency	General slips, trips, falls	Machine guarding
Unknown or poorly characterized chemical hazards	Uneven, muddy, rugged terrain	Portable fire extinguisher use
Inorganic chemicals	Lift (man lift, cherry picker) use	Driving commercial vehicles
Organic chemicals	Industrial truck (forklift) use	Driving personal vehicles
Chemical warfare materiel	Wood or metal ladder use	Scientific diving operations
Compressed Gas Cylinders	Dangerous goods shipped by air	Injury and Illness Prevention Program (California only)
Asbestos	Elevated work (over 6' high)	Ergonomics (California only)
Respirable particulates	Heavy equipment use or operation	Work in strip or shaft mines
Respirable silica	Construction work	Client-specific safety requirements (attach to HASP)
Blasting and explosives	Excavation or trenching	ATV use
Non-ionizing radiation (lasers, radiofrequencies, UV)	Benching, shoring, bracing	Methamphetamine lab
lonizing radiation (alpha, beta, gamma, etc.)	Scaffold use	Working over or near water
Heat stress	High noise	Mold
Cold stress	Grinding operations	Other (insert)
Explosion or Fire Potential: High	Medium 🛛	Low Unknown



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Che	mical Products Tetra Tech EM Inc. Will Use or Store On Site: (Attach a Material	Safety Data Sheet [MSDS] for each item.)
\boxtimes	Alconox or Liquinox Calibration gas (Methane)	Hydrogen gas Isopropyl alcohol
	Hydrochloric acid (HCI) Calibration gas (Isobutylene)	Household bleach (NaOCI) HazCat Kit
	Nitric acid (HNO ₃) Calibration gas (Pentane)	Sulfuric acid (H_2SO_4) Other (specify)
	Sodium hydroxide (NaOH) Calibration gas (4-gas mixture)	Eyewash solution Other (specify)
WAI	RNING: Eyewash solution shall be readily available on ALL projects where cor	rosives (acids or bases) are used, including sample preservatives
Арр	licable Safety Programs and Safe Work Practices (SWP). Attach to HASP:	Tasks Performed At Job Site that are <u>NOT</u> Covered by SWPs
	licable Safety Programs and Safe Work Practices (SWP). Attach to HASP: DCN 4-03 Demolition and Decontamination DCN 4-05 Trenching and Excavation Safety DCN 4-08 Asbestos Protection Program DCN 4-09 Haulage and Earth Moving DCN 4-10 Lead Protection Program SWP DCN 5-01 General Safe Work Practices SWP DCN 5-02 General Safe Work Practices HAZWOPER SWP DCN 5-03 Safe Work Practices for Office Employees SWP DCN 5-03 Safe Work Practices SWP DCN 5-04 Safe Drilling Practices SWP DCN 5-05 Safe Direct Push (GeoProbe) Practices SWP DCN 5-06 Working Over or Near Water SWP DCN 5-07 Use of Heavy Equipment SWP DCN 5-08 Special Site Hazards (Firearms, Remote Sites, Mines, aircraft, etc.) SWP DCN 5-10 Fall Protection Practices SWP DCN 5-10 Fall Protection Practices SWP DCN 5-11 Portable Ladder Safety SWP DCN 5-12 Drum and Container Handling Practices	 Tasks Performed At Job Site that are <u>NOT</u> Covered by SWPs NOTE: Many AHA's can be found on the Health & Safety intranet site at: http://home.ttemi.com/C18/Activity%20Hazard%20Analysis%20Doc um/default.aspx Attach Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) for each non-covered task Site Documentation and Oversight Near Drill Rigs Backpack Electrofishing Sediment Sampling Groundwater sampling Monitoring Well Sampling (Bailing) Fish Filleting Tetra Tech Employee Training and Medical Requirements: Basic Training and Medical Initial 40 Hour Training 8-Hour Supervisor Training (one-time) Current 8-Hour Refresher Training Current 8-Hour Refresher Training
	SWP DCN 5-13 Flammable Hazards and Ignition Sources SWP DCN 5-14 Spill and Discharge Control Practices SWP DCN 5-15 Heat Stress SWP DCN 5-16 Cold Stress SWP DCN 5-17 Biohazards SWP DCN 5-18 Underground Storage Tank Removal Practices SWP DCN 5-19 Safe Lifting Procedures SWP DCN 5-29 Hydrographic Data Collection SWP DCN 5-26 Prevention of Sun Exposure SWP DCN 5-27 Respirator Cleaning Practices SWP DCN 5-28 Safe Use Practices for Use of Respirators SWP DCN 5-29 Respirator Qualitative Fit Testing Procedures	 Current First Aid Training Current CPR Training Current Respirator Fit-Test Other Specific Training and Medical Surveillance Requirements Confined Space Training Level A Training Radiation Training OSHA 10-hour Construction Safety Training OSHA 30-hour Construction Safety Training Asbestos Awareness Training Asbestos Awareness Training
	SWP DCN 5-30 Laboratory Soil Testing Safe Work Practices SWP DCN 5-48 Electrical Safety Ground Fault Protection SWP DCN 5-51 Hand Tools	Blood Lead Level and ZPP Pre, during and Post-Project Urinary Arsenic Level Pre and Post-Project Other Other



	zards of the Material flammable, corrosive,	IDLH Level	Highest Observed Concentration Exposure Limit	
Materials Present or	latile, radioactive, Symptoms and Effects of Acute Photoionizati	(specify	resent or (specify units and (specify	Materials Present or
Suspected at Site	i, oxidizer, or other) Exposure Potential (eV	ppm or mg/m°)	d at Site sample medium) ppm or mg/m [°])	Suspected at Site
PCBs	Skin and eyes: acne, hyperpigmentation of skin and nails, eye discharges, and swelling of the upper eyelids NA Inhalation and ingestion: fever, hearing difficulty, muscle spasms, headache, vomiting, diarrhea, and liver damage	5 mg/m³	$3s \qquad \begin{array}{c} 58 \text{ ppb}^{\text{c}} \\ (\text{groundwater}) \\ >50 \text{ ppm}^{\text{b}} \\ (\text{sediment}) \\ 20 \text{ ppb} \\ (\text{surface water}) \\ 42 \text{ ppm} \\ (\text{fish tissue}) \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{PEL} = 0.5 \text{ mg/m}^3 \\ \text{REL} = 0.001 \text{ mg/m}^3 \\ \text{TLV} = 0.5 \text{ mg/m}^3 \\ \text{[Skin] Hazard} \end{array}$	PCBs
			PEL = REL = TLV = [Skin] Hazard	
			PEL = REL = TLV = [Skin] Hazard	
			PEL = REL = TLV = [Skin] Hazard	
			PEL = REL = TLV = [Skin] Hazard	
			PEL = REL = TLV = [Skin] Hazard	
Specify Information So			TLV = [Skin] Hazard PEL = REL = TLV = [Skin] Hazard PEL = TLV = [Skin] Hazard PEL = TLV = [Skin] Hazard	Specify Information So

A NIOSH Pocket Guide to Hazardous Chemicals, September 2005

^B American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). "Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for 2012."

Note: In the Exposure Limit column, include Ceiling (C) and Short-Term Exposure Limits (STEL) if they are available. Also, use the following short forms and abbreviations to complete the table above.

A = Air CARC = Carcinogenic eV = Electron voltU = Unknown IDLH = Immediately dangerous to life or health mg/m³ = Milligram per cubic meter NA = Not available NE = None established PEL = Permissible exposure limit ppm = Part per million REL = Recommended exposure limit S = Soil TLV = Threshold limit value



Note: If no contingency level of protection is selected, all employ require upgrading PPE. Level A field work requires a Level 3 HAS	yees covered under this pla SP. This information is avai	In must evacuate the immediate site area if air contaminant levels illustrian in the chemical hazards page of this HASP.	
Field Activities Covered Under this HASP:			
		Level of Protection ¹ Date of	
Task Description		Primary Contingency Activities	
In collaboration with IDEM, SuITRAC will collect fish samples from creeks surrounding Lemon Lane Landfill, Neal's Landfill, and Bennett's Dump. IDEM will use electroshocking equipment and SuITRAC will process (fillet) fish samples for shipment to analytical laboratory.		A B C D A B C D October 2014 and October 2015	
2 Collect surface water, sediment, and groundwater (from existin samples.	2 Collect surface water, sediment, and groundwater (from existing monitoring wells) samples.		
3 RA oversight (work assignment 165)		A B C D A B C D Through June 2015	
Site Personne	el and Responsibilities (incl	lude subcontractors):	
Employee Name and Office Code / Location	Task(s)	Responsibilities	
Jeffrey Lifka	1-2	 Project Manager: Manages the overall project, makes site safety coordinator (SSC) aware of pertinent project developments and plans, and maintains communications with client as necessary. Additionally, For projects lasting longer than one consecutive week on-site, the PM is responsible for conducting one field audit using Form AF-1. 	
Jeffrey Lifka	1-2-3	 Field Team Leader: Directs field activities, makes site safety coordinator (SSC) aware of pertinent project developments and plans, and maintains communications with the Project Manager and the client as necessary 	
Dave Franc / Adam Peterca	1-2-3	 Site Safety Coordinator (SSC): Ensures that appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) is available, enforces proper use of PPE by on-site personnel and subcontractors; suspends investigative work if personnel are or may be exposed to an immediate health hazard; implements and enforces the HASP; identifies and controls site hazards when possible; communicates site hazards to all personnel; and reports any deviations observed from anticipated conditions described in the health and safety plan to the health and safety representative. 	
		Alternate Site Safety Coordinator (if any)	
Dave Franc, Kristi Root, Bethany Hand, Andrew Kleist, Rob Kondreck, Adam Peterca, Lance Summers, Matt Villicana	1-2-3	• Field Personnel: Completes tasks as directed by the project manager, field team leader, and SSC, and follows the HASP and all SWPs and guidelines established in the Tetra Tech, Inc., Health and Safety Manual.	
AECOM Technical Services, Inc. AECOM SSC: John Bassett (812) 327-8074	1-2-3	 Tetra Tech-hired subcontractor personnel on site (subcontract SSCis John Bassett): Completes tasks as outlined in the project scope of work in accordance with the contract. Participates in all Tetra Tech on-site safety meetings and follows all procedures and guidelines established in this HASP, as well as the company health and safety plan and program. Daily tailgate meetings for project will occur at AECOM's local office. 	

Note: 1. See next page for details on levels of protection

NOTE: Contingency level of protection section should be completed only if the upgraded level of protection is immediately available at the job site. If no contingency level of protection is denoted, all employees covered under this HASP must evacuate the immediate site area if air contaminant levels would require an upgrade of PPE.

Protec	Protective Equipment: (Indicate type or material as necessary for each task.)				
Task	Primary Level of Protection (A,B,C,D)	PPE Component Description (Primary)	Contingency Level of Protection (A, B, C, D)	PPE Component Description (Contingency)	
1	D	Respirator type: N/A Cartridge type (if applicable): N/A CPC material: N/A Glove material(s): Nitrile, Cut-resistant and stainless steel reinforced gloves for filleting fish. Boot material: Steel-toe and shank work boot Other: Hardhat, safety glasses, class 2 safety vest, ear plugs, Type 2 or greater personal flotation device, rubber waders	NA	Level C is NOT Authorized for this project	
2	D	Respirator type: N/A Cartridge type (if applicable): N/A CPC material: N/A Glove material(s): Nitrile Boot material: Steel-toe and shank work boot Other: Hardhat, safety glasses, class 2 safety vest, ear plugs, Type 2 or greater personal flotation device, rubber waders	NA	Level C is NOT Authorized for this project	
3	D	Respirator type: N/A Cartridge type (if applicable): N/A CPC material: N/A Glove material(s): Nitrile Boot material: Steel-toe and shank work boot Other: Hardhat, safety glasses, class 2 safety vest, ear plugs, Type 2 or greater personal flotation device, rubber waders	NA	Level C is NOT Authorized for this project	

Respirator Notes:

Respirator cartridges may only be used for a maximum time of 8 hours or one work shift, whichever is less, and must be discarded at that time. For job sites with organic vapors, respirator cartridges may be used as described in this note as long as the concentration is less than 200 parts per million (ppm), the boiling point is greater than 70 °Celsius, and the relative humidity is less than 85 percent. If any of these levels are exceeded, a site-specific respirator cartridge change-out schedule must be developed and included in the HASP using Tetra Tech Form RP-2 (Respiratory Hazard Assessment Form)

Notes:

All levels of protection must include eye, head, and foot protection.

CPC = Chemical protective clothing

Thermoluminescent Dosimeter (TLD) Badges must be worn during all field activities on sites with radiation hazards. TLDs must be worn under CPC.

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Monitoring Equipment: All monitoring	equipmen	t on site must be calibrated before	e and after each use and results recorded	in the site logbook
Instrument (Check all required)	Task	Instrument Reading	Action Guideline	Comments
Combustible gas indicator model:		0 to 10% LEL	Monitor; evacuate if confined space	
		10 to 25% LEL	Potential explosion hazard; notify SSC	
		>25% LEL	Explosion hazard; interrupt task; evacuate site; notify SSC	
Oxygen meter model:	\square 1 \square 2	>23.5% Oxygen	Potential fire hazard; evacuate site	
		23.5 to 19.5% Oxygen	Oxygen level normal	
		<19.5% Oxygen	Oxygen deficiency; interrupt task; evacuate site; notify SSC	
 Photoionization detector model: 11.7 eV 10.6 eV 10.2 eV 9.8 eV Other (specify): 	1 2 3 4 5	Specify:	Specify:	
Detector tube models:	1 2 3 4 5	Specify:	Specify:	
Other (specify):	1 2 3 4 5	Specify:	Specify:	
NOIES				

eV= electron volt LEL=Lower explosive limit mrem=Millirem PEL=Permissible exposure limit ppm=Part per million a. Level B is required when chemical hazards are present, but are uncharacterized. Level C may be acceptable for certain tasks in some situations. If you are uncertain, consult your RSO.

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Project-Specific Industrial Hygiene Requirements	Emergency Contacts:		Telephone No.
OSHA-Regulated Chemicals*:	WorkCare and Incident Intervention	888.449.77	787, or 800.455.6155
Check any present on the job site in any medium (air, water, soil)	Tetra Tech EMI 24-hour Anonymous	Hazard Reporting Line	866.383.8070
No chemicals below are located on the job site	U.S. Coast Guard National Respons	e Center	800.424.8802
Friable Asbestos	InfoTrac		800.535.5053
Silica, crystalline	Poison Control		800.222.1222
alpha-Napthylamine	Fire department		911
Methyl chloromethyl ether	Police department		011
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine (and its salts)	Porcennel Call Down List		511
bis-Chloromethyl ether	Personnel Call-Down List:		
beta-Napthylamine	Job Title or Position:	Name	Cell Phone:
Benzidine	Regional Safety Officer	Chris Draper	615.969.1334
4-Aminodiphenyl	Project Manager:	Jeffrey Lifka	312-201-7491
Ethyleneimine	Field Learn Leader:	Adam Peterca	312-201-7768
beta-Propiolactone	Sile Salety Cooldinator (SSC).	Adam Pelerca	312-201-7700
2-Acetylaminoflourene	Subcontractor SSC.	John Bassell, AECOM	012-327-0074
4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	Medical and Site Emergencies:		
N-nitrosomethylamine		with three blocks of a lovel barry (as	n have for have an
Vinyl chloride	similar device). Site personnel shou	with three blasts of a loud norm (ca ild evacuate to the area of safe rei	fuge designated on
Inorganic arsenic	the site map.		
Lead	Haapital Name: III Haalth Pl	cominaton Hoonital	
Chromium (VI)	Address: 601 West 2 ⁿ	^d Street	
	Bloomington	n, IN 47403	
Benzene	Ganaral Phona:		(912) 252 5252
Coke oven emissions	Emergency Phone:		(012) 555-5252
1.2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	Ambulance Phone:		911
Ethylene oxide	Hospital called to verify emergency s	services are offered? YES	
Formaldehyde	Step-by-step Route to Hospital: (see	Page 11 of 12 for route map)	
Methylenedianiline			
1.3-Butadiene			
	<u>Route to Hospital:</u>		
	From Neal's Landfill:		
* NOTE: Many states, including California and New Jersey, have chemical-specific	1) Starting on West 3 rd St, go e	east - go 3.7 mi.	
worker protection requirements and standards for many chemicals and	2) Veer right to continue on We	est 3 rd St - go 0.1 mi	
known or suspected carcinogens.	3) Continue on S Adams St - g	10 0.1 mi	
	4) Continue on S Patterson Dr	- go 0.2 mi	
	6) Arrive at II Health Blooming	yu u.ə IIII Hospital	
		Jion nospilai	
	Directions from each specific sam	pling location will be supplied	during daily tailgate
	meetings.		

Note: This page must be posted on site.



Decontamination Procedures The site safety coordinator overseas implementation of project decontamination procedures and is responsible for ensuring they are effective.		Emergency Response Planning
		During the pre-work briefing and daily tailgate safety meetings, all on-site employees will be trained in the provisions of emergency response planning, site communication systems, and site evacuation routes.
Personnel Decontamination	Decontamination Equipment	In the event of an emergency that necessitates evacuation of a work task
Level D Decon - 🗌 Wet 🔀 Dry	Washtubs	 area or the site, the following procedures will take place. The Tetra Tech SSC will contact all nearby personnel using the on-site
Level C Decon - 🗌 Wet 🗌 Dry	Buckets	 communications to advise the personnel of the emergency. The personnel will proceed along site roads to a safe distance upwind from
Level B Decon – Briefly outline the level B	Scrub brushes	the hazard source.
separate page attached to this HASP.	Pressurized sprayer	 The personnel will remain in that area until the SSC or an authorized individual provides further instructions.
Level A Decon – A Level 3 HASP is	Detergent [Alconox or Liquinox]	In the event of a severe spill or a leak, site personnel will follow the
safety representative and health and	Solvent [Type]	 procedures listed below. Evacuate the affected area and relocate personnel to an upwind location
safety director.	Household bleach solution	 Inform the Tetra Tech SSC, a Tetra Tech office, and a site representative
Equipment Decontamination	Concentration/Dilution:	Immediately.
All tools, equipment, and machinery from the Exclusion Zone (hot) or Contamination	Deionized water	 Begin containment and recovery of spilled or leaked materials.
Reduction Zone (warm) are Disposable sanitizer wipes	Notify appropriate local, state, and federal agencies.	
are removed to the Support Zone (cold).	Facemask sanitizer powder	In the event of severe weather, site personnel will follow the procedures listed below.
are designed to minimize the potential for	Wire brush	 Site work shall not be conducted during severe weather, including high winds and lightning.
cross-contamination, and chemical	Spray bottle	 In the event of severe weather, stop work, lower any equipment (drill rigs) and evacuate the affected area
Incompatibilities.	Tubs / pools	 Severe weather may cause heat or cold stress. Refer to SWPs 5-15 and 5-
Respirator Decontamination	Banner/barrier tape	16 for information on both.
compliance with SWP 5-27 and should be included with this HASP	Plastic sheeting	All work-related incidents must be reported. According to TtEMI's reporting procedures, for non-emergency incidents you should:
Waste Handling for Decontamination	Tarps and poles	Notify WorkCare and Incident Intervention at 888.449.7787, or 800.455.6155
Procedures for decontamination waste	🔀 Trash bags	 Notify your Project Manager of Regional Safety Officer (RSO) via priorie immediately.
disposal meet all applicable local, state, and federal regulations.	Trash cans	Complete a "Tetra Tech Incident Report" (Form IR) within 24 hours and send it to your RSO. If an injury or illness has occurred, the Form IR-A and the
	Duct tape	WorkCare HIPAA form must be completed at the same time the Form IR is completed.
	Paper towels	
	Folding chairs	
	Other	





Hospital Route Map (attach or insert):



Route to Hospital:

- From Neal's Landfill:
- 1) Starting on West 3rd St, go east go 3.7 mi.
- 2) Veer right to continue on West 3rd St go 0.1 mi
 3) Continue on S Adams St go 0.1 mi
- 4) Continue on S Patterson Dr go 0.2 mi
 5) Turn left onto West 2nd St go 0.5 mi
- 6) Arrive at IU Health Bloomington Hospital

Note: A dry-run should be conducted to establish a physical location associated with the map included in the HASP. Verbal verification from the hospital emergency room should also be obtained to ensure that the hospital will accept chemically contaminated patients.



APPROVAL AND SIGN-OFF FORM Project No.: ^{103-TATA-05ZZ}

I have read, understood, and agree with the information set forth in this Health and Safety Plan and will follow the direction of the Site Safety Coordinator (SSC) as well as procedures and guidelines established in the Tetra Tech, Inc., Health and Safety Manual. I understand the training and medical requirements for conducting field work and have met these requirements.

Tetra Tech has prepared this plan solely for the purpose of the health and safety protection of Tetra Tech employees. Subcontractors, visitors, and others at the site, while required to read and follow the provisions outlined in this plan at a minimum, should refer to their safety program for specific information related to their health and safety protection.

Name	Company / Agency / Organization	Signature	Date
I have read, understood, and agree with the infor established in the Tetra Tech, Inc., Health and Sa	mation set forth in this Health and Safety Plan and after the set of the set	d comply with and will enforce this HASP, as well as	procedures and guidelines
Name	Project-Specific Position	Signature	Date
Jeffrey Lifka	Project Manager		
Jeffrey Lifka	Field Team Leader		
Dave Franc/Adam Peterca	Site Safety Coordinator		
John Bassett	Subcontractor SSC		
Tetra Tech has prepared this plan solely for the p to read, acknowledge and follow the provisions o	ourpose of the health and safety protection of Tetr utlined in this plan at a minimum, should refer to t	a Tech employees. Subcontractors, visitors, and oth heir safety program for specific information related to	ners at the site, while required be health and safety.

Note: Use Additional sheets as necessary to ensure that all personnel sign and affirm this document.







Management	Lead by example. Good managers recognize the benefits of a strong safety program and ensure that their personnel and subcontractors have the right tools, equipment, and attitude to work safely.
Leadership	 Some areas where effective management leadership for safety can be demonstrated include: Provide visible safety leadership - start meetings with a safety topic, integrate safety into planning, scheduling, and budgeting processes, take personal action to resolve safety issues. Become involved in incident reporting, investigation, corrective action - share lessons learned. Include subcontractors in your safety program and oversee their work.
Employee	Get involved! Take personal action and work directly with your supervisor daily to identify, control, or eliminate potential safety hazards.
Involvement	 Other ways to become involved in the safety program and improve work conditions include: Initiate hazard reports to identify hazards, suggest improvements, and recognize safe behaviors Participate in safety meetings and worksite safety inspections (daily, weekly, monthly, and quarterly) Participate in incident reports, investigations, corrective actions, and Lessons Learned
Worksite	The process of identifying and evaluating potential hazards is a critical element in achieving zero incidents and creating low risk and hazard-free work areas.
Analysis	 Worksite analysis methods used to identify and evaluate potential hazards include: Safety inspections (daily, weekly, monthly, and quarterly) Develop or review safe work procedures, AHA's, and the HASP Monitoring for air quality, heat stress, noise, ergonomics and other job hazards
Hazard	Eliminating hazards from your job, preventing new hazards, and controlling known hazards are fundamental parts of the projects safety program.
Prevention and Control	 Important points include: Control hazards by: Installing and maintaining <i>Engineering Controls</i> Following <i>Administrative/Work Practice Controls</i> (HASP, AHAs, and safe work practices) Specifying and wearing <i>Personal Protective Equipment</i> where needed Perform integrated safety reviews for new or modified work tasks Consult with qualified medical and safety professionals as needed
	Effective safety training is an important element in incident prevention
Safety and	Remember, if you are unfamiliar with the work or feel that you don't have the necessary training, speak up and notify your team leader or project manager.
Training	 Safety training methods that may be used at the project include: New employee orientation, including HASP and task-specific training Project meetings, daily briefings, and/or task briefings Lessons learned and monthly safety communications

Emergency Contacts

- **WorkCare** For issues requiring an Occupational Health Physician; assistance is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.
- **InfoTrac** For issues related to incidents involving the transportation of hazardous chemicals; this hotline provides accident assistance 24 hours per day, 7 days per week
- U.S. Coast Guard National Response Center For issues related to spill containment, cleanup, and damage assessment; this hotline will direct spill information to the appropriate state or region

Poison Control Center - For known or suspected poisoning.

Limitations:

The Level-Two HASP is not appropriate in some cases:

- Projects involving unexploded ordnance (UXO), radiation sources as the primary hazard, or known chemical/biological weapons site must employ the Level 3 HASP
- Projects of duration longer than 90 days may need a Level 3 HASP (consult your RSO)

Decontamination:

- Decontamination Solutions for Chemical and Biological Warfare Agents^a: PPE and equipment can be decontaminated using 0.5 percent bleach (1 gallon laundry bleach to 9 gallons water) for biological agents (15 minutes of contact time for anthrax spores; 3 minutes for others) followed by water rinse for chemical and biological agents. In the absence of bleach, dry powders such as soap detergents, earth, and flour can be used. The powders should be applied and then wiped off using wet tissue paper. Finally, water and water/soap solutions can be used to physically remove or dilute chemical and biological agents. Do not use bleach solution on bare skin; use soap and water instead. Protect decontamination workers from exposure to bleach.
- **Decontamination for Radiological and Other Chemicals:** Primary decontamination should use Alconox and water unless otherwise specified in chemical specific information resources. The effectiveness of radiation decontamination should be checked using a radiation survey instrument. Decontamination procedures should be repeated until the radiation meter reads less than 100 counts per minute over a 100-square-centimeter area when the probe is held 1 centimeter from the surface and moving slower than 2.5 centimeters per second.
- **Decontamination Corridor:** The decontamination setup can be adjusted to meet the needs of the situation. The decontamination procedures can be altered to meet the needs of the specific situation when compoundand site-specific information is available.
- **Decontamination Waste:** All disposable equipment, clothing, and decontamination solutions will be doublebagged or containerized in an acceptable manner and disposed of with investigation-derived waste.
- **Decontamination Personnel:** Decontamination personnel should dress in the same level of PPE or one level below the entry team PPE level.
- All investigation-derived waste should be left on site with the permission of the property owner and the EPA on-scene coordinator. In some instances, another contractor will dispose of decontamination waste and investigation-derived waste. DO NOT place waste in regular trash. DO NOT dispose of waste until proper procedures are established.

Notes:

Source: Jane's Information Group. 2002. Jane's Chem-Bio Handbook. Page 39.



TETRA TECH, INC. DAILY TAILGATE SAFETY MEETING FORM

Date: Time:	Project No.:
Client:	Site Location:
Site Activities Planned for Today:	
Weather Conditions:	
Safety Topic	s Discussed
Protective clothing and equipment:	
Chemical and physical hazards:	
Emergency procedures:	
Equipment hazards:	
Other:	
Atten	dees
Printed Name	Signature

Meeting Conducted by:

Name



TETRA TECH EM INC. HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN AMENDMENT

Site Name:
Amendment Date:
Purpose or Reason for Amendment:
Required Additional Safe Work Practices or Activity Hazard Analyses:
Required Changes in PPE:
Action Level Changes:

AMENDMENT APPROVAL

RSO or Designee _	Name	Signature	Date
Site Safety Coordinator	Name	Signature	Date
Date presented during o	laily site safety meeting:		



TETRA TECH, INC. FIELD AUDIT CHECKLIST

Project Name:	 Project No.:
Field Location:	 Completed by:

Project Manager: _____ Site Safety Coordinator: _____

	General Items In Compliance			nce?
Health	and Safety Plan Requirements	Yes	No	NA
1	Approved health and safety plan (HASP) on site or available			
2	Names of on-site personnel recorded in field logbook or daily log			
3	HASP compliance agreement form signed by all on-site personnel			
4	Material Safety Data Sheets on site or available			
5	Designated site safety coordinator physically present on jobsite			
6	Daily tailgate safety meetings conducted and documented on Form HST-2			
7	Documentation available proving compliance with HASP requirements for medical examinations, fit testing, and training (including subcontractors)			
8	HASP onsite matches scope of work being conducted			
9	Emergency evacuation plan in place and hospital located			
10	Exclusion, decontamination, and support zones delineated and enforced			
11	HASP attachments present onsite (VPP sheet, audit checklist, AHA, etc.)			
12	Illness and injury prevention program reports completed (California only)			
Emerg	ency Planning			
13	Emergency telephone numbers posted			
14	Emergency route to hospital posted			
15	Local emergency providers notified of site activities			
16	Adequate safety equipment inventory available			
17	First aid provider and supplies available			
18	Eyewash solution available when corrosive chemicals are present			
Air Mo	nitoring			
19	Monitoring equipment specified in HASP available and in working order			
20	Monitoring equipment calibrated and calibration records available			
21	Personnel know how to operate monitoring equipment and equipment manuals available on site			
22	Environmental and personnel monitoring performed as specified in HASP			

Safety Items			In Compliance?		
Pers	onal Protection	Yes	No	NA	
23	Splash suit, if required				
24	Chemical protective clothing, if required				
25	Safety glasses or goggles (always required)				
26	Gloves, if required				
27	Overboots, if required				
28	Hard hat (always required)				
29	High visibility vest, if required				
30	Hearing protection, if required				
31	1 Full-face respirator, if required				
Instru	umentation				
32	Combustible gas meter and calibration notes				
33	Oxygen meter and calibration notes				
34	Organic vapor analyzer and calibration notes				
Supplies					
35	Decontamination equipment and supplies				
35	Fire extinguishers				
37	37 Spill cleanup supplies				
Corre	ective Action Taken During Audit:				
Note	NA = Not applicable				

Auditor's Signature

Site Safety Coordinator's Signature

Date



Tetra Tech, Inc.

Site Documentation and Oversight Near Drill Rigs

Task Description

This Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) applies to the task listed above. It has been developed and approved by the Director of Health and Safety for Tetra Tech, Inc. The AHA contains potential hazards posed by each major step in this task, lists procedures to control hazards, and presents required equipment (including safety equipment), inspections, and training. The hazard controls listed below are specific to this task.

Hazards		Actions		
Task Steps Observe Near Drill Rigs	Potential Hazards NOISE HAZARD SLIP/TRIP/FALL STRUCK BY DRILL RIG EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE LACERATION	 Critical Safety Procedures and Controls Wear hearing protection Visually inspect the area for slippery spots or debris and correct if found Ensure a utility locate has been conducted and that borings are a sufficient distances from marked utilities Ensure drill rig is not operating beneath overhead power lines or other utilities. Do not stand beneath overhead utilities when drill rig is operating. Wear steel-toed, non-skid boots in accordance with Tetra Tech policy Ensure all debris has been removed from the path of travel Wear hard hat and reflective safety vest Be aware of truck/equipment traffic on the property or site Stay within drill rig operator's field of vision whenever possible Discuss hand signals with equipment operator(s) before commencing work Make eye or verbal contact with equipment operators before walking around moving or potentially moving equipment Wear safety glasses and nitrile gloves Have a first aid kit available for small cuts Have map showing route to hospital in vehicle 		
Equipment to be Used Level D PPE (steel-toed	Inspection Requirements None	Training Requirements Personal Protective Equipment		
 boots, safety glasses, nitrile gloves, hard hat, reflective safety vest) First aid kit & eye wash 		 Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (40-hour and current 8-hour update) CPR/First Aid (one employee on-site must have current CPR/First Aid training) 		

Tetra Tech, Inc.

ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSIS (AHA)

Tetra Tech EM Inc.

Groundwater Sampling

Task Description

This Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) applies to collection of grab groundwater samples. It has been developed and approved by the Director of Health and Safety for Tetra Tech EMI. The AHA contains potential hazards posed by each major step in this task, lists procedures to control hazards, and presents required safety equipment, inspections, and training.

Hazards		Actions	
Task Steps	Potential Hazards	Critical Safety Procedures and Controls	
Set up equipment at piezometer or well	SLIP/TRIP/FALL	 Visually inspect the area for slippery spots or debris and correct if found Wear steel-toed, non-skid boots in accordance with Tetra Tech EMI policy 	
	BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	Use proper lifting techniques (lift with legs not back)	
Measure depth to water	EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE	 Use PID or FID as indicated in the site-specific APP/HASP to monitor well head and ambient air Wear safety glasses and nitrile gloves to protect against splash 	
Measure and insert tube into well	LACERATION	 Only use retractable safety blade to cut tubing Cut in a direction away from the face/body 	
Begin extracting water from well	EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE	 Use PID or FID as indicated in the site-specific APP/HASP to monitor well head and ambient air Wear safety glasses and nitrile gloves 	
Fill sample bottles with sample material, load coolers and IDW (if appropriate) into vehicle	LACERATION	 Handle all glass containers carefully Have a first aid kit on-site available for small cuts Dispose of all broken shards immediately 	
Store sample containers in coolers and load onto vehicles	SLIP/TRIP/FALL BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	 Ensure all debris has been removed from the path of travel Use proper lifting techniques, including obtaining help with heavy coolers 	
 Equipment to be Used Level D PPE (steel-toed boots, safety glasses, nitrile gloves) Reflective safety vest if in areas of vehicle traffic Retractable safety blade First Aid Kit PID or FID 	 Inspection Requirements None 	 <u>Training Requirements</u> Safe Lifting Procedures Personal Protective Equipment Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (40-hour and current 8-hour update) CPR/First Aid (one employee on-site must have current CPR/First Aid training) 	



Tetra Tech EM Inc.

Monitoring Well Groundwater Sampling - Bailing

Task Description

This Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) applies to the task listed above. It has been developed and approved by the Health and Safety Department for Tetra Tech EMI. The AHA contains potential hazards posed by each major step in this task, lists procedures to control hazards, and presents required equipment (including safety equipment), inspections, and training. The hazard controls listed below are specific to this task.

Hazards		Actions		
Task Steps	Potential Hazards	Critical Safety Procedures and Controls ¹		
	SLIPS, TRIPS, FALLS	 Don necessary Level D PPE, including safety-toe, non-skid boots, safety glasses, long pants, and nitrile (or similar) gloves Visually inspect the area for slippery spots or debris and correct if found 		
	BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	 Follow SWP 5-19, Safe Lifting Procedures when moving debris or other obstacles, unloading sampling equipment, and opening rusted well casing lids or stuck well caps 		
Review the sampling area and set up sampling equipment	BIOLOGICAL HAZARDS	 Follow SWP 5-17, Biohazards, when opening the well casings and well boxes specifically for stinging insects, poisonous animals, or irritant vegetation 		
	LACERATION	 Use leather work gloves to move open well boxes and rusty well casing lids 		
	HEAT/COLD-RELATED INJURY	 Follow SWPs 5-15, Heat Stress; 5-16, Cold Stress; and 5-26, Prevention of Sun Exposure Establish appropriate work-rest schedules, provide water and sports drinks, and cool rest areas in hot weather 		
Perform water level/well depth measurements	 Take necessary breaks and rest as needed Don necessary Level D PPE, including safety-toe, non-skid boots, safety glasses, long pants, and nitrile (or similar) gloves Open well cap away from face to avoid potential vapors and splash Use PID or FID to monitor well for vapors in well head and breathing zone. 			
	LACERATION	 Use retractable safety blade or scissors to cut bailer string Cut away from self or other personnel 		
Purge/bail well water	CHEMICAL EXPOSURE	 Don necessary Level D PPE, including safety-toe, non-skid boots, safety glasses, long pants, and nitrile (or similar) gloves Empty bailer using slow, controlled motions to limit splash up at purge container 		
Groundwater sample collection and container handling	CHEMICAL EXPOSURE	 Don necessary Level D PPE, including safety-toe, non-skid boots, safety glasses, long pants, and nitrile (or similar) gloves Fill sample containers slowly to avoid overflow of preserved containers 		
	LACERATION	 Handle glass sample containers carefully; dispose of any broken glass shards Have a first aid kit on-site available for small cuts 		
	HEAT/COLD STRESS	 Follow SWPs 5-15, Heat Stress; 5-16, Cold Stress; and 5-26, Prevention of Sun Exposure Establish appropriate work-rest schedules, provide water and sports drinks, and cool rest areas in hot weather 		

	BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	 Follow SWP 5-19, Safe Lifting Procedures when moving heavy sample coolers; obtain help as needed
 Equipment to be Used Level D PPE (steel toed boots, long pants, safety goggles, and nitrile gloves) PID/FID First Aid Kit Sunscreen Pesticide 	 Inspection Requirements Inspect all equipment prior to use Inspect the sampling area and remove any objects that could present a hazard 	 <u>Training Requirements</u> Safe Lifting Procedures Personal Protective Equipment Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (40-hour and current 8-hour update) CPR/First Aid (one employee on-site must have current CPR/First Aid training) [CA projects require Ergonomics, Heat Stress and Injury and Illness Prevention Plan training]



Tetra Tech EM Inc.

Sediment Sampling

Task Description

This Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) applies to collection of sediment samples. It has been developed and approved by the Director of Health and Safety for Tetra Tech EMI. The AHA contains potential hazards posed by each major step in this task, lists procedures to control hazards, and presents required safety equipment, inspections, and training.

Hazards		Actions		
Task Steps Set up equipment at	Potential Hazards	 Critical Safety Procedures and Controls Visually inspect the area for slippery spots or debris and correct if found Wear steel tead, non-akid basts in accordance with Totro Teab FMI policy. 		
	BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	 Use proper lifting techniques (lift with legs not back) 		
Submerge trowel at sampling location	BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	 Wear safety glasses and nitrile gloves Wear steel-toed, non-skid boots in accordance with Tetra Tech EMI policy 		
	EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE	Use proper lifting techniques (lift with legs not back)		
Extract sediment by removing submerged	BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	 Wear safety glasses and nitrile gloves Wear steel-toed, non-skid boots in accordance with Tetra Tech EMI policy. 		
trowel	EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE	 Use proper lifting techniques (lift with legs not back) 		
Fill sample bottles with	LACERATION	Handle all glass containers carefully		
coolers and IDW (if		Have a first aid kit on-site available for small cuts Dispass of all broken shards immediately.		
appropriate) into vehicle				
Store sample containers	SLIP/TRIP/FALL	Ensure all debris has been removed from the path of travel		
vehicles	BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	Use proper lifting techniques, including obtaining help with heavy coolers		

Equipment to be Used Level D PPE (steel-toed boots, safety glasses, nitrile gloves) Reflective safety vest if in areas of vehicle traffic First Aid Kit Disposable scoop	Inspection Requirements • None	 <u>Training Requirements</u> Safe Lifting Procedures Personal Protective Equipment Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (40-hour and current 8-hour update) CPR/First Aid (one employee on-site must have current CPR/First Aid training)
scoopDisposable trowel		



ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSIS (AHA)

Tetra Tech EM Inc.

Surface Water Sampling

Task Description

This Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) applies to collection of surface water samples. It has been developed and approved by the Director of Health and Safety for Tetra Tech EMI. The AHA contains potential hazards posed by each major step in this task, lists procedures to control hazards, and presents required safety equipment, inspections, and training.

Hazards		Actions	
Task Steps	Potential Hazards	Critical Safety Procedures and Controls	
Set up equipment at sampling location	SLIP/TRIP/FALL	 Visually inspect the area for slippery spots or debris and correct if found Wear steel-toed, non-skid boots in accordance with Tetra Tech EMI policy 	
	BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	Use proper lifting techniques (lift with legs not back)	
Extract Surface Water by submerging bottleware	EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE	Wear safety glasses and nitrile gloves	
Fill sample bottles with sample material, load	LACERATION	 Handle all glass containers carefully Have a first aid kit on-site available for small cuts 	
coolers and IDW (if appropriate) into vehicle		 Dispose of all broken shards immediately 	
Store sample	SLIP/TRIP/FALL	Ensure all debris has been removed from the path of travel	
and load onto vehicles	BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	Use proper lifting techniques, including obtaining help with heavy coolers	
 Equipment to be Used Level D PPE (steel-toed boots, safety glasses, nitrile gloves) Reflective safety vest if in areas of vehicle traffic First Aid Kit 	Inspection Requirements • None	 <u>Training Requirements</u> Safe Lifting Procedures Personal Protective Equipment Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (40-hour and current 8-hour update) CPR/First Aid (one employee on-site must have current CPR/First Aid training) 	



Fish Sampling with Electroshock Equipment

Task Description

This Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) applies to the collection of fish samples using electroshock equipment. The AHA contains potential hazards posed by each major step in this task, lists procedures to control hazards, and presents required safety equipment, inspections, and training.

Hazards	i	Actions			
Task Steps	Potential Hazards	Critical Safety Procedures and Controls			
Set up equipment at sampling location.	SLIP/TRIP/FALL	 Visually inspect the area for slippery spots or debris and correct if found. 			
	ELECTROCUTION	Wear knee high non-skid soled insulated boots on board and personal flotation devices (PED) on board			
	BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	 Use proper lifting techniques (lift with legs not back). 			
	EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE	Wear gloves and safety glasses when contacting water.			
Electrofishing from boats					
Deploy electroshocking equipment from boat:	SLIP/TRIP/FALL	• Wear knee high non-skid soled insulated boots, rubber gloves and			
 The two dip netters will stand in the boat a safe distance from the anodes. 	ELECTROCUTION	 personal flotation devices (PFD) on board. Turn to float on your back and keep feet elevated. Extend retrieval 			
Fish will be collected with long-		device to the person in the water. Pull person toward and into boat.			
handled (non-conductive) dip nets.	FALLING INTO WATER WHILE	Monitor person for shock. Proceed to the nearest dock/rally point.			
stunned fish that drift outside the		if needed.			
sample area.	EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE	Wear gloves and polarized safety glasses when contacting water.			
Backpack electrofishing (wadeable areas- backwaters, weedy areas)					
Proceed with backpack electrofishing:	SLIP/TRIP/FALL	Visually inspect the sample area as much as possible for slippery			
 A minimum two-person crew will perform the electrofishing using 	ELECTROCUTION	objects, submerged objects, or deep holes.			
backpack mounted equipment.		• Wear rubber chest waders with felt soles, elbow length rubber			
Where there is current, fishing will proceed downstream to upstream		gloves, polarized sunglasses, and a PFD.			
using a side-to-side or bank-to-bank					
sweeping technique to maximize area					
 One crew member will operate the 					
electrofishing unit and the other will					
collect the shocked fish with a long-					



Tetra Tech Inc.

Fish Sampling with Electroshock Equipment

Task Description

This Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) applies to the collection of fish samples using electroshock equipment. The AHA contains potential hazards posed by each major step in this task, lists procedures to control hazards, and presents required safety equipment, inspections, and training. Hazards Actions

Fish Sample Processing					
 Fish will be held in separate sample location live wells and brought to the field staging area for euthanizing and packaging for transport to Microbac. Packaged fish will be placed whole into coolers containing dry ice. Each cooler will be labeled with the sample name, date and time of collection, and the samplers initials. 	SLIP/TRIP/FALL ELECTROCUTION EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE BACK STRAIN/SPRAIN	 Wear knee high non-skid soled insulated boots on board and personal flotation devices (PFD) on board. Use proper lifting techniques (lift with legs not back) Wear nitrile gloves and safety glasses. Have a first aid kit on-site available for small cuts. Ensure all debris has been removed from the path of travel. Use proper lifting techniques, including obtaining help with heavy coolers. 			
 Equipment to be Used Level D PPE (non-skid boots/shoes, safety glasses, nitrile gloves) PFD Rubber Chest Waders, rubber gloves Knee high insulated boots Non-conducting handled dip nets Electroshock equipment Reflective safety vest if in areas of vehicle traffic First Aid Kit 	 Inspection Requirements Check all electroshock equipment daily before each use. 	 Training Requirements Safe Lifting Procedures Personal Protective Equipment Working with electroshock equipment- SOP Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (40-hour and current 8-hour update) CPR/First Aid (one employee on-site must have current CPR/First Aid training) Site-specific training as described in the HASP with respect to hazards presented in Table 4.2 (heat/cold stress, sun exposure, biohazards, noise, working over or near water, and chemical exposure). 			