

154336

FY92 SCHEDULE FOR PA&SI Training Course

SESSION	DATE	LOCATION	REGION
1	Week of 11/18	Dallas, TX	6
2	Week of 12/9	Boston, MA	1
3	January	New York, NY	2
4	January	Chicago, IL	5
5	April	Atlanta, GA	4
6	April	Kansas City, KS	7
7	June	Philadelphia, PA	3
8	June	Denver, CO	8
9	August	San Francisco, CA	9
10	August	Seattle, WA	10

AR100343

EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATMENT (MD-242)

Report accepted
as is. EPA will obtain additional material from
EPA toxicologist
L.P.L. 4/29/91

1. Page 3, last paragraph

The results of January 10, 1990 and February 28, 1990 samples are included.

2. Section 3.1

The operating municipal well fields are all within the Federalsburg city limits. Well #3 is 10,000 feet to the northeast, well #5 is 11,500 feet to the northeast and well #7 is 7600 feet to the northeast from the site. Only current criteria have been evaluated in this report. The new criteria will be utilized when they are in effect.

3. Section 3.6

The mean annual lake evaporation is readily determined by subtracting the net annual precipitation for the area (4.08") from the normal precipitation (44.83"). The resulting number, 40.75", is the mean annual lake precipitation. These values were obtained from the State Climatology Office.

4. Section 5.8.1

The concentrations units of the PAHs, as indicated in Figures 5 and 6, are expressed as "ion flux counts" which are measurements based upon RELATIVE concentrations of the compounds detected. The flux levels, from Figures 4 through 7, are presented as contours of the orders of magnitude differentiated by the flux. Following is the brief discussion of the techniques:

As volatiles (and small PAHs such as the naphthalenes) emanate from their source within the soil (or groundwater), the migration pathways of their vapors are affected by atmospheric and soil conditions present at the time. These conditions cause the concentrations of the vapors to fluctuate. The result of these conditions are to prevent ABSOLUTE measurements of contamination concentrations at any one time. The best that can be done here is to measure the relative concentrations of the compounds through a statistical approach (the time-weighted technique) by use of a collection devise.

AR100344

EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATMENT (MD-242)

A collecting device is placed on (or in) the ground. This device contains an absorbing unit which is capable of trapping different vapors that come into contact with the unit. After a specified period of time, the collecting device is removed, and the trapping absorbent unit is degassed in a vacuum. The degassed compounds are then identified -- usually with a mass spectrometer. The measurement is presented as the number of ions of a compound per unit time (a "flux rate").

From Figures 5 and 6, it can be seen that the background levels of the PAHs range from 0 to 15 ion counts. "High" levels, as expressed in the report (Section 5.8.1), and as seen on these two figures, are those areas having ion counts that are two to three orders of magnitude greater than background.

5. Section 5.8.5

There is a typographical error in the heading of this Section. The heading should read "Trichloroethene (TCE)".

6. Section 6.0

As of November, 1990, a remediation plan has been submitted, by the consultants of EMWT, which is currently under review by the MDE. The State will notify the EPA regarding future developments of the remediation operations.

This facility is a State RCRA lead site. It must be stressed that EMWT is under a court order to remediate the site, and that the MDE is acting as the court's representative to oversee that clean-up. Failure to comply to the court order is contempt of court and is punishable by a fine. Based on this evaluation, the site is recommended for a "No Further Remedial Action Planned" (NFRAP) status under CERCLA. However, should the status of the remediation efforts change and the PRP fail to continue their remediation under the agreement, the site will be re-evaluated under CERCLA.

AR100345

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston Street
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

MD. Dept. of Environment
HSWMA
2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

BOTTLE
NUMBER

AQ01109001 COLLECTOR Anthony Queen

SOURCE OF SAMPLE

Eastern Maryland Wast Treatment

(Include Address)

Clark's Conveyance Road, Frederick

Dorchester
County

SAMPLE TYPE: Community

Noncommunity

Domestic

STP Station

Observation Well

Mud

Stream

Tidal Waters

Industrial Effluent

Other (Specify)

Preservative Used

HCL 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled

1/25 Last known sampling date

Reason for submitting sample: Survey

Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination

Other (Specify)

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From:

To:

REMARKS:

PH 5.5 - Conduct 105 - Water temp 11°C
Depth to water 5.63 ft - Well depth 23.96 ft

1 2 3

4 5 6 7

8 9 10 11

12 13 14 15 16 17

18 19

TRANS
TYPE

COUNTY

PLANT NO.

SAMPLING
STATION

DATE COLLECTED

CARD
NO.

FIELD
pH

20 21 22

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

23 24

TOTAL

25 26

Time

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

<5

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

<1

Benzene

Chloromethane

<1

Trichloroethene

-

Toluene

Bromomethane

-

Dibromochloromethane

-

Ethylbenzene

Dichlorodifluoromethane

-

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

-

Total Xylenes

Vinyl chloride

-

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

-

Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons

Chloroethane

-

2-Chloroethylvinylether

<10

Tetrahydrofuran

Methylene chloride

-

Bromoform

<1

(2-Butanone MEK)

Trichlorofluoromethane

-

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane

-

Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)

1,1-Dichloroethene

-

Tetrachloroethene

-

Acrolein

1,1-Dichloroethane

-

Chlorobenzene

-

Acrylonitrile

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

-

Total Trihalomethanes

-

Carbon Disulfide

Chloroform

-

Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.

-

Vinyl Acetate

1,2-Dichloroethane

-

Acetone

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

-

2-Hexanone

Carbon Tetrachloride

-

Styrene

Bromodichloromethane

-

AR 100346

1,2-Dichloropropane

-

-

JAN 12 1990

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per million/billion)

DATE RECEIVED

DATE REPORTED JAN 17 1990

CHEMIST G. L. C. Martin

LAB. NO. 90-C74

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Labs Administration
201 W. Preston Street
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HSWMA
2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

DATE NUMBER

AQD1109003

COLLECTOR Anthony Queen

SOURCE OF SAMPLE

Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment Co.
Clark's Cunninghamhouse Pond, Federalsburg

Carroll County

(Include Address)

SAMPLE TYPE: Community Noncommunity Domestic STP Station

Observation Well MW3 Stream Tidal Waters Industrial Effluent

Other (Specify)

Preservative Used HCl 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled ✓ Last known sampling date

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination ✓ Other (Specify)

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From: To:

REMARKS: PH 5.86 - Conduct 150 - Water Temp 62.0
Depth to water 6.09 ft - 21.10 ft dep

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.	SAMPLING STATION						DATE COLLECTED						CARD NO.			

20	21	22	FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE		23	24	TOTAL	25	26	Time				
----	----	----	-----------------------------	--	----	----	-------	----	----	------	--	--	--	--

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

Chloromethane

✓
✓

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

≤1

Benzene

≤1

Bromomethane

✓

Trichloroethene

✓

Toluene

✓

Dichlorodifluoromethane

✓

Dibromochloromethane

✓

Ethylbenzene

✓

Vinyl chloride

✓

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

✓

Total Xylenes

≤2

Chloroethane

✓

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

✓

Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons

✓

Methylene chloride

✓

2-Chloroethylvinylether

✓

Tetrahydrofuran

N.D.

Trichlorofluoromethane

✓

(2-Butanone MEK)

✓

Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)

✓

1,1-Dichloroethene

✓

Bromoform

✓

Acrolein

✓

1,1-Dichloroethane

✓

1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane

✓

Acrylonitrile

✓

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

✓

Chlorobenzene

✓

Carbon Disulfide

✓

Chloroform

✓

Total Trihalomethanes

✓

Vinyl Acetate

✓

1,2-Dichloroethane

✓

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

✓

Acetone

✓

Carbon Tetrachloride

✓

Bromodichloromethane

✓

2-Hexanone

✓

1,2-Dichloropropane

✓

Styrene

✓

✓

Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.

AR100348

JAN 12 1990

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per million/billion)

DATE RECEIVED

DATE REPORTED JAN 17 1990

CHEMIST J. Corrigan

LAB. NO. 90-074

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Laboratories Administration
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2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

LE NUMBER AQ 0110004

COLLECTOR Anthony Queen

SOURCE OF SAMPLE

(Include Address)

Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment

County

Clark's Canningside Rd, Federalsburg

Community Noncommunity Domestic STP Station

Observation Well MWI Stream Tidal Waters Industrial Effluent

Other (Specify)

Preservative Used HCl 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled Yes Last known sampling date

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination Other (Specify)

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From: To:

From:

To:

REMARKS: DH 5/92 - Conduct 410 - Water tank 13^a

Total well depth 21.21 ~ Depth to water 5.29 ft

1	2	3
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	

4	5	6	7
PLANT NO.			

8	9	10	11
SAMPLING STATION			

12	13	14	15	16	17
DATE COLLECTED	01/10/80				

18	19
CARD NO.	

20	21	22
FIELD PM		

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

23	24
TOTAL	

25	26
Time	

Other Purgeables

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

<5

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

<1

Benzene

Bromomethane

<1

Toluene

Dichlorodifluoromethane

+

Ethylbenzene

Vinyl chloride

+

Total Xylenes

Chloroethane

+

Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons

Methylene chloride

+

Tetrahydrofuran

Trichlorofluoromethane

+

(2-Butanone MEK)

1,1-Dichloroethene

+

Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)

1,1-Dichloroethane

+

Acrolein

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

+

Acrylonitrile

Chloroform

+

Carbon Disulfide

1,2-Dichloroethane

+

Vinyl Acetate

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

+

Acetone

Carbon Tetrachloride

+

2-Hexanone

Bromodichloromethane

+

Styrene

1,2-Dichloropropane

+

isopropyl ether

<1

+

<2

9

+

+

+

+

+

+

+

+

+

+

+

+

2

ARI 00349

Results reported in micrograms per (parts per million/billion)

DATE RECEIVED JAN 12 1980

DATE REPORTED 1/12/80 CHEMIST J. C. Miller LAB. NO. 90-C-74

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
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 Baltimore, MD 21224

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

SAMPLE NUMBER AG01109006

COLLECTOR Anthony Queen

Dorchester
 County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE

(Include Address)

Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment Co.
Clark's Lanning House Rd. Federalsburg

SAMPLE TYPE: Community

Noncommunity

Domestic

STP Station

Observation Well M1N6

Stream

Tidal Waters

Industrial Effluent

Other (Specify)

Preservative Used HCl 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled Y Last known sampling date

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination Other (Specify) _____

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From:

From:

To:

REMARKS:

Site 5.27 - Conduct 305 - water, fixed 11°
depth to water 10.55 ft → Total well depth 17.16 ft

1	2	3
TRANS	COUNTY	

4	5	6	7
PLANT NO.			

8	9	10	11
SAMPLING	STATION		

12	13	14	15	16	17
DATE COLLECTED					

18	19
CARD	NO.

20	21	22
FIELD	pH	

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

23	24

TOTAL

25	26

Time

27	28

Other Purgeables

Chloromethane

<5

Benzene

26

Bromomethane

<1

Toluene

34

Dichlorodifluoromethane

Ethylbenzene

14

Vinyl chloride

Total Xylenes

50

Chloroethane

Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons

Methylene chloride

Tetrahydrofuran

Trichlorofluoromethane

(2-Butanone MEK)

1,1-Dichloroethene

Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)

1,1-Dichloroethane

Acrolein

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

Acrylonitrile

Chloroform

Carbon Disulfide

1,2-Dichloroethane

Vinyl Acetate

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

Acetone

Carbon Tetrachloride

2-Hexanone

Bromodichloromethane

Styrene

1,2-Dichloropropane

JAN 12 1993

Results reported in micrograms per l (parts per billion)

DATE REPORTED JAN 17 1993

CHEMIST

Corcoran LAB. NO. 90-C74

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

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HSMWA

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ORIGINAL

(Red)

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

SAMPLE NUMBER AQ 0110910

COLLECTOR Anthony Queen

DORCHESTER
County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment Co.

(Include Address) Clarks Canningshouse Rd Federalsburg

SAMPLE TYPE: Community Noncommunity Domestic STP Station

Observation Well MW9 Stream Tidal Waters Industrial Effluent

Other (Specify)

Preservative Used HCL 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled ✓ Last known sampling date

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination ✓ Other (Specify)

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From: _____ To: _____

From: _____ To: _____
REMARKS: DT 5.94 - Conductivity 183 Depth to water 52
water temp 10° - well depth 020.75 ft

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.	SAMPLING STATION						DATE COLLECTED						CARO NO.			

20	21	22	FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE		23	24	TOTAL		25	26	Time					
----	----	----	-----------------------------	--	----	----	-------	--	----	----	------	--	--	--	--	--

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

Chloromethane

<5

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

<1

Benzene

<1

Bromomethane

<1

Trichloroethene

Toluene

<1

Dichlorodifluoromethane

<1

Dibromochloromethane

Ethylbenzene

<1

Vinyl chloride

<1

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

Total Xylenes

<1

Chloroethane

<1

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons

<1

Methylene chloride

<1

2-Chloroethylvinylether

Tetrahydrofuran

<1

Trichlorofluoromethane

<1

Bromoform

(2-Butanone MEK)

<1

1,1-Dichloroethene

<1

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane

Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)

<1

1,1-Dichloroethane

<1

Tetrachloroethene

Acrolein

<1

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

<1

Chlorobenzene

Acrylonitrile

<1

Chloroform

<1

Total Trihalomethanes

Carbon Disulfide

<1

1,2-Dichloroethane

<1

Other Purgeable Organics:

Vinyl Acetate

<1

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

<1

Acetone

75

Carbon Tetrachloride

<1

2-Hexanone

N.D.

Bromodichloromethane

<1

Styrene

<1

1,2-Dichloropropane

<1

AR 100354

JAN 12 1990 Results reported in micrograms per (parts per million/billion)

DATE REPORTED

DATE RECEIVED

1/12/90 100354 90-624

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
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 HSWMA
 2500 Broening Highway
 Baltimore, MD 21224

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

LOT NUMBER AQ011090 12

COLLECTOR Anthony Queen

DORCHESTER
 County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment

(Include Address) Clarks Canneryhouse Rd. Federalburg

SAMPLE TYPE: Community _____ Noncommunity _____ Domestic _____ STP Station _____

Observation Well Stream Tidal Waters Industrial Effluent _____

Other (Specify) FFP-1 (Fire Protection Well)

Preservative Used HCl 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled _____ Last known sampling date _____

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____ Other (Specify) _____

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From: _____ To: _____

From:

To:

REMARKS: pH 6.32 - Conduct 698 - Water temp 15°
1 depth 7 ft elevation (-15.5 ft) - total depth 37.6 ft

1 2 3

4 5 6 7

8 9 10 11

12 13 14 15 16 17

18 19

TRANS
TYPE

COUNTY

PLANT NO.

SAMPLING
STATION

DATE COLLECTED

CARD
NO.

20 21 22

FIELD
24

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

23 24

TOTAL

25 26

Time

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

Chloromethane
 Bromomethane
 Dichlorodifluoromethane
 Vinyl chloride
 Chloroethane
 Methylene chloride
 Trichlorofluoromethane
 1,1-Dichloroethene
 1,1-Dichloroethane
 Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
 Chloroform
 1,2-Dichloroethane
 1,1,1-Trichloroethane
 Carbon Tetrachloride
 Bromodichloromethane
 1,2-Dichloropropane

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

Purgeable liquids

Trichloroethene

Benzene

Dibromochloromethane

Toluene

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

Ethylbenzene

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons

2-Chloroethylvinylether

Tetrahydrofuran

Bromoform

(2-Butanone MEK)

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane

Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)

Tetrachloroethene

Acrolein

Chlorobenzene

Acrylonitrile

Total Trihalomethanes

Carbon Disulfide

Other Purgeable Organics:

Vinyl Acetate

Acetone

2-Hexanone

Styrene

AR100356

Results reported in micrograms per (parts per billion)

DATE RECEIVED

JAN 12 1990

DATE REPORTED

JAN 24 1990

CHEMIST

LAB. NO. 90-C7

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Laboratories Administration
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MD. Dept. of Environment
HSWMA
2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

FILE NUMBER AQ 01 109013 COLLECTOR Anthony Queen DORCHESTER
County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment
(Include Address) Clark's Canninghouse Rd Federalsburg

SAMPLE TYPE: Community Noncommunity Domestic STP Station

Observation Well Stream Tidal Waters Industrial Effluent

Other (Specify) F P-2 (fire protection C10(1))

Preservative Used HCl 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled yes Last known sampling date _____

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination ✓ Other (Specify) _____

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From: _____ To: _____

From: _____ To: _____

REMARKS: P H 6.25 - Conduct 90 - Water temp 11°
Depth to water, 495 ft - total depth 77.50 ft

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.					SAMPLING STATION					DATE COLLECTED					CARD NO.		

20	21	22	23	24	TOTAL	25	26	Time
FIELD SH	FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE							

Volatile Halocarbons (EPA 601)

Chloromethane
Bromomethane
Dichlorodifluoromethane
Vinyl chloride
Chloroethane
Methylene chloride
Trichlorofluoromethane
1,1-Dichloroethene
1,1-Dichloroethane
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
Chloroform
1,2-Dichloroethane
1,1,1-Trichloroethane
Carbon Tetrachloride
Bromoacetonitrile
1,2-Dichloropropane

<5 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene
<1 Trichloroethene
Dibromochloromethane
1,1,2-Trichloroethane
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
2-Chloroethylvinylether
Bromoform
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
Tetrachloroethene
Chlorobenzene
Total Trihalomethanes
Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.

Other Purgeables

Benzene
Toluene
Ethylbenzene
Total Xylenes
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons
Tetrahydrofuran
(2-Butanone MEK)
Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)
Acrolein
Acrylonitrile
Carbon Disulfide
Vinyl Acetate
Acetone
2-Hexanone
Styrene

AR 100357

Results reported in micrograms per (parts per million/billion)

JAN 12 1990

DATE ASSISTED JAN 14 1990 CHEMIST 11/10/1990 TAB. NO. 1

GC
11/10/1990

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

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HSWMA
2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

Barcode AG011090.08 Date 10/10/2013
Number COLLECTOR Anthony Queen Location Dorchester

SOURCE OF SAMPLE Eastern Maryland Wast Treatment P_c
(Include Address) Clark, Maryland 20735

SAMPLE TYPE: Community Noncommunity Domestic STB Station

Stream **Tidal Waterbody** **Industrial Effluent**

Other (Specify) Supplies

Preservative Used HCl 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled Last known sampling date

Reason for submitting sample: Survey **Suspected Petroleum Contamination**

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____ **Other (Specify)** _____

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From: _____ To: _____

From: _____ **To:** _____

REMARKS: ~~Depth to water 5.45 ft~~ - ~~Conduct 105~~ - ~~Water temp 11°~~
~~Well depth 19.6 ft~~

1 TRANS TYPE	2 COUNTY	3	4 PLANT NO.	5 6 7	8 SAMPLING STATION	9 10 11	12 DATE COLLECTED	13 14 15 16 17	18 CARD NO.	19
--------------------	-------------	---	----------------	-------------	--------------------------	---------------	----------------------	----------------------------	-------------------	----

TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.	SAMPLING STATION	DATE COLLECTED	CARD NO.
20 21 22			23 24		25 26
FIELD PH	FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE			TOTAL	Time

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601) _____ Other Purgeables _____

Chloromethane	<u><5</u>	trans - 1,3-Dichloropropene	<u><1</u>	Benzene
Bromomethane	<u><1</u>	Trichloroethene	<u>+</u>	Toluene
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<u>+</u>	Dibromochloromethane	<u>+</u>	Ethylbenzene
Vinyl chloride	<u>+</u>	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<u>+</u>	Total Xylenes
Chloroethane	<u>+</u>	cis - 1,3-Dichloropropene	<u>↓</u>	Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons
Methylene chloride	<u>+</u>	2-Chloroethylvinylether	<u><10</u>	Tetrahydrofuran
Trichlorofluoromethane	<u>+</u>	Bromoform	<u><1</u>	(2-Butanone MEK)
1,1-Dichloroethene	<u>+</u>	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u>+</u>	Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)
1,1-Dichloroethane	<u>+</u>	Tetrachloroethene	<u>+</u>	Acrolein
trans - 1,2-Dichloroethene	<u>+</u>	Chlorobenzene	<u>↓</u>	Acrylonitrile
Chloroform	<u>+</u>	Total Trihalomethanes	<u>+</u>	Carbon Disulfide
1,2-Dichloroethane	<u>+</u>	Other Purgeable Organics:	<u>N.D.</u>	Vinyl Acetate
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<u>+</u>		<u>—</u>	Acetone
Carbon Tetrachloride	<u>+</u>		<u>—</u>	2-Hexanone
Bromodichloromethane	<u>+</u>		<u>—</u>	Styrene
1,2-Dichloropropane	<u>↓</u>		<u>—</u>	

Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.

AB100358

JAN 12 1990

Results reported in micrograms per λ parts per million/billion
M.M.

DATE RECEIVED _____ DATE REPORTED JAN 17 1999 CHEMIST Cormier LAB. NO. 1007

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Labs Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2333, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

LAB. NO. _____

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector A. S. Johnson

Name/Time/Date 1/15-12/27/99

Sample Source Eastern Administration

Treatment & Recovery

Sample ID No. HCR-A-79005

Preservative Used Methylated Tolu

Sample Alert 11210 MWI

Specify Program:

RCRA:

NPDES: _____

OTHER: _____

RECEIVED

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date **MAY 8 1990**

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date **GROUNDWATER AND SPECIAL**

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date **INVESTIGATOR**

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity:

Priority Pollutant Scan:

PCB/Pesticides:

Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence of

the following:

DL = 3.4 ppb as Naphtalene

GC Analysis indicates the presence of

the following PCB/Pesticides:

DL = 0.026 ppb as Lindane
DL = 1.4 ppb as PCB 1016

Detected

AR100359

Section Chief: _____

Date: 1-20-90 Verified By: JJ

Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

Lab No. Date Received

CD 2000 1-2 8

Do not write above this line.

Bottle

INDUSTRIAL DISCHARGE

Number:

10025905

Name: Treatment

Eastern Maryland Wastewater Treatment

Source of Sample:

Clark Engineering & F. Frerichs Co., Inc.

Sample
Types
(Circle):

Drinking Water
Landfill
Stream
Other

Community (Public Treated)
Non-Community (Pub. Untreated)
Private
Other

MAR 22 1990

Source (Rev 1990)

Emergency

Distribution (Treated)

Routine

GROUNDWATER AND SPECIAL

Recheck

INVESTIGATION DIVISION

Remarks:

Monitoring Well

County

Plant No.

NW01
Sampling Station

022790
Date Collected

Date & Time
are Required
for Valid Samples

11/15
Time

Iced

Acid HNO3

Field Data:

56
pH*

Chlorine
Residual

Free

Total

99
Specific Conductance

✓ ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS	✓ ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS
pH*	00403		Arsenic	01002	KVVV
Alkalinity (Total)	00410		Barium	01007	TPV
pH*, Ca CO ₃ , SAT.	70311		Cadmium	01027	TPV
Alkalinity, Ca CO ₃ , SAT.	74023		Chromium	01034	TPV
Hardness	00900		Lead	01051	KVVV
Ammonia-N	00608		Mercury	71900	KCPDS
Nitrate-Nitrate N	00630		Selenium	01147	
Nitrite N	00615		Silver	01077	
MBAS	38260				
Chloride	00940		Aluminum	01105	
Fluoride	00951		Calcium	00916	
Color*	00081		Copper	01042	KPP
Turbidity*	00076		Iron	01045	
Conductance*, SPEC	00095		Magnesium	00927	
Sulfate	00945		Manganese	01055	
Total Solids	00500		Nickel	01067	
Dissolved Solids	70300		Potassium	00937	
			Sodium	00929	11/15
			Zinc	01092	
				ARI 100360	

*Results reported in units, all others in milligrams per liter (ppm)

Date Received

DHMH 80-A 8/88

Date Reported

MAR 22 1990

Chemist

Asoka I. Katumuluwa

PROGRAM COPY

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

LAB. NO. _____

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector Baltimore City 11/11 (20730)
Name/Time/Date

Sample Source

Entire area of Superfund
Co. Parkside Co.

Sample ID No. A-5227904

Preservative Used TBE

Sample Alert WILL NOT

Specify Program:

RECEIVED

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____

GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION DIVISION

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity;

Priority Pollutant Scan;

PCB/Pesticides;

Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence of

the following:

No extractable priority pollutants detected
DL = 3.5 ppb as pentachloro

GC Analysis indicates the presence of

the following PCB/Pesticides:

No PCB or Pesticide detected
DL = 0.025 ppb as indane
DL = 1.4 ppb as PCP/OC16

Section Chief: _____

Date: 1-20-90 Verified By: LL

Authorized By: _____

AR100361

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

LAB. NO. _____

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector ANTHONY CHAPIN 7/12/1990
Name/Time/Date

Sample Source Erie, PA, River, Treated
Water Treatment Plant

Sample ID No. AR 02 279001

Preservative Used Toluene

Sample Alert MAP 1143

RECEIVED

Specify Program:

RCRA:

NPDES: _____

OTHER: _____

MAY 8 1990

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity;

Priority Pollutant Scan;

PCB/Pesticides;

Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence of

the following:

No extractable priority pollutant
detected.

DL = 3.4 ppb as naphthalene

GC Analysis indicates the presence of

the following PCB/Pesticides:

No PCB or Pesticides detected
DL = 0.025 ppb as Lindane

DL = 1.4 PPb as PCB 1016

Section Chief: C

Date: 5-8-90

Verified By: li

Authorized By:

ART 00363

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

LAB. NO. 100365

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector ANL, NY, UCN 9/10/1990
Name/Time/Date

Sample Source

Industrial, Maximum load
Treatment facility, quality?

Sample ID No. FG 02779002

Preservative Used

TCF

Sample Alert WHD MWL

Specify Program:

RECEIVED

MAY 8 1990

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

GROUNDWATER AND SPECIAL
INVESTIGATION DIVISION

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity;

Priority Pollutant Scan;

PCB/Pesticides;

Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence of
the following:

No detectable organic pollutants
DL = 0.025 ppb as Lindane
DL = 3.2 ppb as Methylalene

GC Analysis indicates the presence of
the following PCB/Pesticides:

No PCB or Pesticides detected.
DL = 0.025 ppb as Lindane
DL = 1.4 ppb as ~~PCB 1016~~

Section Chief:

Date: 5/8/90 Verified By:

Authorized By:

ART00365

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

LAB. NO. _____

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector Anthony C. Upon 2/11/81-27-90 Sample Source E&L, Inc. / Invert Tech, Inc.
Name/Time/Date

Sample ID No. AC 02279003 Preservative Used TPE

Sample Alert 11394 ALW.F

Specify Program:

RCRA:

NPDES: _____

OTHER: _____

RECEIVED

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

MAY 8 1990

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity:

Priority Pollutant Scan:

PCB/Pesticides:

Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence of

the following:

Unidentifiable minor LTR

DL = 3.0 ppb as Naphthalene

GC Analysis indicates the presence of

the following PCB/Pesticides:

No DCR or Decticides detected.

DL = 0.025 ppb as Lindane

DL = 1.4 ppb as DCR 1016

Section Chief: _____

Date: 4-20-91 Verified By: 41

Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehsen Joseph, Ph.D., Director

LAB. NO. _____

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector 1. Full - 09:05-10-27-90

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source

Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment

Sample ID No. F100079009

Preservative Used

TCE

Sample Alert 1.6% MWG

Specify Program:

RECEIVED

RCRA:

NPDES: _____

OTHER: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

MAY 8 1990

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION DIVISION

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity:

Priority Pollutant Scan:

PCB/Pesticides:

Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence of
the following:

GC Analysis indicates the presence of
the following PCB/Pesticides:

o,p'-DDT 0.12 ppb
Tetrahydro-TP — estimated 0.01
Dibenzofuran 0.10
isopropylbenzene 0.024
1,4-dichlorobutane 0.023
1,4-dichlorobenzene 0.011

Aro PCB or Pesticides 1-7, 101, 102
DL = 0.025 ppb as Lindane
DL = 1.4 ppb as DDT 1016

218 ppb total

120 ppb
Naphthalene

AR100369

Section Chief: _____

Verified By: SL

Authorized By: _____

**STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE**
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

Lab No. Date Received

2003.06.17-2 '05

Do not write above this line.

Bottle INDU: 1202289009
Number: 1202289009 Na

Name: Taylor Hunt

Data Category Code

County

Bottle Number: 100228009 Name: Treatment CDA Data Category Code 4
County: Oreaster
Source of Sample: Clark's Buxinghouse Rd. RECDT Date 10/10/00
Street: Town or City: Collection No.
(Include telephone Number)

Sample Types	Drinking Water Landfill Stream Private	Community (Public Treated) Non-Community (Pub. Untreated) Private	Source (Raw Water) Distribution (Treated)	Emergency Routine Background
			GROUNDWATER	

Remarks: Monitor use

<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	NW06	022890	Date & Time are Required for Valid Samples	0905	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Iced	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Acid	Type of Acid: <u>HNO3</u>
County	Plant No.	Sampling Station	Date Collected	Time				
Field Data:	• 58	<u>Chlorine</u> <u>Residual</u>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Total	650	Specific Conductance	
	pH*		Free					

*Results reported in units, all others in milligrams per liter (ppm)

Date Received

Date Reported MAR 22 1999

Chemist.

Asoka I. Katumuluwa

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

RECEIVED

(Red)

LAB. NO.

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector _____

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source

Eastern Moyer and West Treatment

Sample ID No. _____

EQM 289010

Preservative Used

ICE

Sample Alert _____

Site 1,000 MINT

Specify Program:

RCRA:

NPDES: _____

OTHER: _____

RECEIVED

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

MAY 8 1990

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

GROUNDWATER AND SPECIAL

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity:

Priority Pollutant Scan:

PCB/Pesticides:

Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence of

the following:

All seven polychlorinated biphenyls listed.
DL = 0.022 ppb as Lindane
DL = 3.5 ppb as m-chl-BHC

GC Analysis indicates the presence of

the following PCB/Pesticides:

All PCB's & Pesticides listed.
DL = 0.022 ppb as Lindane
DL = 1.4 ppb as DCB 10%

Section Chief: _____

Date: 5-8-90 Verified By: _____

Authorized By:

ART00372

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Labs Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehsen Joseph, Ph.D., Director

LAB. NO. _____

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector 1. Place 12/2 - 02/27/90

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source Entire Maryland wastewater treatment plant

Sample ID No. DPH 079007

Preservative Used ICE

Sample Alert 1.00 MW8

Specify Program:

RCRA:

NPDES: _____

OTHER: _____

RECEIVED

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date
MAY 8 1990

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date
GROUNDWATER AND SPECIES

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity:

Priority Pollutant Scan:

PCB/Pesticides:

Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence of

the following:

DL = 3.5 ppb as Dieldrin
DL = 3.5 ppb as Heptachlor

GC Analysis indicates the presence of

the following PCB/Pesticides:

No PCB or Pesticides detected.
DL = 0.026 ppb as Lindane
DL = 1.4 ppb as PCB 1016

Section Chief: 12

Date: 4-20-90

Verified By: 11

Authorized By: _____

AR100375

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston Street
J. Mensen Jasean, Ph.D., Director

HSWMA
2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

BOTTLE # HR0228907 COLLECTOR Anthony Queen

SOURCE OF SAMPLE Elkton Maryland Wool Treatment Co.
(Include Address) Clark Cannery House Rd. Federalsburg

SAMPLE TYPE: Community Noncommunity Domestic STP Station
Observation Well Stream Tidal Waters Industrial Effluent
Other (Specify) RFC

Preservative Used HCl 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled no Last known sampling date 01-11-90

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination "H" 1 1990

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination Other (Specify) GROUNDS

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From: _____ To: _____ INVESTIGATION AND SPECIAL

From: _____ To: _____ INVESTIGATION DIVISION

REMARKS: PH 5.91 - Conduct 103 - Water temp 10°C

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>MILW 10 18</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>																
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.	SAMPLING STATION					DATE COLLECTED					CARD NO.					

20	21	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

23	24
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

TOTAL

25	26
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Time

1 K 15 TC

gasole Halocarbons (EPA 8240)

Chloromethane

LS

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

<1

Benzene

Bromomethane

LS

Toluene

Dichlorodifluoromethane

+

Ethylbenzene

Vinyl chloride

+

Total Xylenes

Chloroethane

+

Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons

Methylene chloride

+

Tetrahydrofuran

Trichlorofluoromethane

+

(2-Eutanone MEK)

1,1-Dichloroethene

+

Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)

1,1-Dichloroethane

+

Acetone

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

+

Acrylonitrile

Chloroform

+

Carbon Disulfide

1,2-Dichloroethane

+

Vinyl Acetate

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

450

Acetone

Carbon Tetrachloride

LS

2-Hexanone

Bromodichloromethane

+

Styrene

1,2-Dichloropropane

0.1

AR100377

Other Purgeable Organics:

TDS

11. TRIMETHANE

13.6 - TRIOKOCANFZ-

9.

208

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Labs Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

LAB. NO. _____

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector 12/11/00 143 - 257-90

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source Eutisn Mary 1-1-1-Wes

Est. date 12/11/00 257-90

Sample ID No. A702579008

Name/Time/Date

Preservative Used TCE

Sample Alert 100% MW10

Specify Program:

RCRA:

NPDES: _____

OTHER: _____

RECEIVED

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

MAY 8 1990

From: _____ Name/Time/Date	To: _____ Name/Time/Date
From: _____ Name/Time/Date	To: _____ Name/Time/Date
From: _____ Name/Time/Date	To: _____ Name/Time/Date

**GROUNDWATER
INVESTIGATION DIVISION**

Name/Time/Date

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity;

Priority Pollutant Scan;

PCB/Pesticides;

Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence of

the following:

GC Analysis indicates the presence of

the following PCB/Pesticides:

DL = 3.3 DDD as Naphthalene

No PCB or Pesticides detected.
DL = 0.025 DDD as Lindane
DL = 1.4 DDD as PFR 1015

Section Chief: _____

Date: 12/11/00 Verified By: _____

Authorized By: _____

AR100381

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Laboratories Administration

201 W. Preston Street

J. Mensen Josenh, Ph.D., Director

HSWMA

2500 Broening Highway

Baltimore, MD 21224

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSISEOTLE
NUMBER

AQ02289008

COLLECTOR Anthony Queen

Dorchester
County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE

(Include Address)

SAMPLE TYPE:

Community

Noncommunity

Domestic

STP Station

Observation Well

Stream

Tidal Waters

Industrial Effluent

Other (Specify)

Preservative Used HCl 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled

Last known sampling date

1-11-90

MAY 1 1000

Reason for submitting sample: Survey

Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination

Other (Specify)

INVESTIGATION DIVISION

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From:

To:

From:

To:

REMARKS:

1	2	3
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.

4	5	6	7	
SAMPLING STATION	8	9	10	11

12	13	14	15	16	17
DATE COLLECTED	OK12181910				

18	19
CARD NO.	

20	21	22
FIELD PH		

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

23	24
TOTAL	

25	26
Time	1610

Other Purgeables

Chloromethane

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

Benzene

Bromomethane

Trichloroethene

Toluene

Dichlorodifluoromethane

Dibromochloromethane

Ethylbenzene

Vinyl chloride

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

Total Xylenes

Chloroethane

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons

Methylene chloride

2-Chloroethylvinylether

Tetrahydrofuran

Trichlorofluoromethane

Bromoform

(2-Butanone) MEQ

1,1-Dichloroethene

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane

Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)

1,1-Dichloroethane

Tetrachloroethene

Acrolein

trans-1,2-Dichloroethene

Chlorobenzene

Acrylonitrile

Chloroform

Total Trihalomethanes

Carbon Disulfide

1,2-Dichloroethane

Other Purgeable Organics:

Vinyl Acetate

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

Acetone

Carbon Tetrachloride

2-Hexanone

Bromodichloromethane

Styrene

1,2-Dichloropropane

AR100383

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

LAB. NO. _____

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector D. J. ... 1515-02-2890

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source Eastern Maryland

Sample ID No. A202890/2

Preservative Used ice

Sample Alert well FPI (fire initiation)

Specify Program:

RCRA:

NPDES: _____

OTHER: _____

RECEIVED

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity:

Priority Pollutant Scan:

PCB/Pesticides:

Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence of

the following:

1,4-dinitrobenzene 0.0000
2-methyl-3-naphthalene 0.0045
2-nitrobenzene 0.0000
benzene 0.015
benzene 2-thiophene 0.0073
benzidine 2-iodene 0.033

GC Analysis indicates the presence of

the following PCB/Pesticides:

No PCB or Pesticides detected
DL = 0.024 ppb as Lindane
DL = 1.4 ppb as PCB 1016

215.5 ppb Total

150ppb
Naphthalene
AR/00384

Section Chief: 2

Verified By: L Authorized By: _____

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston Street
J. Menken Joseph, Ph.D., Director

**TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS**

HSWMA
2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

BOTTLE NUMBER	AQD2289014	COLLECTOR	Anthony Queen	Dorchester County
SOURCE OF SAMPLE (Include Address)	Eastern Maryland wood Treatment Co., Clarks Canning House, Inc., Federalsburg, MD			
SAMPLE TYPE:	Community	Noncommunity	Domestic	STP Station
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Observation Well	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Stream	Tidal Waters	Industrial Effluent
Other (Specify)	<i>RH M-174</i>			
Preservative Used	HCl 1:1 and ice			
IMPORTANT: First time sampled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Last known sampling date	1-11-90 MAY 1990	
Reason for submitting sample:	Survey			
Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Suspected Petroleum Contamination	GROUNDWATER AND SPECIAL INVESTIGATION DIVISION	
CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From:				
From:	To:			
REMARKS:	PH 5.44 - Conduct 158 - Water Temp 17°C			

1 TRANS TYPE	2 COUNTY	3 PLANT NO.	4 5 6 7 FP1012	8 9 10 11 SAMPLING STATION	12 13 14 15 16 17 012518910 DATE COLLECTED	18 19 CARO NO.
20 21 22 FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE	23 24 TOTAL	25 26 Time 1101510				

Reactive Halocarbons (EPA 0740)

Chloromethane	<u>15.</u>	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u>1.</u>	Benzene
Bromomethane	<u>21.</u>	Trichloroethene	<u>+</u>	Toluene
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<u> </u>	Dibromochloromethane	<u> </u>	Ethylbenzene
Vinyl chloride	<u> </u>	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<u> </u>	Total Xylenes
Chloroethane	<u> </u>	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u> </u>	Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons
Methylene chloride	<u> </u>	2-Chloroethylvinylether	<u>10.</u>	Tetrahydrofuran
Trichlorofluoromethane	<u> </u>	Bromoform	<u>41</u>	(2-Butanone MEK)
1,1-Dichloroethene	<u> </u>	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u> </u>	Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)
1,1-Dichloroethane	<u> </u>	Tetrachloroethene	<u> </u>	Acetoin
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<u> </u>	Chlorobenzene	<u> </u>	Acrylonitrile
Chloroform	<u> </u>	Total Trihalomethanes	<u> </u>	Carbon Disulfide
1,2-Dichloroethane	<u> </u>	<u>Other Purgeable Organics:</u>		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Vinyl Acetate
Caron Tetrachloride	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Acetone
Bromodichloromethane	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2-Hexanone
1,2-Dibromoethane	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Styrene

~~ARI00389~~

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston St.
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203
J. Mehsen Joseph, Ph.D., Director

LAB. NO. 100390

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority 1

Collector 1. D. 1/20-02-27-90

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source Fertilizer Manufacturing Co.

Sample ID No. A10039006

Preservative Used TCE

Sample Alert WATER MAIN (Supply)

Specify Program:

RCRA:

NPDES: _____

OTHER: _____

RECEIVED

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

MAY 8 1990

From: _____
Name/Time/Date _____

To: _____
Name/Time/Date _____

From: _____
Name/Time/Date _____

To: _____
Name/Time/Date _____

From: _____
Name/Time/Date _____

To: _____
Name/Time/Date _____

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity;

Priority Pollutant Scan;

PCB/Pesticides;

Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence of

the following:

GC Analysis indicates the presence of

the following PCB/Pesticides:

No detectable organic pollutants

No PCB or Pesticides detected

DL = 3.5 ppb as Mirex

DL = 0.025 ppb as Lindane

DL = 1.4 ppb as PCB 1016

Section Chief: 1

Date: 5-8-90

Verified By: 1

Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston Street
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

BOTTLE
NUMBER

COLLECTOR

SOURCE OF SAMPLE

R. Queen, Donalite,
Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment
Clark County House Rd.

County

(Include Address)

SAMPLE TYPE: Community Noncommunity Domestic STP Station

Observation Well Stream Tidal Waters Industrial Effluent

Other (Specify) Surface water sample

Preservative Used 10% - HCl RECEIVED

IMPORTANT: First time sampled Yes Last known sampling date

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination Other (Specify) MAY 1 1990

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From: To: GROUNDWATER AND SPECI

From: To: INVESTIGATION DIVISION

REMARKS: Surface water sample

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.					SAMPLING STATION				DA22890							CARD NO.
20	21	22					23	24										
FIELD PH											TOTAL				Time			

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 6240)

Chloromethane
Bromomethane
Dichlorodifluoromethane
Vinyl chloride
Chloroethane
Methylene chloride
Trichlorofluoromethane
1,1-Dichloroethene
1,1-Dichloroethane
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
Chloroform
1,2-Dichloroethane
1,1,1-Trichloroethane
Carbon Tetrachloride
Bromodichloromethane
1,2-Dichloropropane

45 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

41 Trichloroethene

41 Dibromochloromethane

41 1,1,2-Trichloroethane

41 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

41 2-Chloroethylvinylether

41 Bromoform

41 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane

41 Tetrachloroethene

41 Chlorobenzene

41 Total Trihalomethanes

Other Purgeable Organics:

49 TID'S

49 136 - TRICLOXANE

49 NAPHTHALENE

21 Benzene

21 Toluene

21 Ethylbenzene

21 Total Xylenes

21 Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons

21 Tetrahydrofuran

21 (2-Butanone MEK)

21 Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)

21 Acrolein

21 Acrylonitrile

21 Carbon Disulfide

21 Vinyl Acetate

21 Acetone

21 2-Hexanone

21 Styrene

Other Purgeables

21

21

21

21

21

21

21

21

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21

21

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21

MAR 01 1990

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion/billion)

DATE RECEIVED

DATE REPORTED Analyzed 3-20-90 CHEMIST C. Thomas LAB. NO. C430

DHMH 7-9



DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

2500 Broening Highway, Baltimore, Maryland 21224
Area Code 301 • 631-3440

William Donald Schaefer
Governor

Robert Perciasepe
Secretary

DEC 20 1990

Ms. Lynnette Elser
Maryland Project Officer
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region III (Code 3HW13)
841 Chestnut Building
Philadelphia, PA 19107

Dear Ms. Elser:

The purpose of this letter is to transmit addendums to the Screening Site Inspection Reports in response to Region III's comments for the following sites:

(MD-242)	Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment
(MD-259)	Louisa Lane Dump Site
(MD-331)	Reister Property

If you have any questions on these addendums, please call me or Mr. Eric Huang at (301) 631-3440. Please advise us of the finalized qualifiers after your review.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Mary-Linda Adams".

Mary-Linda Adams, Section Head
CERCLA/Pre-Remedial Division

MLA:eig

Enclosures

cc: Mr. Richard W. Collins
Mr. James Pittman

AR100393

ORIGINAL
(Rec)

A SCREENING SITE INSPECTION
OF
EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATMENT PLANT
FEDERALSBURG, MARYLAND
(MD-242)

FINAL REPORT
FEBRUARY, 1990

Prepared By: Maryland Department of the Environment
Hazardous and Solid Waste Management Administration
2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, Maryland 21224

Prepared For: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region III
841 Chestnut Building
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107

AR100394

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(Red)

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ORIGINAL
(Red)

SECTION

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A	Analytical Results of Monitoring Wells
B	Analytical Results of Soil and Sediments Samples
C	Analytical Results of Surface Water Samples

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 AUTHORIZATION

The Maryland Department of the Environment, Hazardous and Solid Waste Management Administration (MDE/HSWMA) performed this study under the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) contract No. MD88-0526-0408.

1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

The MDE/HSWMA was contracted to conduct a Screening Site Inspection (SSI) at the subject site. The purpose of this study is to present and discuss the contamination of the soil, surface water and groundwater detected through earlier sampling conducted on the site. This information will be used in evaluating the relative potential of the facility in causing health and safety problems or ecologic and environmental damages. If the site does not meet the criteria needed for a Listing Site Inspection (LSI), it will be evaluated for further assessment and continued clean-up under the State Superfund Program.

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1.3 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

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Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment (EMWT) came to the attention of the MDE in 1986, following a request from the EPA to examine all wood treatment facilities. The EPA made this decision based on past problems associated with such companies nation-wide. A Preliminary Assessment (PA) of EMWT was performed in April of 1987 which noted some operational discrepancies and the presence of stained soils throughout much of the facility. Subsequently, several site inspections were conducted during which suspicions were aroused regarding the possibility of the illegal burial of drums. The suspected contaminants were creosote, which is a suspected carcinogen, and copper chromate arsenate (CCA). These suspicions were supported by the testimony given to MDE investigators. On October 3, 1987, state police executed a search and seizure warrant. Utilizing a back-hoe, they uncovered the buried drums on the EMWT grounds on October 4.

Criminal and civil charges were brought against EMWT and the company's vice president, Richard J. Petti, which included conspiracy to violate Maryland laws on storing, treating, discharging and disposing of hazardous wastes. In addition, the company was charged in two separate felony counts with unlawfully burying 10 55-gallon drums. Each defendant waived the right to be charged by a grand jury indictment or be granted a preliminary hearing. The owners of the company agreed, on September 6, 1988,

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to pay a \$150,000 criminal fine (which is reduced to \$35,000 pending successful completion of parole), to pay a \$25,000 civil fine over a three-year period, to detail the extent of the contamination, and to cleanup the site. This remediation process will be initiated after the extent of the contamination is determined through phased studies.

Several studies have already been performed which include: an electro-magnetic (EM-31) survey, the installation of five more monitoring wells and subsequent water analyses, a soil gas survey, soil borings and sampling, sampling of the drainage ditch area, and surface water sampling. Two on-site surface water samples were analyzed and contained up to 135.76 ug/l total Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs). Over 100,000 ug/l total PAH's were detected in 17 of the 43 soil samples taken. Two surface water samples were collected off-site and analyzed for priority pollutants and total metals. The off-site samples were clean.

It is possible that a more detailed groundwater study will further indicate the existence of contamination in the local aquifers because one of the compounds used at this facility, CCA, is very soluble. The latest sampling of the on-site wells took place on January 10, 1990. Complete sampling results have not been submitted at the time of this report, but those that have been returned can be found in Appendix A. One well that was tested on 1/10/90, MW-6, is located near an underground fuel tank and

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demonstrates the presence of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylene. Only benzene (26 ppb) is above drinking water standards of 5 ppb. Other volatile organic compounds (VOC's) were not identified in MW-6.

The soil gas survey indicated the presence of combined halogenated hydrocarbons (TCA, TCE, Freon 113, and PCE), aromatics, naphthalenes, and groupings of alkanes, cycloalkanes, and alkenes.

Because EMWT is engaged in a State-supervised remediation of the site, it is recommended that a "No Further Remediation Action Planned" (NFRAP) under CERCLA occur. However, should the status of the remediation change, the site may be re-evaluated.

It is recommended that more groundwater testing be performed at this site because not enough information currently exists on the extent of groundwater contamination. Results from MW-6 (Appendix A) show the presence of gasoline-related contaminants. Although these contaminants are designated as "floaters", deeper wells may have to be drilled to lower aquifers to determine if contamination has reached these levels. These aquifers are exploited for potable water in this area.

A more detailed sediment sampling should be conducted east of the site. This would be in the direction of surface water runoff, towards Marshyhope Creek. This could determine if contamination

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is migrating off-site via surface runoff waters. Currently, only one off-site sample east of the facility has been collected. This sample was clean.

2.0 THE SITE

2.1 LOCATION

Eastern Maryland Wood Treating Company (P.O. Box 155, Federalsburg, MD, 21632) is located in northeastern Dorchester County approximately 1 1/2 miles southwest of Federalsburg in southern Caroline County (see Figure 1). To access the site from Baltimore, take I-97 south to U.S. 50 east and cross over the William Preston Lane Memorial Bridge (the Bay Bridge) to the Eastern Shore. Stay on U.S. 50, turning east on MD Hwy 331 in the town of Easton, and proceed to the intersection of MD Hwy 318. Turn left at this intersection and proceed to MD Hwy 313 (the Federalsburg Bypass). Head south for 1/2 mile on MD Hwy 313 before turning off onto MD Hwy 307 to the southwest. MD Hwy 307 will intersect with Clark Canning House Road. Turn left (east) on this road, cross the railroad tracks (approximately 450 feet after the turnoff) and turn right at the entrance just beyond the tracks. This trip will take about 2 1/2 hours.

Grid coordinates for the facility are 38° 40' 31" N latitude and 75° 48' 09" W longitude.

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2.2 SITE LAYOUT AND OPERATIONS

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The operation is situated on 25 acres that is within both open farm land and scrubby pine woods. There are four structures on the property which, from north to south, consist of: a boiler building, a combination office/wood treating building; housing for the kiln and; a storage area for wood chips to fuel the kiln (see Figure 1). There are large stacks of logs, both treated and untreated, lying across the entire extent of the property in a somewhat organized fashion.

The land does not drain well as evident during a site visit in January, 1990 (see Section 3.5 on Soils). Topographically, the property is 35 feet above sea level and exhibits slopes of 0-2%.

EMWT applies both creosote and copper chromate arsenate (CCA) solutions in wood treatment and employs the full cell and empty cell processes. Both of these processes involve the use of closed system pressurized treatment cylinders (retorts). After the charge of wood is placed in the cylinder, a vacuum is applied and the appropriate amount solution is pumped into the retorts. Next, the retort's interior is subjected to a high pressure for a desired length of time, forcing solution into the wood. Then, the unused solution is pumped from the retort back into the work tank. A final vacuum is pulled in order to remove excess solution which the wood fibers did not absorb.

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EMWT has three active retorts at their facility. Two of these are used for creosote impregnation while the third is used for the treatment of wood with CCA. Directly outside of all the retorts are tram tracks along which the wood is loaded and unloaded in the cylinders. On the unloading end of the retorts are the "cooling sheds" which are covered drip pads with concrete floors where excess solution from treated wood is allowed to drip. Sump pits are located at the base of each retort where the cooling shed begins. Any excess solution remaining in the retort after treatment, as well as drippage from the cooling wood is collected in these pits. Dirt and debris saturated with solution is also swept into the sump pits. CCA solution is water soluble and wasted CCA is hosed into the sump pit for collection. Creosote, on the other hand, is not so easily cleaned up as this substance tends to collect within the retorts until cleaning crews scrape it off the walls when deemed necessary by plant supervisors.

Before EMWT was allowed to operate, the Dorchester County Environmental Health Department required the installation of monitoring wells. Five monitoring wells were installed by Delmarva Drilling Company in August, 1983. Samples were taken by the State of Maryland in October, 1983, prior to the commencement of plant operations and analyzed for volatile organics and metals. These sample results, which showed no contamination, are found in Appendix A. The MDE has performed subsequent sampling since then.

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EMWT purchases creosote from several companies (which include

Koppers Company, Aristech Chemical Company, and Crowley Tar Products Company) approximately twice a week at 5000 gallons per load. The material is applied to the wood in the same concentration which it is received. The creosote is stored in four 15,000 gallon tanks which are located in the same building as the retorts. CCA is purchased from the Hickson Corporation once a month at about 3500 gallons per load. The CCA solution is purchased in a 50% active ingredient solution. The concentrated CCA is stored in a single 5000 gallon tank while the CCA to be used is diluted to a 2.5% solution, in a 5000 gallon mix tank, and stored in two 7000 gallon tanks.

Wood products treated at the EMWT facility are dried of their natural fluids on-site prior to treatment. From the company's inception until about November 1986, wood was dried by means of steam drying in the creosote treatment retorts. The use of moist heat produced a waste sludge which consisted of water, wood, sap and creosote that was left in the cylinder from the previous treatment. This material was then removed to an oil/water separator tank where the creosote was extracted and reused.

In November of 1986, EMWT replaced the steam drying process with a kiln drying one. This system uses kilns which are capable of heating to 1500° Fahrenheit and are fueled by wood chips. This system has proven to be faster, more economical and produces no

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liquid waste.

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Hazardous waste generated at EMWT consists of CCA and creosote which accumulates in the retorts, sumps, and on the drip pads. In addition, waste drippage had also been noted where the wood was stored. For several years, EMWT claimed that it had very little waste to report or ship (The total waste reported shipped from the site in 1986 was reported as 1600 pounds solid and 1100 gallons liquid). On several occasions, only one or two drums of waste would be found on the site by the inspectors. It was the accidental discovery of 18 drums of waste on the site along with the presence of discolored soil that led to the initiation of a police investigation.

2.3 OWNERSHIP HISTORY

The last transaction of the land parcel occurred on November 30, 1982, when the property was delivered to the Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment Company from George Petti (Liber P.L.C., No. 225, folio 286, Dorchester County records). The ownership history has been traced back to 1918, and it is believed that no industrial use of the land has occurred before 1961. The detailed ownership is as follows:

OWNER	DATE ACQUIRED	DOCUMENTATION	ORIGINAL (Red)
Joseph W. Long	not traced	not traced	
William H. Clark + wife	3/22/18	Report of Sales, No. 6290 Dorchester Co. Circuit Court	
County Trust Co.	4/15/39	Liber R.S.M., No. 39, f. 193	
Katie M. Clark	5/17/39	Liber R.S.M., No. 39, f. 319	
Naomi J. Harper	4/24/47	Liber R.S.M., No. 62, f. 329	
Katie M. Clark + Harold L. Clark	4/24/47	Liber R.S.M., No. 62, f. 331	
Boma Corporation	7/17/61	Liber P.L.C., No. 124, f. 243	
Delmarva Packing Co.	7/07/64	Liber P.L.C., No. 138, f. 687	
George Faulkner	7/12/71	Liber P.L.C., No. 170, f. 134	
George Petti	4/28/80	Liber P.L.C., No. 218, f. 372	
Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment Co.	11/30/82	Liber P.L.C., No. 225, f. 286	AR 00406

William Clark purchased a considerable amount of land from Joseph Long which included land in both Caroline and Dorchester^(Md) Counties. In 1939, much of this land was set aside for his daughter-in-law, Katie M. Clark, in the form of a trust which was awarded later that year.

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Katie M. Clark's transaction of the property with Naomi J. Harper was what is called a "Straw deed" which was commonly performed during that period to have the name(s) on ownership papers changed. In this case, her husband's name was added to her's as co-owner of the property.

In 1961, the widowed Mrs. Clark sold the land to the Boma Corporation which very little is known about at this time. It is thought that the Boma organization may have been involved in some form of foodstuff packaging operation because when this company sold the land to the Delmarva Packing Company in 1964, much of the equipment was also sold as part of the title transfer. The Delmarva Packing Company was involved in the packaging of food.

Delmarva Company sold one parcel of their property to George Faulkner in 1971 who founded the Williamsburg Canning Company on the land. A portion of the Faulkner property was in sold in 1980 to the founder of EMWT, George Petti, who would later transfer the title of the land to his company in 1982.

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2.4 SITE USE HISTORY

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Prior to the Boma Corporation purchasing the land in 1961, there is no evidence that the land was used for any kind of commercial enterprise with perhaps the exception of farming. It is not known how much of the property was utilized by the Boma Corporation or for what purposes. After 1961, there was light industry in the form of food processing which continued until 1971, when the large land holding of the Delmarva Company was subdivided with George Faulkner purchasing a tract to build the future Williamsburg Canning Company. Part of this tract was later sold to George Petti and consequently, EMWT. As far as it can be determined, only EMWT has actually operated an industry on the acreage it owns. Although other parties have owned that acreage, no industry had ever been developed on it.

2.5 PERMIT AND REGULATORY ACTION HISTORY

EMWT has been designated by the EPA as MDD981040207. In April of 1980, a state permit to construct a creosote impregnation facility on Clarks Canning House Road near Federalsburg, was granted to Railcon Materials, Inc., a company owned by the Petti family. This permit was applied for by the Petti organization with the understanding that specific company would open operations at the site. However, because of tax reasons, a new company, EMWT, was formed and this company took title to all of the permits

originally made out to Railcon. Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment Company, Inc., was incorporated on December 11, 1981, to operate a wood treating facility at the same address. Although the property was purchased on April 28, 1980, construction of the plant was not started until February 1983.

In 1986, EMWT applied for, and obtained, a permit (No. 09-6-0021-N) enabling the plant to construct kilns needed to dry the wood that was treated. Dry kilns did not generate waste water as the original "steam drying" practice did. The air permits needed to operate the kilns (09-0089-6-0016, 0017, and 0018) are currently up-to-date but will expire on April 30, 1990. EMWT never applied for or received a permit from any government agency authorizing it to treat, store or dispose of controlled hazardous substances.

Between May, 1984, and June, 1985, three inspections of EMWT were conducted by state representatives who met with the vice-president of the company, Richard Petti, and his plant production manager, John Holland. During each of these visits, both men were advised that a generator who accumulates hazardous waste for more than 90 days or up to 500 kilograms (approximately 2 1/2 drums) for 180 days from the date of the initial accumulation was considered to be an operator of a treatment, storage and disposal facility and subject to all regulations therein.

In November, 1985, EMWT had 11 drums of waste stored on the

property. Fearing an impending site visit from state officials, R. Petti ordered that the nine drums be hidden in the boiler room on the site. During the inspection (11/19/85), Holland informed the inspectors that only the two remaining drums of material had been generated since the last inspection.

In November of 1985, in order to comply with state regulations, EMWT was instructed to submit a Contingency Plan which outlined the procedures that would be taken in the event of an accidental release of hazardous material. Holland provided the State with this plan in March of 1986, and in it, both Holland and Petti were named as Emergency Coordinators. This plan stated that the coordinator on-site during an emergency was responsible for ensuring proper treating, storing and disposal of recovered waste and to record and report such incidents to the State.

On August 8, 1986, 3500 gallons of liquid creosote were being unloaded from a tanker truck. During this operation, a valve was accidentally left open which allowed approximately 1000 gallons to spill onto the ground and into an open drainage ditch. No effort was made to halt the flow of creosote into the ditch nor remove that which had filled it. Holland contacted Petti about the incident but no report was ever filed with the State. Holland also failed to record the details of the accident in an operating log, as required by law and in EMWT's Contingency Plan.

The State did not learn of this incident until an inspection was performed on September 3, 1987. During this inspection, 18 ^{ORIGINAL} ~~55-gal~~ gallon drums of contaminated soil, debris and cylinder sludge were seen at various points of the plant. The Maryland State Police were called and they initiated an investigation into the handling of hazardous waste at EMWT. A search warrant was obtained to search the property for buried drums of hazardous waste and, on October 4, 1987, 10 full 55-gallon drums of creosote waste sludge and 1 ton of creosote contaminated soil were exhumed. In addition, the contaminated soil that was later excavated from the drainage ditch area filled over 200 similar drums.

The creosote waste that was uncovered by the State Police was deliberately buried by EMWT personnel acting under orders from EMWT supervisors. The actual burial was supervised by Stephan Zinser, a wood treating supervisor, who answered directly only to Petti and Holland (MDE/ECU files, 1990). Once excavated by the Maryland Police, the creosote waste was properly transported off-site and disposed of.

2.6 REMEDIAL ACTION TO DATE

There has been no remedial action taken to date. The MDE Enforcement Division is currently conducting tests to determine the extent and severity of the contamination. These studies have included the installation and testing of monitoring wells, bore

hole sampling, soil gas studies, surface water sampling, ~~ORIGINAL~~
sampling of the drainage ditch where the creosote was allowed to ^(Red) collect.

2.7 PREVIOUS STUDIES

All of the laboratory results discussed in this section can be found in Appendices A, B and C.

The first study conducted at EMWT was the mandatory sampling in November, 1983, of the original five monitoring wells necessary to commence operations. The samples were free of contamination.

The next sampling event that occurred at EMWT was in September, 1987. The five monitoring wells, the company production well and two residential wells were sampled and subjected to a full scan analysis which included general inorganics, total metals, and volatile organics.

The analyses did not detect the presence of contamination of inorganic compounds or of total metals but did indicate that 1,1,1-trichloroethane (TCA), vinyl chloride, trans-1,2-dichloroethene (trans-DCE), methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK), trichloroethene (TCE), tetrachloroethene (PCE), acetone, and oxirane were present in the sample obtained from the sink. Most of these contaminants were not detected in later analyses. In addition, methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)

and tetrahydrofuran were detected in nearly all of the samples but these compounds are found in glues that were used for connecting PVC casing. In MW-5, 8 ppb TCA was detected. There is no information available suggesting the amount of TCA possible disposed of on-site.

In December of 1987, the MDE sampled the seven wells again. As before, the samples were subjected to a full scan analysis. The inorganic and total metal analyses failed to detect the presence of contamination but the organic volatile analyses indicated the presence of tetrahydrofuran and MEK.

The MDE began preparations for a full-site field study in August of 1988 to determine the extent of the contamination which was unearthed during the police investigation of October, 1987. This study would include the excavation and sampling of the drainage ditch where the large spill of 8/8/86 had occurred, installation of five new monitoring wells, boring of 20 holes and subsequent boring analysis, taking 18 soil samples, analysis of 5 sediment samples, and the analysis of 2 surface water samples (for sampling locations, see Figure 3).

The actual sampling occurred in September and October of 1989 and the results of this sampling event are found in Appendices A (monitoring well analyses), Appendix B (soil analyses) and Appendix C (surface water analyses). Appendix B shows that of 48 total soil

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samples analyzed, 17 had total PAHs values of greater than 100,000 ug/l. The surface water samples of SW-1 and SW-2 had total PAH values of 79.02 ug/l and 135.76 ug/l respectively.

Prior to the large sampling event of September/October 1989, an electro-magnetic conductivity survey was run in December of 1988. Utilizing an EM-31, the survey was conducted over most of the EMWT grounds to collect information on buried wastes and shallow contamination plumes. This survey was later augmented in February 1989, with a soil gas study which included the placement of 155 soil gas collectors over approximately 700,000 square feet. The technique used in the soil gas study was a time-weighed collector system which left the collectors in place for 30 days for increased accuracy. It should be noted here that soil gas studies only measure the relative amounts of contaminants, not the actual concentrations. The soil gas results are illustrated in Figures 4 through 7. The areas of greatest contamination are found in the vicinity of the treatment plant and the kiln building although most of the entire site shows some degree of contamination.

During this same period in December, two off-site sediment samples were taken. One of these samples was taken from Skinners Run, southwest of the facility, while the other was taken southeast of EMWT from an unnamed creek (see Figure 8). These samples were analyzed for total metals and priority pollutants and indicated no contamination (see Appendix B).

On January 10, 1990, water was collected from the 10 monitoring wells, 2 fire protection wells and the production well (see Appendix A). Complete results of this most recent sampling event are not available at the time of this report although benzene (26 ppb), toluene (34 ppb), ethylbenzene (14 ppb) and total xylenes (50 ppb) have been detected in MW-6 (see Appendix A). This well is situated near an underground fuel tank used to run the boilers.

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3.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

3.1 WATER SUPPLY

The city of Federalsburg has a municipal water system that services 4500 people (2200 inside the city limits and 2300 outside the city limits in Caroline County) from a well field consisting of three operating wells and two standby wells that are all approximately 300 feet deep. This field is within the three-mile radius of the Eastern Maryland Wood facility and there are no current plans to expand the system. The Federalsburg field draws approximately 143.6 million gallons per year from the Manokin aquifer. In addition, groundwater is used by approximately 2000 people on private wells in Dorchester County that live within the three-mile radius giving an estimated 6500 people dependent upon groundwater in this area.

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used for fishing. There are no authorized surface water intakes^{ORIGINAL}
on any of these bodies of water. ^(Red)

There are several unnamed streams within a three-mile radius of the site. These local streams are seemingly haphazard in occurrence and orientation suggesting that the underlying geology does not exert a prominent influence and that their presence is controlled strictly by topography. In the vicinity of EMWT, surface waters drain primarily to the east. There are no standing bodies of water within the three-mile radius.

3.3 GEOLOGY

Regionally, the area is part of the Atlantic Coastal Plain Province which was formed by the fluvial and marine deposition of an enormous volume of sediments eroded from the Appalachian Mountains and the Piedmont Province to the west. Aggradation of this material continued eastward and resulted in the formation of features such as alluvial fans, deltas, barrier islands systems and mud flats. Fossil evidence demonstrates that these processes have been active since at least the Early Cretaceous and probably the Late Jurassic. Triassic sediments are not known to exist in Dorchester or Caroline Counties (Rasmussen, et al., 1957). The region experienced several cycles of emergence and subsequent erosion, followed by inundation which filled the erosional gouges with marine clastics. The net result of these cycles were to

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The private water supply for this area is drawn from wells of which there are at least 672 drilled since 1969 (MDE files, 1989) (Red) There are no figures regarding the number of nearby wells prior to 1969 at this time. These wells range in depth from 26 to 560 feet and produce between 6 and 1000 gpm, averaging about 50 gpm.

The town of Hurlock, located over four miles southwest of EMWT, has its own municipal water supply. Hurlock draws its water from three wells located within its city limits.

The nearest domestic well is located approximately 1100 feet north of EMWT along Clark Canning House Road. There is no identification number on this well thereby no log can be found to provide depth and aquifer information. The current owner does not have this information. There is a well located on the site that is used as potable source (State identification no. DO-81-0484). This well is 50 feet deep and is screened in the Beaverdam Sand Formation (see Section 3.3 and Section 3.4).

3.2 SURFACE WATER

The nearest surface water is a small, unnamed stream that flows to the south, 2000 feet to the east of EMWT. This stream empties into Marshyhope Creek which in turn merges into the Nanticoke River, a major tributary of the Chesapeake Bay (see Figure 8). The unnamed stream is too small for boating but may be

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produce a monotonous "layer cake" structure of unconsolidated sediments sitting unconformably on undetermined basement rocks. (Red) ORIGINAL

The sediments were originally deposited upon basement crust which is thought to be approximately 3500 feet below sea level in the vicinity of EMWT. The sedimentary wedge thickens dramatically towards the southeast and reaches thicknesses of 8500 feet under the Atlantic coastline of Worcester County (Rasmussen, et al., 1957).

The local surface geology, within a three-mile radius of Eastern Maryland Wood (see Figure 9), consists of exposures of the Parsonsburg Sand (Upper Wisconsin), the Kent Island Formation (Middle Wisconsin or Upper Sangamon), The Beaverdam Sand (Pliocene), and the Pensauken Formation (Upper Miocene) (Owens and Denny, 1986). The site itself rests upon the Kent Island Formation (which ranges in thickness from 10-40 feet) which in turn rests atop of the Beaverdam Sand. These units consist primarily of unstable, poorly consolidated gravels, coarse-to-fine sands, silts, and clays and contain heavy mineral assemblages which demonstrate their Appalachian origins. Subsurface formations within this area (see Table 1) consist of the St. Mary's Formation (Miocene), Choptank Formation (Miocene), Calvert Formation (Miocene), Piney Point Formation (Eocene), Nanjemoy Formation (Eocene), Aquia Formation (?) (Wilcox) Brightseat Formation (Paleocene) and the Cretaceous units of the Monmouth, Matawan, Magothy, Raritan,

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Patapsco and Arundel Formations (Upper Cretaceous) and the Patuxent Formation (Lower Cretaceous). Many of these units are important ^{ORIGINAL}
^(Red) aquifers in the area as well as other parts of the state. Part of the structural relationship between some of these units can be seen in Figure 10.

3.4 HYDROGEOLOGY AND GROUNDWATER

In the vicinity of EMWT, there are approximately 12 geologic formations that have the ability or potential to produce potable water supplies (see Table 1). Naturally, the most exploited aquifers are shallow in depth (less than 300 feet) but water production is possible from stratigraphic units as deep as 3500 feet. The average depth of wells in the three-mile radius is estimated to be 80-100 feet (MDE files, 1990) making the geologic unit(s) near this interval the most important to study at this time. It should be mentioned that domestic well depths display an extreme variation in this area and have been found to be as shallow as 26 feet to as deep as 560 feet.

The local groundwater table in the immediate area of EMWT is found at depths of one-to-two feet below the ground surface (see Section 3.5 on Soils) with an assumed shallow subsurface flow direction to the east. This assumption is made because of the position of the facility on a crest of a slight hill and the position of a small unnamed stream also to the east (see Figure

8). The most shallow horizon known to be used as a water source is 26 feet deep although 80 feet is usually the average. Water at this depth is most likely to flow to the southeast as dictated by regional dip. No velocity estimates of either the shallow or deep groundwater flow are given at this time.

Because it not feasible at this stage of the investigation to determine which individual wells in the three-mile radius are producing from which formation, a generalized hydrologic summary is presented here. The vast majority of the wells within a three-mile radius of EMWT produce water from the following units; the Beaverdam Sand and the Pensauken Formations (collectively called the Columbia aquifer), the Chesapeake Group of Miocene age (which contains the Pocomoke, the Ocean City, the Manokin, the Frederica and the Cheswold aquifers, see Table 2), the Piney Point Formation of Eocene age, and possibly the Aquia Formation although the existence of the Aquia has not been demonstrated in this area (Rasmussen, et al., 1957). For purposes of brevity, aquifers below the Piney Point Formation (see Table 2) are omitted from this report because there is no evidence of wells completely penetrating the Piney Point in this area. In general, these aquifers are composed of fine-to-medium sands separated by lenses and stringers of clay which act as local barriers to fluid migration.

There are two regional aquitard units in this vicinity which are the ST. Mary's Formation and the Nanjemoy Formation although

there are sections within all of the aquifers which do not transmit water readily. The St. Mary's and Nanjemoy aquitards are composed of clays, silts, and fine sands which prevent the rapid passage of water, however water is still able to migrate through these units.

Hydraulic conductivity values for most of the aquifers in this region usually range from 10^{-3} to 10^{-5} cm/sec. Transmissivity and storage coefficient values for the producing units are scarce because most of the wells installed in this area are privately owned. Tests performed with the municipal wells in Federalsburg indicated transmissivity values of 100,000 gpd/ft and a storage coefficient of 0.15 for the Beaverdam Sand (Rasmussen, et al., 1957). General values for other formations are as follows:

Formation or Aquifer	Transmissivity (gpm/ft)	Storage Coef.	Specific Cap. (gpm/ft)
Parsonsburg	155,000	Not Known	Not Known
Pocomoke	1000-8000	0.0001-0.15	1-30
Ocean City	3000-7500	0.0003-0.001	NV
Manokin	950-20,000	0.0003-0.001	1-35
Frederica	6,000	0.003	3-11
Federalsburg	450-1400	0.0001-0.15	1-8
Cheswold	200-4000	0.0001-0.15	1-25
Piney Point	45,000	0.00009-0.00037	1-88

The town of Federalsburg draws its water supply from the

Manokin aquifer. This municipal system draws 143.6 million gpm/yr.
(1982)
(1982)

3.5 SOILS

There are three soil types in the vicinity of the Eastern Maryland Wood facility. These are the; 1) Woodstown soils; 2) the Fallsington soils and; 3) the Pocomoke soils (U.S.D.A. 1982).

The Woodstown soils are developed in marine or very old alluvial sediments consisting of sand with considerable amounts of silt and some clay. The first 10 inches is a grayish brown loam that covers a brown sandy loam which is friable in character (loam is defined as being composed of 7-27% clay, 28-50% silt, and less than 52% sand). The material grades into a mottled yellow brown and becomes coarser in nature until gravel appears. This soil usually has a seasonal high water table (1.5 to 2.5 feet beneath the surface between February through April) which will cause occasional ponding. In the area surrounding and within the site, the slope is between 0-2%. The plasticity index ranges from NP (not plastic) to 12%.

The Fallsington soils have developed in beds of loamy material which are supported by very sandy deposits of the coastal plain. They are characterized by being deep and poorly drained. In addition, the plasticity index is listed by the USDA (1982) as ranging between NP to 12%. The soil is described as a very dark

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grayish brown and gray sandy loam with a granular structure in the upper 10 inches. This grades into a structureless gray, sandy clay loam with distinct yellow-brown mottles. The high water table in this material is generally between December and May and is from 0 to 1.0 feet deep. This condition will cause ponding in low areas or areas that have undergone slight excavation.

Pokomoke soils are derived from loamy coastal plain sediments and are characteristically deep and poorly drained. The first 20 inches of the soil profile is a black and very dark gray-brown sandy loam which grows lighter in color with depth and becomes mottled in appearance. The soil does not possess a high plasticity index value (NP to 15%) but does possess a high water table during the months between December and May where the table stands at the surface or only 0.5 feet beneath it.

3.6 METEOROLOGY

Readings taken from the Salisbury measuring station over a 30 year period indicate that the normal precipitation is 44.83 inches for this area although rainfall was only 40.08 inches in 1988. The average temperature, over the same period, is 56.9° Fahrenheit. Net precipitation for the area in 1988 was 4.08 inches while the 1-year/24 hour rainfall is estimated to be 3.0 inches

3.7 LAND USE

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The area is predominately agricultural in character with light industry in and around the town of Federalsburg such as a cannery, another wood treating company, farm equipment repair shops, and service stations.

3.8 POPULATION

The population within a three-mile radius of the site is estimated to be 4200 persons based upon the 1980 census for both Dorchester and Caroline Counties. The majority of these persons, approximately 2200 people, live within the city limits of Federalsburg. Since groundwater is the only source of water for this entire area, including the population in Federalsburg, it is assumed that all 4200 people are at risk. The Federalsburg water system serves an additional 2300 people outside the three mile radius raising the maximum number of persons at risk to 6500 people through a groundwater release and 4200 people through an air release route. No air release is to be expected with this site.

3.9 SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENTS

Within a one-mile radius, there are an estimated 700 acres of environmentally sensitive land occurring in patches larger than 5 acres. The majority of these lands are classified as palustrine

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(marsh lands) which occasionally are flooded and are dominated by conifers with only a small population of deciduous trees (USDI, 1982). The facility is situated in the center of several such ecosystems one of which forms the southern boundary of EMWT. Within the same one-mile radius, there are also fluvial or "riverine" areas designated as sensitive which are adjacent to Marshyhope Creek.

The entire state of Maryland is designated a habitat for the peregrine falcon, the bald eagle, the Indiana bat, the eastern cougar, and the Maryland darter fish by the Fish and Wildlife Service. These animals are included on the U.S. Department of the Interior endangered species list.

4.0 WASTE TYPE AND QUANTITY

On August 8, 1986, a creosote spill occurred on-site. The quantity of the spilled creosote was estimated to be 1000 gallons. There was no ensuing clean-up activities to remove this material other than burial. Testimony received by the Environmental Crimes Unit (ECU) indicated that the material was covered by simply shovelling soil over the spill. The creosote remained in the soil and posed a long-term threat to the groundwater and to the surface water. In addition, excavation activities on October 4, 1987, uncovered 10 full 55-gallon drums of creosote waste sludge (see Section 2.5).

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Sampling in September 1987, from the on-site monitoring wells showed 8 ppb of TCA in MW-5 (see Section 2.7). Several other chemicals (vinyl chloride, trans-DCE, TCE, PCE, MIBK, acetone and oxirane) were also detected in the sample collected from a sink located on the property. Surface waters analyzed in October of 1989, detected up to 135 ug/l of total PAHs.

The sampling event that occurred on January 10, 1990, detected 26 ppb benzene, 34 ppb toluene, 14 ppb ethylbenzene and 50 ppb total xylenes in MW-6. The complete results from this event are still not in.

5.0 TOXICOLOGICAL EVALUATION

5.1 INTRODUCTION

A site investigation was performed by MDE/HSWMA at the Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment facility in the fall of 1989. During the site investigation, notable concentrations of both inorganic and organic parameters were discovered at the site. Samples for the site investigation were by the Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene's Laboratory (MD-DHMH Lab). Though the results are not Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) data, the MD-DHMH Lab has provided reliable analyses.

Soil samples were obtained from September 25, 1989 to AR 100426

September 29, 1989 and from October 2, 1989 to October 3, 1989^{09/29/89}^(See Appendix B). The 43 soil samples were analyzed for semi-volatiles (BNAs), phenols (total), total chromium, total copper, total arsenic and total moisture (see Appendix B). In addition, surface water samples obtained on October 4, 1989, from two locations (SW-1 and SW-2) were analyzed for phenols (total) and semi-volatiles (BNAs) (see Appendix C).

Soil samples taken on-site revealed high concentrations of semi-volatiles (locations SS-8, SS-14, SS-10, B-19, B-12, B-10, B-3, DS-1, DS-2, DS-3, DS-5, SS-7, SS-11, SS-12, and SS-13) including naphthalene, acenaphthylene, fluorene, phenanthrene, fluoranthene, pyrene, chrysene, and dibenz (A,H) anthracene. In addition, elevated concentrations of arsenic, chromium and copper were found in these soil samples.

Surface water samples (locations SW-1 and SW-2) revealed high concentrations of semi-volatiles including carbazole, chrysene acenaphthalene, acenaphthylene, and pyrene. These compounds are known as Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) and are considered a hazardous waste and a priority toxic pollutant by the U.S. EPA. Concentrations for any PAH compound or total PAH's should not exceed 0.2 ug/l (see Section 4.8.1. and Appendix C). Some of the contaminants found (eg. chromium) are persistent in the environment and toxic to aquatic life and may bioaccumulate in the food chain.

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5.2 POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL AND HUMAN EXPOSURE PATHWAYS

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Potential environmental pathways include those related to human exposure to contaminated soil, surface water, air and the food chain. The potential of human exposure includes the direct contact or inhalation of contaminated soils by workers. The facility is completely open and there is minimal security. Therefore, the threat of exposure to children or other persons in the vicinity of the site is maximized. There is a potential for equipment and workmen working on-site to pick up contaminated soil on tires and boots, further spreading the contaminated soil. A possibility exists for surface water to pick up contaminants and transport them off-site.

Considering the site's proximity to Marshyhope Creek, which eventually flows into the Chesapeake Bay (approximately 40 miles away), some possibility exists that contaminants deposited on and in the vicinity of the site could contaminate near surface soils and impact the surface water and groundwater. The contaminants found on-site could possibly degrade the water quality for aquatic life in the Chesapeake Bay system. In addition, contaminated groundwater could have an impact on nearby surface water, which may bioaccumulate in the food chain. A remote threat exists for people consuming seafood from both the tributaries and rivers receiving run-off from the site.

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5.3 DEMOGRAPHICS

The facility is located on the northeastern border of Dorchester County approximately 1 mile southwest of Federalsburg in southern Caroline County. EMWT is found in a predominately agricultural area. However, there is a small amount of industry in and around the town of Federalsburg which has a municipal water system that services 4,500 residents from three operating wells and two standby wells. The rest of the water supply for this area is drawn from private wells. The nearest surface water is a small unnamed stream that flows to the south, 2,000 feet to the east of EMWT. This stream flows into Marshyhope Creek which empties into the Nanticoke River, a major tributary of the Chesapeake Bay.

5.4 SURFACE WATER AND GROUNDWATER

No surface water intakes exist within a three (3) mile radius of the facility. Marshyhope Creek and the Nanticoke River are used for recreational purposes. Water that does not evaporate, or enter storm drainage lines, will eventually enter Marshyhope and flow into the Nanticoke River. The surface water pathways of runoff in the site are generally to the southeast.

5.5 RESIDENTIAL WELLS

According to information obtained from the MDE Division of Water Resources, there are no residential wells in the vicinity of the facility.

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Residential Sanitation, the entire population within a three (3) mile radius of the site is on well water. Including the population in Federalsburg, it is believed that 4200 people are at risk. The Federalsburg water system serves an additional 2300 people outside the three-mile radius increasing the total number of persons at risk to 6500 people.

5.6 SOIL CONTAMINATION

Soil samples were taken in order to evaluate the extent of contamination. Elevated concentrations of chromium, arsenic, and copper were found. In addition, high concentrations of semi-volatiles (BNAs) were revealed including naphthalene, acenaphthalene, fluorene, phenanthrene, fluoranthene, pyrene, chrysene, and dibenz (A,H) anthracene. Most contaminants found appear to be related to the wood treating processes at the facility.

The facility is only 200 feet away from a small stream which eventually flows into the Chesapeake Bay, 40 miles away. The chromium found on-site could conceivably leach into the stream, possibly degrading the water quality for aquatic life.

5.7 SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION

Two surface water samples were obtained on October 4, 1989,

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from a ditch which eventually flows into a small stream 2,000 feet away from the facility. Samples were analyzed in order to evaluate the extent of contamination. High concentrations of semi-volatiles (BNAs) were revealed including carbazole (up to 60.4 ppb) pyrene (up to 17.6 ppb) and acenaphthalene (up to 19.7 ppb). A drinking water standard for ingestion has been set, not to exceed 0.2 ug/l, but for the protection of human health, the levels should preferably be zero. Total PAHs for SW-1 were 79.02 ppb and 135.76 ppb for SW-2. These values exceed the drinking water standard.

5.8 HEALTH EFFECTS OF CONTAMINATION FOUND

5.8.1 POLYNUCLEAR AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (PAH's)

Most of the Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) found on-site were associated with the soils on the northeastern side of the facility (see Figures 4 through 7). In addition, the two surface water analyses SW-1 and SW-2, sampled on October 4, 1989, revealed a high concentration of PAHs (79.023 and 135.76 total PAHs respectively). The PAHs are considered to be a hazardous waste and a priority toxic pollutant by the U.S. EPA. A drinking water standard has been set, not to exceed 0.2 ug/l, but for the protection of human health, the levels should preferably be zero. Certain PAHs have been demonstrated as a carcinogen in test animals at relatively high exposure levels.

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5.8.2 CHROMIUM

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Chromium was detected in soil samples obtained from the site up to 350,000 ppb. Chromium is considered to be a hazardous substance and a priority pollutant by the U.S. EPA. Chromium compounds act as allergens which cause dermatitis to exposed skin. Chromium compounds in the +3 state are of low order to toxicity. In the +6 state, chromium compounds are irritants and corrosives, and may enter the body by ingestion, inhalation, and through the skin. Workers may experience a variety of symptoms including inflammation of the conjunctiva, nasal itch, and soreness, and chronic asthmatic bronchitis. Hepatic injury has been reported from exposure to chromic acid used in plating baths.

Although EMWT does not produce chrome, chrome is found in elevated concentrations in the soil. It is possible that working in areas with high concentrations of chromate increases the risk of lung cancer (Handbook of Toxic and Hazardous Chemicals and Carcinogens, 1985).

5.8.3 ARSENIC

Arsenic was detected in soil samples obtained (from September 25, 1989 to October 3, 1989) from the site, up to 133,000 ppb. Arsenic is a naturally occurring trace element found in most soils, water and air. In its concentrated form it may be a highly

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effective poison. Currently, it is used in wood treatment, the manufacture of glass and as a raw material in the manufacture of electronic components. Arsenic is considered to be a carcinogen, a hazardous waste constituent, a hazardous substance in some forms and a priority toxic pollutant by the U.S EPA. The interim maximum contaminant level (IMCL) for arsenic in public drinking water is 50 ppb.

Arsenic enters the human body through skin, eyes or respiration or ingestion. Arsenic compounds may produce contact dermatitis and skin sensitization, skin cancer and lung cancer. Skin cancer in humans is associated with exposure to arsenic compounds in drinking water, drugs and occupational environment. Arsenic compounds have been reported to be teratogenic, fetotoxic and embryotoxic in several animal species. An increased incidence of multiple malformations among children born to women occupationally exposed to arsenic have been reported. Arsenic compounds have been found to cause chromosomal damage in animals and chromosomes aberrations in humans (Clement Associates, 1985 and Sittig, 1985).

5.8.4 COPPER

Elevated concentrations of copper were detected in soil samples obtained (from September 25, 1989 to October 3, 1989) from the site, up to 144,000 ppb. Copper is considered to be a

hazardous substance, a hazardous waste (copper cyanide), and a priority toxic pollutant by the U.S. EPA. Copper salts act as irritants which causes itching and dermatitis to exposed skin. In addition, exposure of copper salts to the eyes may cause conjunctivitis and turbidity of the cornea. The dust, mist and fumes from copper causes irritation of upper respiratory tract, nausea, and may cause discoloration of the skin and hair. It is unlikely that poisoning by ingestion in industry would progress to a serious point as small amounts induce vomiting which empties the stomach of copper salts.

5.8.5 TRICHLOROETHANE (TCE)

TCE was detected in soil gas samples obtained on-site (for a discussion of the soil gas interpretations, please refer to Section 2.7). It is considered to be an animal carcinogen by the IARC. In addition, TCE is considered to be a hazardous substance, a hazardous waste and a priority toxic pollutant by the U.S. EPA. The maximum contaminant level (MCL) for TCE in public drinking water is 5 ppb. Routes of entry to the body include inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption and skin and eye contact. Irritation to eyes, nose and throat may be a result of exposure to TCE vapor. Liquid TCE may cause dermatitis after prolonged or repeated skin contact. Acute exposure to TCE depresses the central nervous system and unconsciousness and death have been reported (Sittig, 1985).

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The National Cancer Institute (NCI) in the United States has issued a "State of Concern" alert, warning producers, users and regulatory agencies that TCE administered by gastric intubation to mice induced predominantly hepatocellular carcinomas with some metastases to the lungs (Handbook of Toxic and Hazardous Chemicals and Carcinogens, 1985).

5.8.6 TETRACHLOROETHYLENE (PCE)

PCE was detected in soil gas samples obtained from the facility. PCE is considered to be a hazardous waste by the U.S EPA. Acute exposure to tetrachloroethylene may cause central nervous system depression, hepatic injury and anesthetic death. The main points of attack include the liver, kidneys, eyes, upper respiratory system and the central nervous system (Handbook of Toxic and Hazardous Chemicals and Carcinogens, 1985).

5.8.7 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE (TCA)

1,1,1-Trichloroethane (TCA) was found in soil gas samples obtained on-site. TCA is considered to be a hazardous waste and a priority toxic pollutant by the U.S. EPA. TCA acts as a narcotic and depresses the central nervous system. Acute exposure symptoms include dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, unconsciousness and death. TCA has been subjected to carcinogenesis bioassay by the National Cancer Institute and found not to be carcinogenic

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(Handbook of Toxic and Hazardous Chemicals and Carcinogens, 1985).

5.8.8 1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHANE (Freon 113)

1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane was detected in soil gas samples obtained from the northeastern portion of the site where the treatment plant, kiln building, and wood chip building are located. In addition, Freon 113 was also found in the central, southern portion of the site. Freon 113 is a colorless, noncombustible liquid with a sweet odor which is used as a refrigerant, industrial solvent and as a pharmaceutical rotary tablet press lubricant.

Acute (short-term) health effects may occur immediately or shortly after exposure including irritation of the eyes, nose and throat, drowsiness, difficulty in concentrating and mild lethargy (threshold concentration is about 2,500 ppm). Breathing high concentrations may cause the heart to beat irregularly or stop which can cause death. Chronic (long term) exposure may result in skin irritation and rash which may last for months or years. In addition, fluorocarbons may become concentrated in human lipids, however, adverse effects of cardiac sensitization due to this storage are not expected.

5.8.9 ALKANES

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The alkane group was detected in soil gas survey samples.

Alkanes are relatively nonreactive compounds. In general, the high molecular weight alkanes are rather persistent in the natural environment and biodegradation is probably an important fate process. Alkanes with more than six carbons probably bind readily to organic materials in soil and sediment, therefore they are readily immobile.

Long chain alkanes generally are not very toxic, but they are irritants and several may be neurotoxic; the effect becoming more severe as the number of carbons increases (at least up to C-9, the heaviest alkane tested). A study done with young Coho Salmon being exposed to pentane hexane and heptane at levels of 100 mg/liter in aerated seawater was not lethal, however it caused irritation. In addition, goldfish exposed to either n-hexane or n-heptane had a 24 hour LD₅₀ u value of 4 mg/liter.

5.8.10 CYCLOALKANES (CYCLOPARAFFINS)

Cycloalkanes or cycloparaffins (sometimes called naphthenes) were detected on-site using the soil gas technique. These compounds were wide spread throughout the site and the higher concentrations were located east of the treatment plant and around the wood chip building. These organic compounds are characterized by the arrangement of the carbon atoms in a closed ring structures (not to be confused with aromatic compounds having the hexagonal

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benzene ring). Most of these compounds are derived from petroleum or coal tar. The best-known cycloparaffins are cyclopropane, cyclopentane and cyclohexane.

Cyclohexane is used as a paint remover, a solvent for lacquers and resins, and also in making organic materials like nylon. Cyclopentane is mainly used as a laboratory chemical and is also used as a solvent. Cyclopropane is used as a surgical anesthetic and to make other chemicals.

In general, exposure to cycloparaffins may cause some of the following acute health effects: dizziness, light headedness, and unconsciousness (very high levels could cause coma or even death); contact can irritate the skin, eyes, nose and throat. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause drying, chapping and cracking of the skin. These compounds have not been tested for their ability to cause cancer in animals.

5.8.11 ALKENES (OLEFINS)

Alkenes or olefins were detected on-site using the soil gas technique. These compounds were wide-spread throughout the site and the higher concentrations were located east of the treatment plant and around the wood chip building. These organic compounds are a class of unsaturated aliphatic hydrocarbons having one double bond, obtained by cracking naphtha or other petroleum fractions at

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high temperatures (1,500 to 1,700 °F). Exposure to these compounds can cause dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness, and also may cause irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and skin.

5.8.12 BENZENE

Benzene is an important industrial solvent, a chemical intermediate, and is a rather volatile compound. Benzene is now considered a hazardous substance and a priority toxic pollutant by the U.S. EPA. It is a known human carcinogen, causing leukemia in exposed individuals. In addition, individuals who have been subjected to chronic exposures of benzene sometimes demonstrate a condition known as aplastic anemia (inability to form or regenerate blood cells) that may not become apparent for up to ten years. Exposure to benzene increases the rate of chromosomal aberrations. Furthermore, these changes in the bone marrow are stable and may occur several years after exposure has ceased. Exposure to 20,000 ppm of benzene may be fatal within minutes. Liquid and vapor phases of benzene may cause irritation to the eyes, skin, and upper respiratory tract. Liquid aspirated into the lungs may cause pulmonary edema and hemorrhage (Clement Associates, 1985; Sittig, 1985). Acute values for one fish and five invertebrate species (saltwater) range from 10,900 ug/l to 924,000 ug/l.

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5.8.13 TOLUENE

Toluene is used as a solvent for paints and coatings, gums, resins, most oils and rubber and also for aviation and high-octane fuel. Toluene is considered a hazardous waste and a priority pollutant by the U.S. EPA. Toluene may cause irritation of the eyes, respiratory tract and skin. Repeated exposure or contact with toluene may cause removal of the natural lipids from the skin which causes dry skin (fissured dermatitis). Acute exposure to toluene predominantly results in central nervous system depression (Clements Associates, 1985; Sittig, 1985). Symptoms for this condition include dizziness, headache, fatigue, muscular weakness, skin paresthesia (abnormal or impaired skin sensation such as burning, prickling, itching or tingling) collapse and coma.

5.8.14 ETHYLBENZENE (EB)

Ethylbenzene is used a solvent or diluents in the paint industry, in agricultural sprays for insecticides and in gasoline blends. In addition, it is used in the production of cellulose acetate, styrene and synthetic rubber. EB is a defatting agent and may cause dermatitis following prolonged exposure. EB is an irritant to the eyes and mucus membranes at concentrations of 200 ppm and greater. Other adverse effects and symptoms include kidney disease, liver disease (EB is metabolized by the liver), chronic respiratory disease and skin disease. Furthermore, there is recent

evidence that EB causes adverse reproductive effects in animals.

5.8.15 TOTAL XYLENES

Xylene is used in aviation fuel, protective coatings, as a solvent for alkyd resins, lacquers, enamels, rubber cements and synthesis of organic chemicals. Xylene is also used in the manufacturing of quartz crystal oscillators, hydrogen peroxide, perfumes, insect repellents, epoxy resins, pharmaceuticals and in the leather industry.

Xylene is considered a hazardous waste by the U.S. EPA. Xylene vapors may cause irritation of the eyes, nose and throat. Prolonged or repeated skin contact with xylene may cause drying and defatting of the skin which may lead to dermatitis. Acute exposure to xylene vapor may cause central nervous system depression and minor reversible effects upon the liver and kidneys. Exposure to high concentrations of this vapor may cause dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, anorexia and pulmonary edema (Sittig, 1985).

5.9 EVALUATION AND DISCUSSION

The contaminants found on-site are located in several large areas. These areas include the treatment plant, kiln building, wood chip building and drip pad and several more locations south and southwest of these buildings. Soils in these areas are

contaminated with semi-volatiles (BNAs), arsenic, copper, and chromium, TCE, TCA, freon 113, and PCE. The site is not secured against entry, so any individual may be exposed to the contaminated soils via dermal contact, inhalation, and ingestion and be at direct risk. Soil contaminants absorbed by surface water could conceivably enter Marshyhope Creek which eventually flows into the Chesapeake Bay expediting degradation of the water quality for marine life.

The entire population within a three (3) mile radius of the site is on well water. Therefore, if the groundwater is contaminated then 4,200 people are at risk, plus an additional 2,300 people outside the three mile radius raising the total population to 6,500 people at risk. In addition, there are an estimated 700 acres of environmentally sensitive land occurring in patches larger than five acres.

Groundwater samples were obtained on January 10, 1990, and the State is awaiting the results to determine the extent of contamination. These results will assist the State in determining the extent that the site is a potential health concern.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

At the time of this report, the facility is actively being subjected to a series of studies by the MDE/HSWMA. These studies

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will outline the severity and extent of the contamination on the site prior to the design and construction of a remediation system. EMWT is currently operating under a Consent Judgement to clean up the grounds and is displaying good faith in remediation efforts.

EMWT is on parole. The court has the power to demand \$115,000 in fines which have been suspended should the company not live up to the conditions imposed by this parole. Because EMWT is engaged in a State-supervised remediation of the site, it is recommended that a "No Further Remedial Action Planned" (NFRAP) under CERCLA occur. However should the status of the remediation change, the site may be re-evaluated.

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7.0 REFERENCES

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Water Resources of Caroline, Dorchester and Talbot Counties"^(Red)
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TABLES

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ORIGINAL
(Red)

TABLE 1
Geologic Formations and their Water-bearing Properties in Caroline, Dorchester, and Talbot Counties

System	Series (Group)	Formation (Range in depth to top of formation, in feet, northwest to southeast)	Thickness (feet) Range (Average)	General character, probable origin, and boundaries	Water-bearing properties
Quaternary	Recent	0	0-10 (3)	Loam soil, alluvial sand and silt, dune sand, and peat.	Provides water to a few shallow wells of small yield.
	Pleistocene (Columbia group)	Parsonsburg sand Talbot and Pamlico formations, undifferentiated Walston silt Beaverdam sand (0-10)	0-100+ (30+)	Unconsolidated, stratified, lenticular deposits of buff sand and silt, with small amounts of gravel and clay. The deposits occur as stratified drift, with a few erratic boulders; stabilized dunes; marsh mud; fluviatile thinly stratified, crossbedded channel fill; massive, well-sorted beach sands; and possibly marine sands. Disconformable lower boundary.	Yields moderate to large quantities of water to a few wells, small quantities to many wells. Water-table conditions prevail. The water is suitable for almost all purposes.
Tertiary	Pliocene(?)	Brandywine formation Bryn Mawr gravel (0-40)	0-45+ (10?)	Slightly cemented red, orange, and brown gravelly sand. Locally contains hard ledges, a few inches to 2 feet thick, usually at the base. Occurs chiefly as channel fill. Disconformable lower boundary.	Yields moderate quantities of water to wells in conjunction with overlying Pleistocene deposits, under water-table conditions. Capable of large yields in buried channel deposits. The quality of water is excellent for most purposes.
Upper and middle Miocene (Chesapeake group)		Yorktown and Cohansey(?) formations, undifferentiated (0-50+)	0-50 (20)	Gray sands with gray or blue clayey silt. Occurs only in the southern end of the area beneath Elliott Island and Bishops Head. Marine littoral. Slightly disconformable.	Not known to yield water in this area. The sands lie under a marsh cover, and the water is probably of undesirable quality.
		St. Marys formation (0-83)	0-110+ (60±)	Predominantly clayey silt and silty clay with some very fine sand, shells and Foraminifera. Conformable lower boundary.	An aquiclude. A few wells derive water locally from stringer sands in Caroline County and eastern Dorchester County.
		Choptank formation (0-200)	0-130 (80+)	Gray and brown sand and clay, containing shell marl and Foraminifera. Marine. Conformable lower boundary.	Yields small to moderate quantities of water to wells in Caroline County and eastern Dorchester County. The water is moderately hard and may be irony.
		Calvert formation (0-230)	20-300 (200±)	Gray diatomaceous silts and clays, containing lenses and thin sheets of gray sand, shell beds and Foraminifera. Marine.	Largely an aquiclude, but contains two or three aquifers which locally yield large quantities of water at Easton, Federalsburg, Hurlock, and Vienna. The quality ranges from usable for some purposes to usable only for limited purposes.
	Oligocene	None	—	An interval of erosion or nondeposition. Regional unconformity.	An angular boundary between Miocene and Eocene strata.

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(Red)

System	Series (Group)	Formation (Range in depth to top of formation, in feet, northwest to southeast)	Thickness (feet) Range (Average)	General character, probable origin, and boundaries	Water-bearing properties
Tertiary—Continued	Eocene (Jackson group equivalents)	Piney Point formation (70-620)	2-191 (74)	An olive-green to black quartz sand, slightly to moderately glauconitic, predominantly medium to coarse grain, with some lenses of fine sand, silt, and clay, containing Foraminifera. Very uneven lower boundary. Marine. Formation wedges out in Queen Anne's County, but this probably does not serve as an impermeable boundary. Recharge from the intake belt of the Aquia greensand probably occurs across Eocene formation boundaries.	The most important artesian aquifer in the area, providing large quantities of ground water in Dorchester County, lower Talbot County and central Caroline County, and small quantities in northwestern Talbot County. The quality of water is suitable for most purposes. The water level has been lowered over 100 feet below sea level at Cambridge in a huge cone of depression which has extended out into Dorchester County and into Talbot County.
	Eocene (Pamunkey group)	Nanjemoy formation (75-510)	0-294 (166)	Blackish-green highly glauconitic sand, silt and clay. Conformable lower boundary. Marine.	A leaky aquiclude in the northwest; probably a tighter confining formation in the southeast.
	(Wilcox group equivalents)	Aquia greensand (250-600)	0-231+ (100±)	A green glauconitic quartz sand, with a few lenses of clay, containing shell fragments, Foraminifera, and hardbeds. Marine. Limited to western Talbot County and northwestern Dorchester County with an impermeable boundary passing northeastward through Trappe. A recharge boundary strikes northeastward through Annapolis, Anne Arundel County, about 15 miles from Claiborne.	An important aquifer, capable of providing moderate quantities of water to many wells. Average water level is a few feet above sea level. Average specific capacity of the wells is 2.0 gpm per foot of drawdown.
	Paleocene	Brightseat(?) formation (300-1,000)	70-300+ (150)	Alternate hard and soft beds of gray clay and sparsely glauconitic sand containing Foraminifera and shells. Marine. Regional unconformity.	Generally an aquiclude, but yields water to five wells at moderate to small rates of yield. The water is soft, nonirony, but high in sodium bicarbonate.
Cretaceous	Upper Cretaceous	Monmouth formation (450-1,100)	34-230 (98)	Dark-green glauconitic sand and lead-gray clay containing shells and Foraminifera. Marine. Lower boundary conformable.	An aquiclude. A small quantity of water is obtained from the formation in a well at Easton.
		Matawan formation (650-1,200)	98-176 (128)	Black micaceous glauconitic clay and brown glauconitic sand. Marine. Not conformable to the Magothy formation.	An aquifer in Talbot and Caroline Counties which has produced in six wells in conjunction with other sands. An aquiclude in Dorchester County as logged in five wells.

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System	Series (Group)	Formation (Range in depth to top of formation, in feet, northwest to southeast)	Thickness (feet) Range (Average)	General character, probable origin, and boundaries	Water-bearing properties
Cretaceous—Continued	Upper Cretaceous—Continued	Magothy formation (650-1,400)	43-139 (88)	White, yellow, and gray sand interlaminated with gray and brown shale, containing lignite and carbonaceous matter, but no animal fossils. Nonmarine. Unconformable lower boundary.	Yields large quantities of water to seven wells and is potentially productive throughout the area. The water flows initially in wells developed at low altitude. The quality is suitable for almost all purposes. The temperature ranges from 68.5° to 78°F.
		Raritan, Patapsco, and Arundel formations, undifferentiated (900-1,600)	600-1,700 (1,100)	Intercalated thin sands and shales. The sands are generally gray, fine-grained, micaceous, and lignitic. The shales are mottled pale-gray, brown, and red in the upper section and gray-brown in the lower. The formation is predominantly deltaic and estuarine. The lower boundary is unconformable.	A potential aquifer. One well (Tal-Cb 89) penetrated a water-bearing, medium-grained sand, 69 feet thick, at depths of 1,351-1,420 ft. below land surface (alt. 13 ft.). A flow of 8.5 gpm in 1953 was obtained at an elevation 19 ft. above sea level. The water is low in dissolved solids, soft, but high in iron (10-13 ppm). Temperature 69°F. One other well, at Church Creek, is believed to derive its flow from the Raritan formation.
	Lower Cretaceous	Patuxent formation (1,600-3,300)	600-800 (700)	Not penetrated by the drill in this area, but presumed to be extensively present because of its occurrence in deep oil tests in Wicomico and Worcester Counties, and in the outcrop in Cecil County and on the Western Shore. Probably composed of thick sands and thin shales.	A potential aquifer. The water is warm to hot, and probably is too highly mineralized for most uses.
Paleozoic and pre-Cambrian		Crystalline complex (2,200-4,000)	Extends to indefinite depth	Not penetrated in Caroline, Dorchester, and Talbot Counties, but presumed to form a basement rock beneath this area.	An aquifuge; hard crystalline rocks that neither contain nor transmit ground water.

AR100449

from the Dept. of Geology, Mines, and Water Resources
1957, pp 35-39.

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Table 2. — Coastal Plain stratigraphic nomenclature and aquifers of the Eastern Shore of Maryland.

System	Series (Group)	Geologic Unit	Thickness (feet)	Hydrogeologic Units(s)	Dominant Lithologic Character
QUATERNARY & TERTIARY (?)	Holocene	Holocene deposits	0 - 40	—	Soil, alluvial sand and silt, dune sand, and peat. Disconformable base.
	Pleistocene and Pliocene (?)	Shoreline complex	0 - 230	Columbia aquifer	Lenticular deposits of sand, silt, clay, and peat. Some beds of coarse sand and fine gravel. Tan; some gray and blue clay.
	(Columbia Group)	Salisbury Formation			Beaverdam Sand: Light gray to light tan, fine to coarse grained, moderately sorted, feldspathic sand. Pensauken Fm.: Light tan to orange tan, medium to coarse grained, moderately to poorly sorted, pebbly feldspathic sand.
	?	?	?	?	?
	Miocene (Chesapeake Group)	Upper Miocene Aquifer Complex	0 - 50	Upper confining bed	Lenticular silts, clays, and fine sands. Green-blue silt and fine gray sand most common, but occasionally includes blue-green pebbly clay.
			0 - 80	Pocomoke aquifer	Sand, gray or tan-gray; coarse and pebbly generally, but locally fine.
			0 - 85	Lower confining bed	Blue and gray clayey silt and sand; some peat. Some beds of shell and calcite and/or limestone.
			0 - 240	Ocean City aquifer	Coarse gray sand, fine gravel.
		Yorktown and Cohansey Formations (?) of Rasmussen and Slaughter (1955)	0 - 190	Confining layer	Fine to very coarse gray sand, and some lignite or peat. Some silty sand and clay. Occasional beds of shell and/or "rock".
		St. Marys Formation	0 - 340	Frederica aquifer and confining layer	Gray fossiliferous clay, silt, fine sand, and silty and sandy clay.
		Choptank Formation	0 - 680	Cheswold aquifer and confining layers	Gray fine sand. Thin beds of shell and calcite.
		Calvert Formation	0 - 220	Piney Point aquifer	Green or brown clay and fine sand. Thin beds of shell and calcite or limestone.
	Eocene	Nanjemoy Formation	0 - 294	Confining layer	Gray to dark gray, glauconitic, silt, sand, and clay.
		Piney Point Formation	0 - 183	Aquia aquifer	Green to brown, fine to coarse grained, glauconitic sand; interstratified with grayish-green silt and clays; calcite cemented sands and fossil beds.
	Paleocene	Aquia and Hornerstown Formations (undivided)	0 - 183	Confining layer	Dark gray clay and fine, silty, micaceous sand.
		Brightseat Formation	0 - <100	Matawan and Monmouth Formations (undivided)	Dark greenish-gray to reddish-brown, fine to occasionally coarse quartz sand. Facies may be glauconitic, micaceous, shaly and/or clayey.
		Matawan and Monmouth Formations (undivided)	0 - 960 ?	Katagan aquifer	Light gray to white "sugary", medium to coarse grained quartz sand and fine gravel; interbedded dark gray clays in upper part.
		Magothy Formation	<50 - 100	Magothy aquifer	Interbedded, variegated (gray, brown, and red) silt and clay, and argillaceous, subrounded, fine to medium quartz sand.
CRETACEOUS	Upper Cretaceous	Patapsco Formation	<50 - 1,750	Aquifers and confining layers	White to light gray to orange brown, moderately sorted, angular and subrounded quartz sand; also gray to echaerous silt and clay beds, which occur in amounts ranging from less than 25% to greater than 75% of formation.
		Arundel and Patuxent Formations (undivided)	<50 - 2,950	Aquifers and confining layers	White quartzite conglomerate, dark gray, reddish-green and apple green shales, sandy shales, and arkosic sandstones. Does not occur on the Eastern Shore.
JURASSIC (?)	—	Unnamed	0 - 133	—	Believed to be chiefly schist, granite, gabbro, and gneiss.
PALEOZOIC (?) & PRECAMBRIAN	Basement Complex			—	

1/ The nomenclature is that of the Maryland Geological Survey.

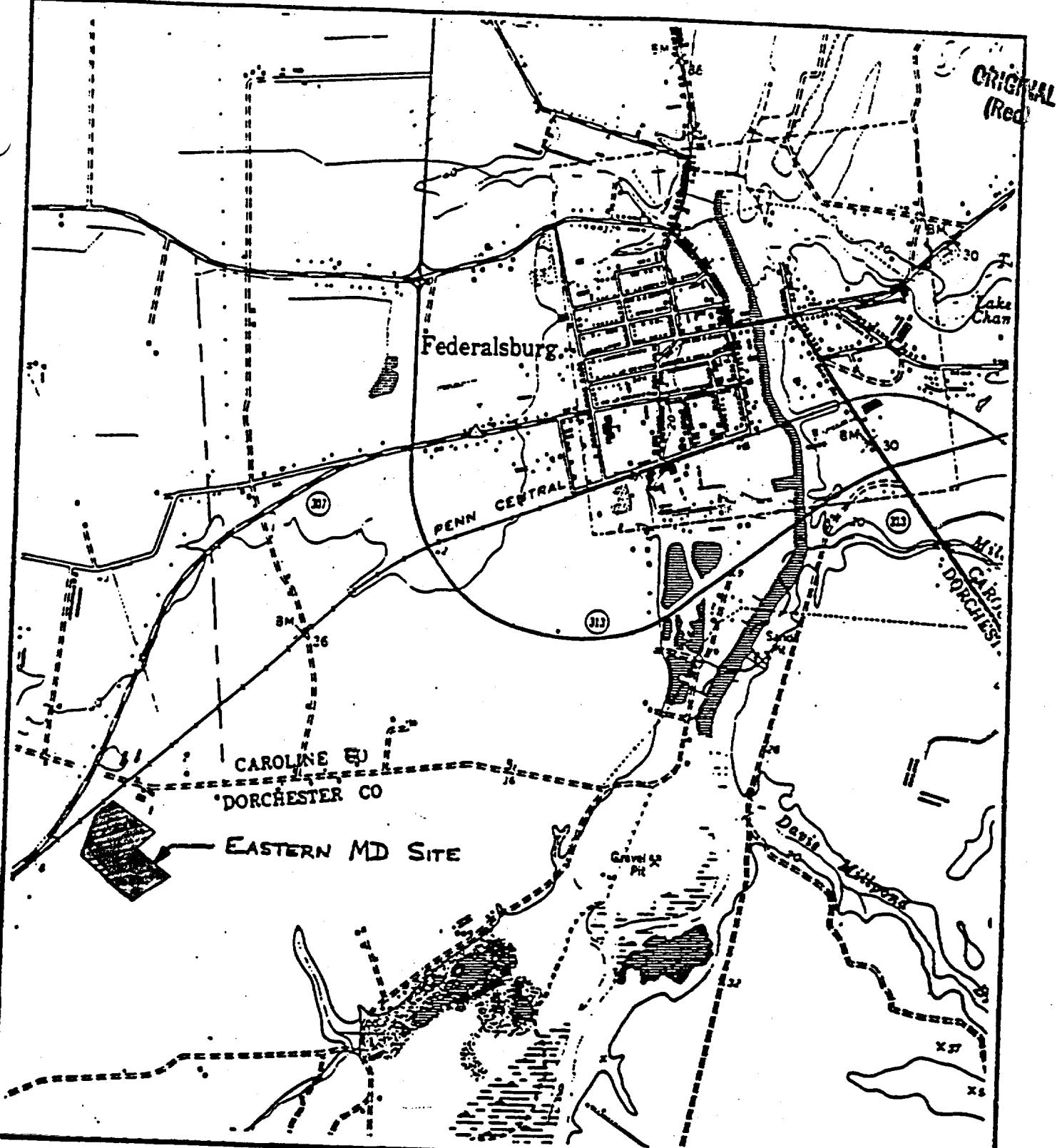
2/ Compiled from Rasmussen and Slaughter (1957), Hansen (1972; oral commun., 1982), and Heigle (1974).

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FIGURES

AR100451



REFERENCE:

USGS 7.5 MINUTE
FEDERALSBURG, MD.
QUADRANGLE, 1974

SCALE (FEET)

0 2000

AR100452

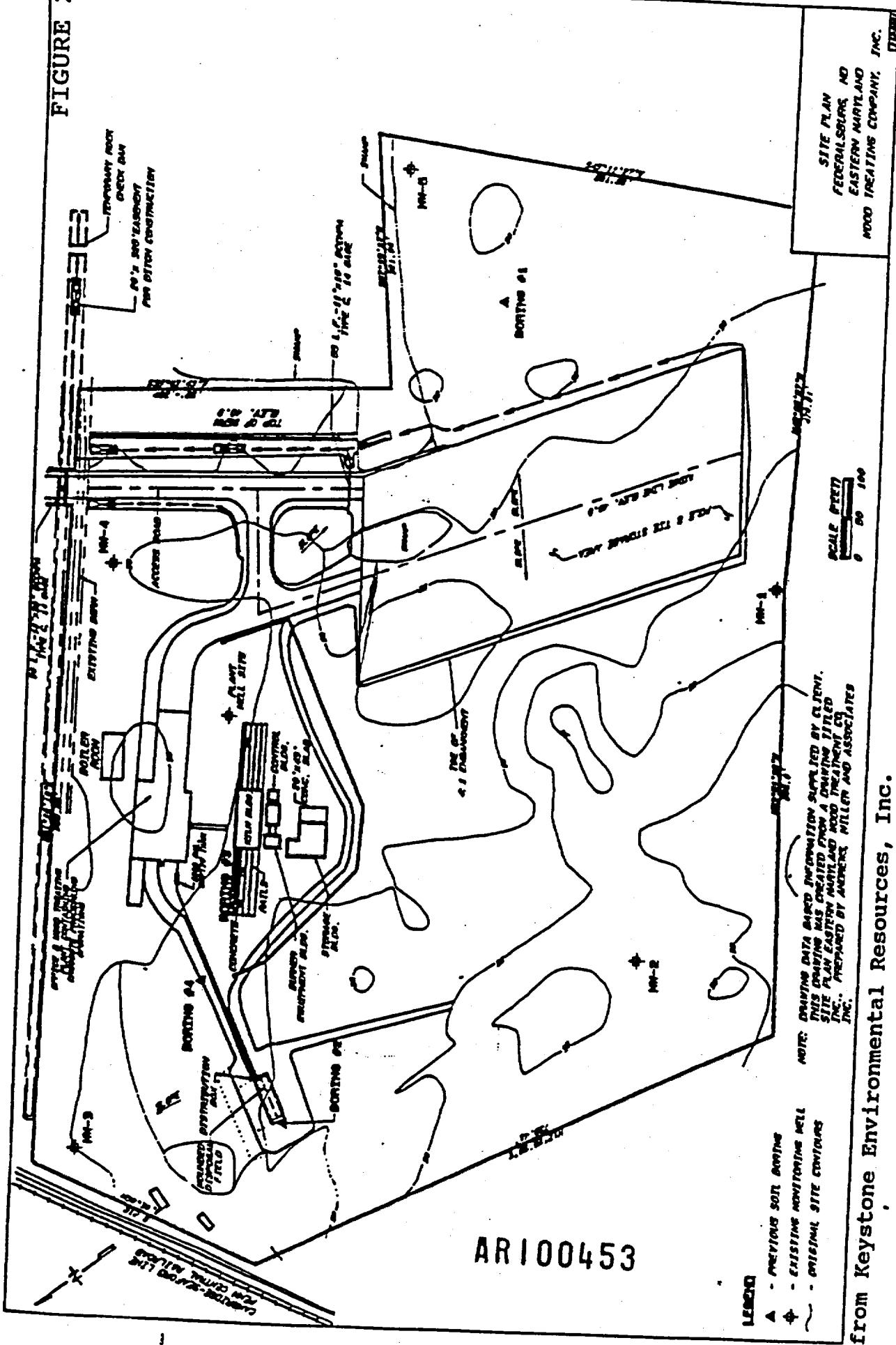
FIGURE 1

SITE VICINITY MAP

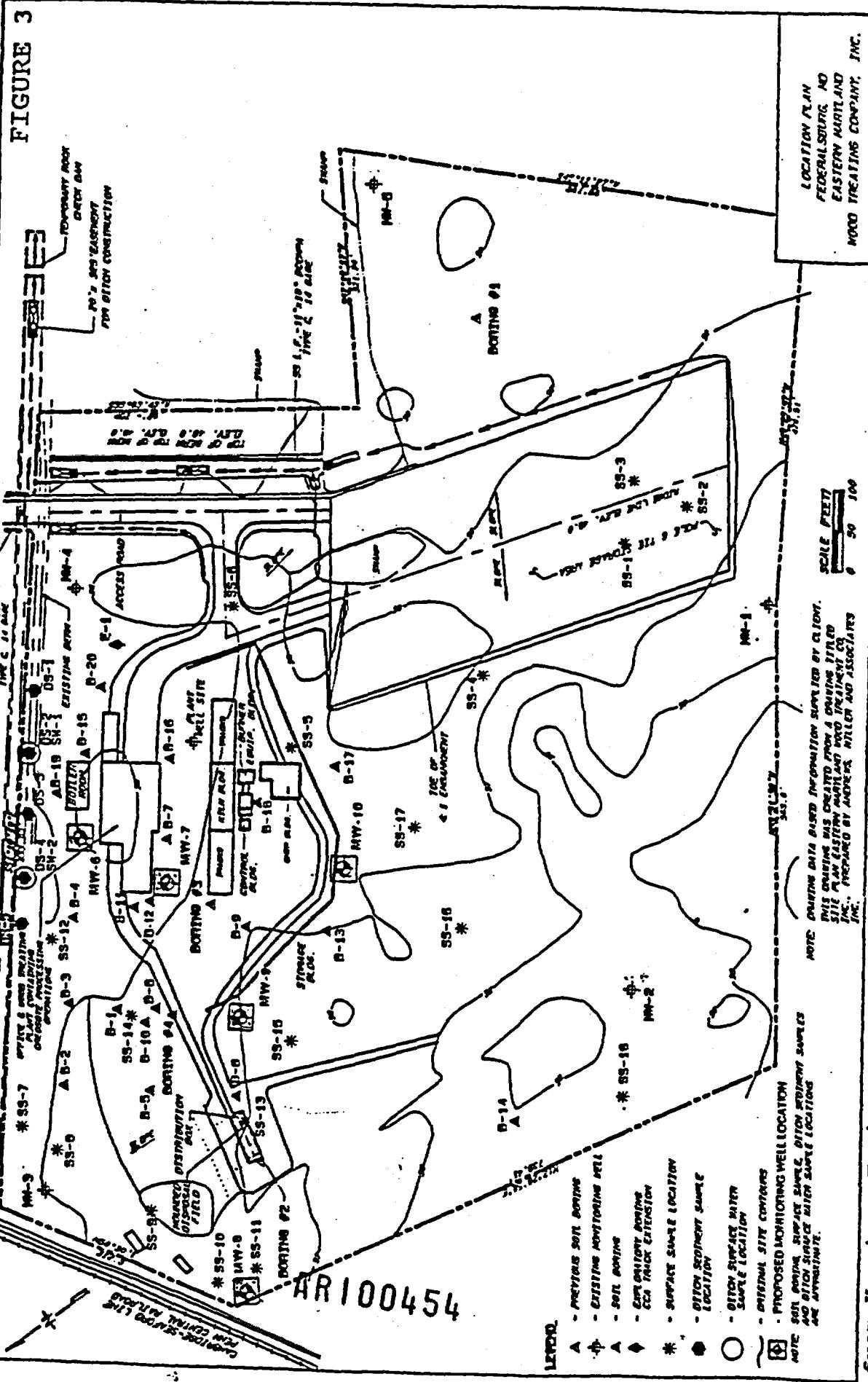
FEDERALSBURG, MARYLAND

FIGURE 2

ORIGINAL
(Red)



SAMPLING POINT LOCATION MAP



from Keystone Environmental Resources, Inc.

ORIGINAL
(Red)

FIGURE 4

**ORIGINAL
(Rev)**

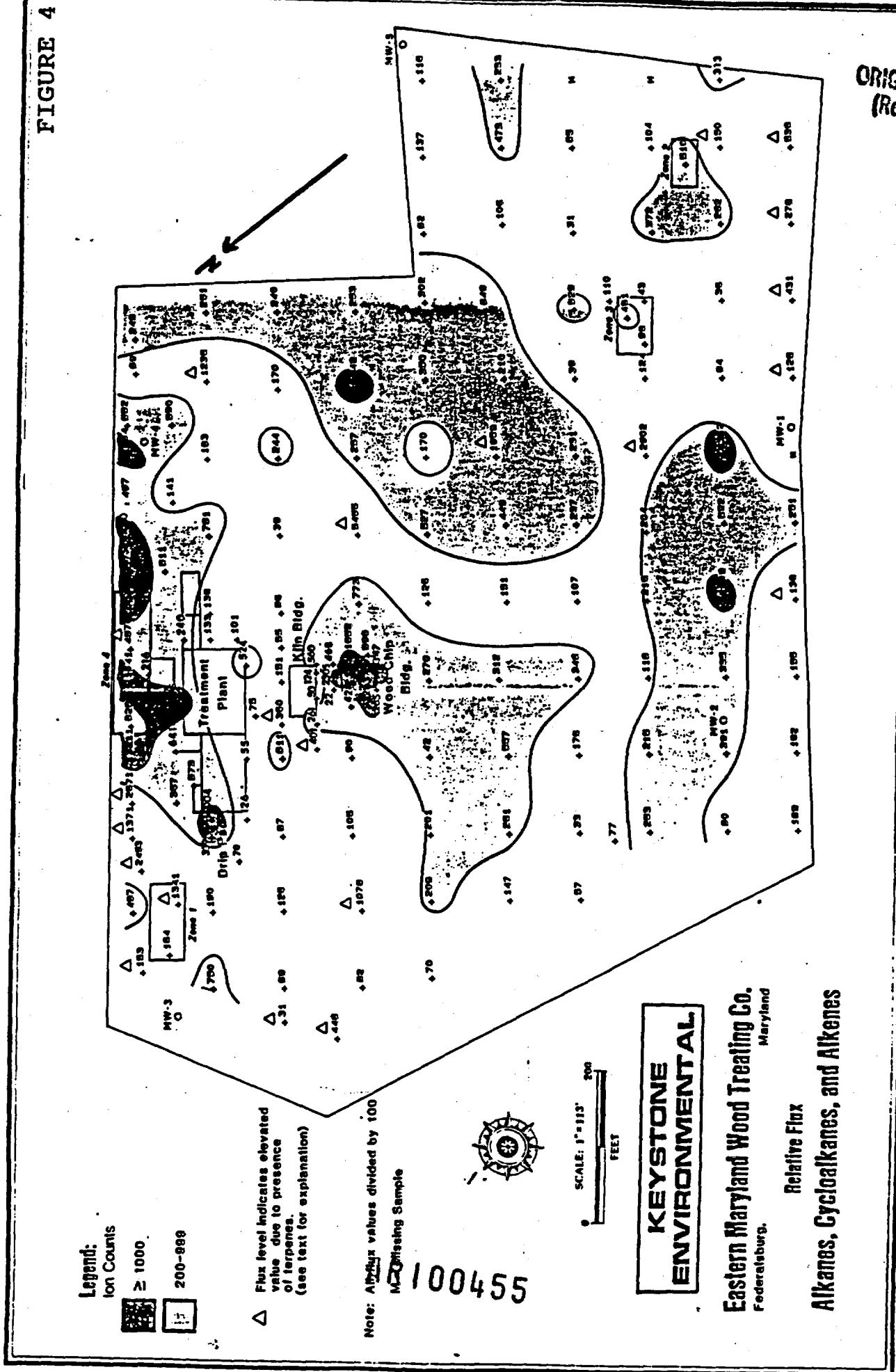


FIGURE 5

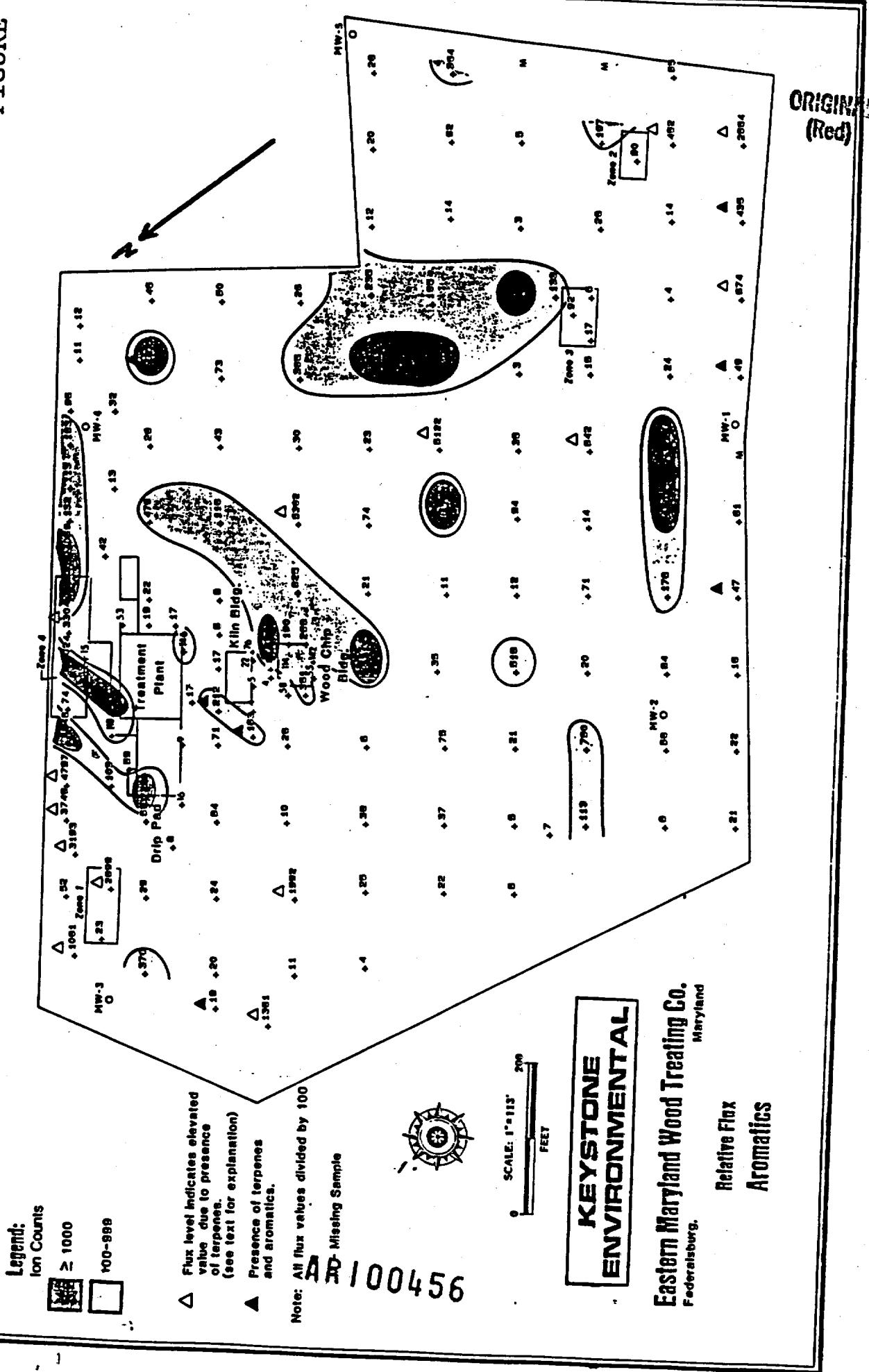


FIGURE 6

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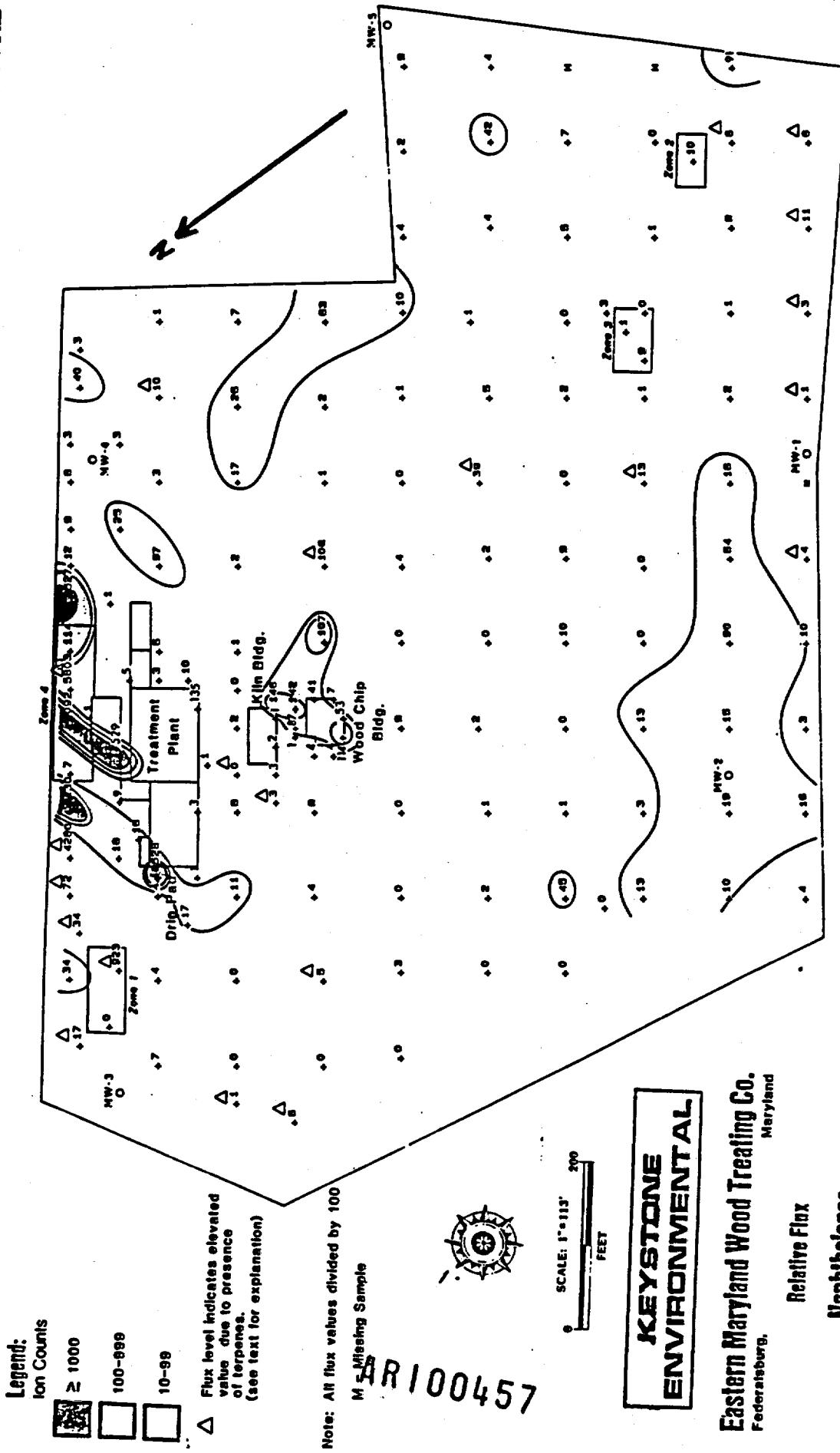
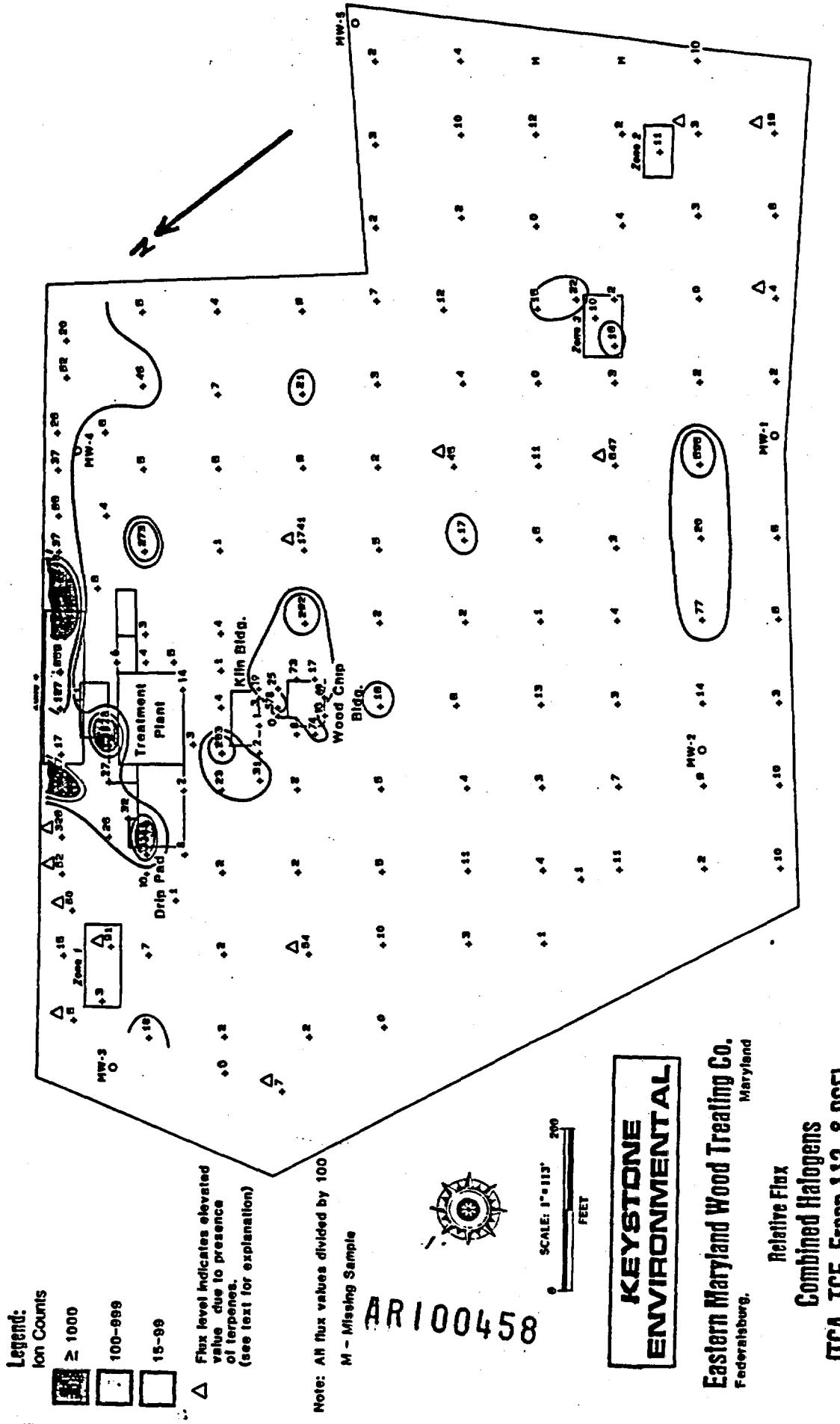


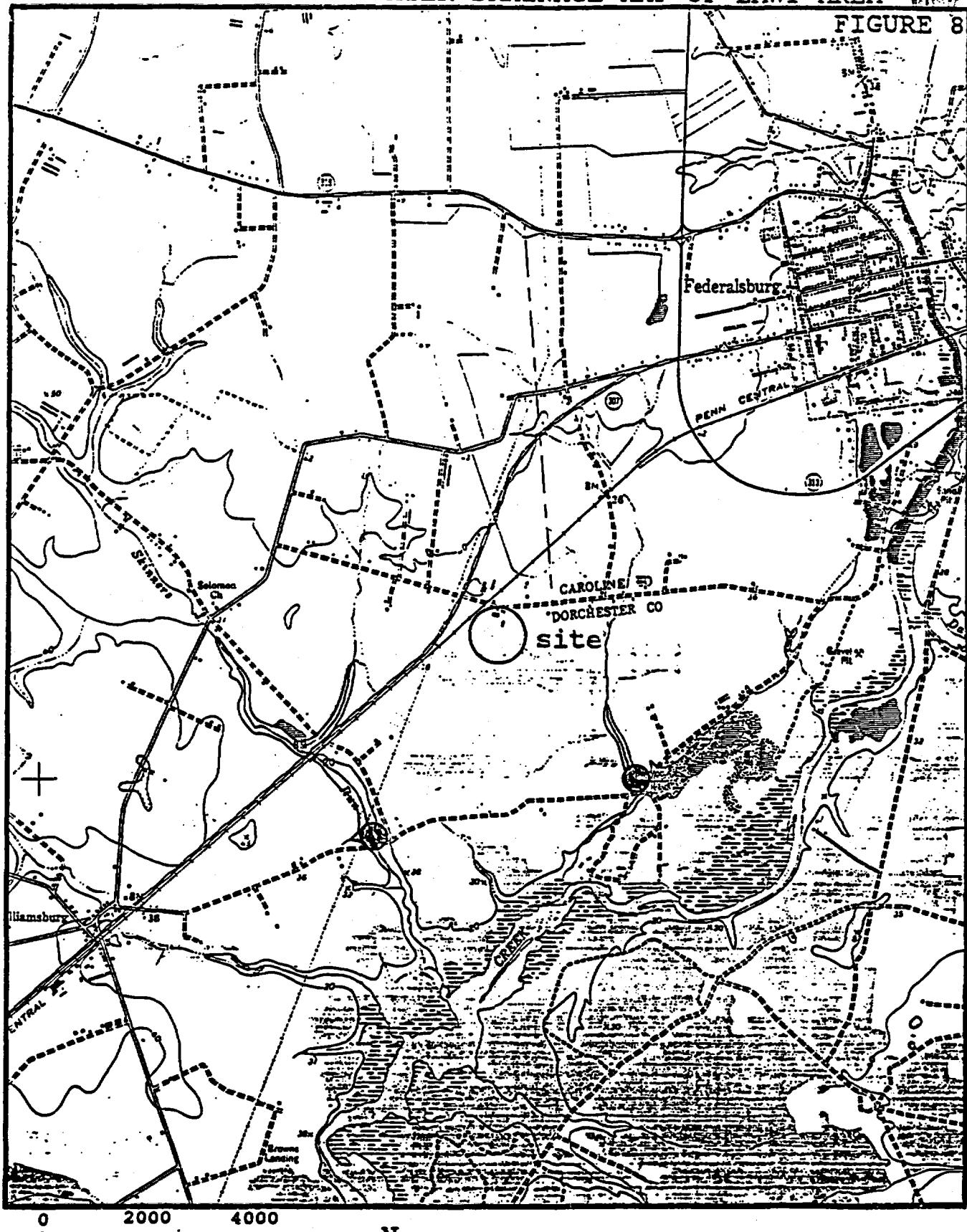
FIGURE 7



TOPOGRAPHIC AND WATER DRAINAGE MAP OF EMWT AREA

Original
Map

FIGURE 8



0 2000 4000
scale in feet

N

USGS, 1944, revised 1974

AR 100455 site sediment sample point, 12/88

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(Red)

SURFACE GEOLOGY MAP OF EMWT AREA

FIGURE 9



0 1 2

Scale
Miles



AR100460

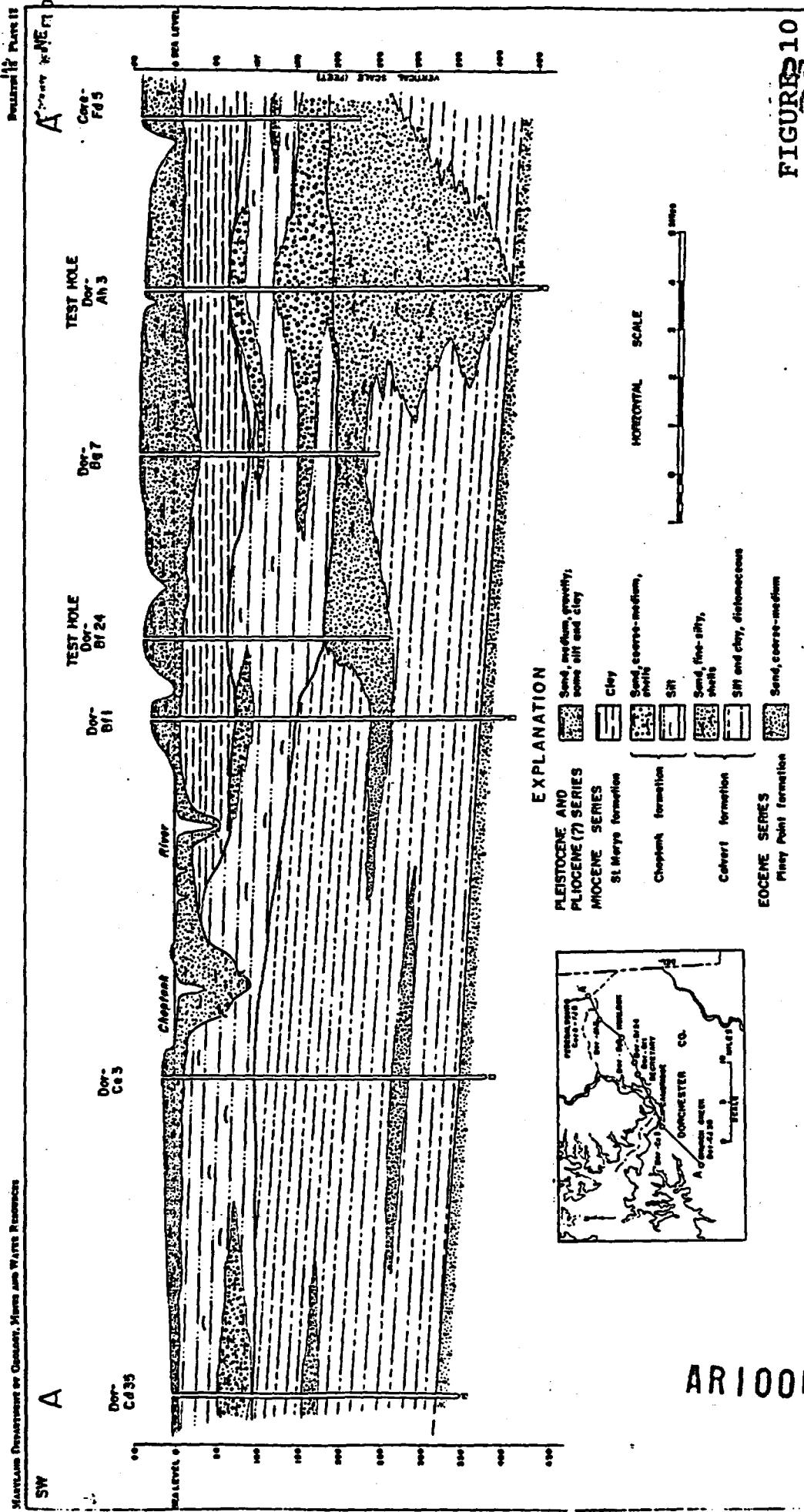
QM Quaternary tidal marsh deposits
QP Quaternary Parsonsburg Sand
QK Kent Island Formation
Tb Beaverdam Sand

James P. Owens and Charles S. Denny
U.S. Geological Survey

1986

CROSS SECTION OF REGIONAL GEOLOGIC STRUCTURE

Statewide Department of Geology, Mines and Water Resources



CRIMSON
WREN

APPENDIX A

AR100462

29
MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES - HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
Howard and Biddle Streets
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

JAN 25 1984

Lab. No. 000926

Hazardous Waste Laboratory
Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector SPEREN/KIRK/FORTUNE 11-4-83
Name/time/date

Sample Source EASTERN MARYLAND LAND FILL

Sample ID No. EM-187

Preservative Used ICCN

Sample Alert _____

Chain of Custody sample possession

From BAPT KIPP 11 AM 10/4/83 Name/time/date to V.L. Bell, Jr. / 1126 Name/time/date OCT 4 1983

From _____ Name/time/date to _____ Name/time/date

From _____ Name/time/date to _____ Name/time/date

EP Toxicity Organics
PPb

endrin	_____
lindane	_____
methoxychlor	_____
toxaphene	_____
2, 4-D	_____
2, 4, 5-TP(silvex)	_____

Organics Analysis

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

- *Purgeable halocarbons
- *Purgeable aromatics
- *Acrolein & Acrylonitrile
- *Phenols
- *Phthalate esters
- *Organochlorine Pesticides & PCB
- *Nitroaromatics & Isophorone
- *Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons
- *Haloethers
- *Chlorinated hydrocarbons
- *see other side for specific compounds

SEE ATTACHED SHEET

AR100463

Organic identification and comparison _____

oil and grease _____ PPM

Section Chief: Vill.

Date: JAN 17 1984 Verified by: Vill.

DEPARTMENT OF NATURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES
ENVIRONMENTAL ADMINISTRATION
ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY DIVISION
TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY

PAGE 2 OF 2

EXTRACTABLE ORGANICS ANALYSIS (EPA 625)

CONNECTION NO. EM-187SUBDIVISION ASPLEN/KIRK TOWNE COUNTY DORCHESTERUPPER SOURCE EASTERN MARYLAND WOODSTEATINGUPPER SITE (WELL) MCHL. WELL

REMARKS:

TRANS TYPE	2 COUNTY	3	4	5 PLANT NO.	6	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
FIELD pH	20 21	22	FIELD RESID. CHLORINE/REE	23	24	25	26								CARD NO.	
METHOD: FUSED SILICA CAPILLARY GC/MS (EPA 625)								TOTAL							TIME	

ACIDS

phenol

<1

N-Nitrosodimethylamine

n/a

2-Chlorophenol

-

N-Nitrosodipropylamine

-

2-nitrobenzal

-

N-Nitrosodiphenylamine

-

2,4-dimethylphenol

-

1,2-Diphenylhydrazine

-

2,4-dichlorophenol

-

benzidine

-

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol

-

3,3'-dichlorobenzidine

-

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol

-

POLYCHLOR AROMATICS

-

2,4-dinitrophenol

-

naphthalene

<1

4-nitrophenol

-

Acenaphthylene

-

2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol

-

Acenaphthene

-

pentachlorophenol

v

Fluorene

-

PAHs-HAZARDOUSCHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS

1,3-Dichlorobenzene

<1.

Phenanthrene

-

1,4-Dichlorobenzene

-

Anthracene

-

1,2-Dichlorobenzene

-

Fluoranthene

<1.

hexachloroethane

-

Pyrene

-

1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene

-

Benz(a)anthracene

-

hexachlorobutadiene

-

Chrysene

-

hexachlorocyclopentadiene

-

Benz(b)fluoranthene

-

2-Chloronaphthalene

-

Benz(k)fluoranthene

-

hexachlorobenzene

-

Benz(a)pyrene

-

1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobenzene

-

Indeno(1,2,3-*cd*)pyrene

-

1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobenzene

-

Benz(a,h)anthracene

-

1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobenzene

-

Benz(g,h,i)perylene

v

HALOGENERSBIS(2-CHLOROETHYL)ETHER

<1.

Phthalate ESTERS

<1.

BIS(2-CHLOROISOPROPYL)ETHER

-

Dimethyl phthalate

<1.

BIS(2-CHLOROETHOXY)METHANE

-

Diethyl phthalate

<1.

4-CHLOROPHENYLPHENYLETHER

-

Di-N-butyl phthalate

2.

4-BROMOPHENYLPHENYLETHER

v

Butylbenzyl phthalate

2.

NITROAROMATIC AND POLYKETONE

<1.

Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate

2.

Nitrobenzene

-

Di-N-octyl phthalate

<1.

Isophorone

-

Results reported in micrograms/Liter

-

2,6-Dinitrotoluene

-

NO OTHER EXTRACTABLE

(ppb)

2,4-Dinitrotoluene

v

COMPOUNDS WHERE SCANNED

-

31
STATE OF MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION
TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSISORIGIN
DateBOTTLE
NUMBEREM - 187MORCHESTER

Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MARYLAND WIND TREETING COLLECTOR ASPLEN/ KIRK/ FORTUNE

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION _____ SOURCE _____ OTHER (specify) _____
 Community _____ noncommunity _____ private monitoring well _____
 Landfill observation well _____ stream _____ tidal waters _____
 Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____
 Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) EX (CP) AND WELL SAMPLE PRIOR TO PUMPING _____

REMARKS: COLLECTED FROM WELL NO. DC-51-C187. PUMPING OFF IS CAL (approx 7-8
YRS.) ; recharged fairly rapidly; turbid

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO				SAMPLING STATION				DATE COLLECTED								
											10	0	4	18	3			
																	CARD NO	

FIELD PH	20	21	22	23	24	25	26

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

TOTAL

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)			Purgeable Aromatics (EPA 602)		
Chloromethane	<1.		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.	
Bromomethane			Trichloroethene		
Dichlorodifluoromethane			Dibromochloromethane		
Vinyl chloride			1,1,2-Trichloroethane		
Chloroethane			cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		
Methylene chloride			2-Chloroethylvinylether		
Trichlorofluoromethane			Bromoform		
1,1-Dichloroethene			1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		
1,1-Dichloroethane			Tetrachloroethene		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene			Chlorobenzene		
Chloroform			Total Trihalomethanes		
1,2-Dichloroethane			Other Purgeable Organics:		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane					
Carbon Tetrachloride					
Bromodichloromethane					
1,2-Dichloropropane					

Results reported in micograms per liter (parts per billion)

DATE RECEIVED ACT 4 1983

V.P.C.

00092

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

WMH

LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION

REPORT OF WATER ANALYSIS

Bottle

Number: EM-187

Name: EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATING

County: DORCHESTER

Source of Sample: Clocks Coming Home Rd Street Federalsburg, MD Town or City Collector: ASHER/KIRK/FOSTER

Sample Type
(Circle):Community
SourceNon-Community
DistributionPrivate
MCLEmergency
Recheck

Routine

Remarks: COLLECTED FROM WELL NO. DO-81-0187; pumped off 15 gal (approx 7.8
gallons); recharging fairly rapidly

DO			100483	0940 HRS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Acid
Country	Plant No.	Sampling Station	Date Collected	Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Iced
Field Data:		Chlorine Residue	Free	Total		Specific Conductance
	pH*					

ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS	ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS
pH*	011	1 1 1 1 1	Arsenic	253	20.01
Alkalinity (Total)	040	1 1 1 1 1	Barium	262	1 1 1 1 1
Alkalinity (HCO ₃)	050	1 1 1 1 1	Cadmium	273	1 1 1 1 1
Alkalinity (CO ₃)	060	1 1 1 1 1	Chromium	283	1 1 10.2
pH*, Ca CO ₃ , SAT.	071	1 1 1 1 1	Lead	302	1 1 1 1 1
Alkalinity, Ca CO ₃ , SAT	080	1 1 1 1 1	Mercury	314	1 1 1 1 1
Hardness	110	1 1 1 1 1	Selenium	323	1 1 1 1 1
Ammonia-N	143	1 1 1 1 1	Silver	333	1 1 1 1 1
Nitrate-Nitrite N	162	1 1 1 1 1	Aluminum	192	1 1 1 1 1
Nitrite N	173	1 1 1 1 1	Calcium	231	1 1 1 1 1
MBAS	182	1 1 1 1 1	Copper	241	1 1 1 1 1
Chloride	091	1 1 1 1 1	Iron	122	1 1 1 1 1
Fluoride	101	1 1 1 1 1	Magnesium	241	1 1 1 1 1
Color*	020	1 1 1 1 1	Manganese	133	1 1 1 1 1
Turbidity*	031	1 1 1 1 1	Nickel	391	1 1 1 1 1
Conductance*, SPEC.	201	1 1 1 1 1	Potassium	361	1 1 1 1 1
Silica	210	1 1 1 1 1	Sodium	371	1 1 1 1 1
Sulfate	220	1 1 1 1 1	Zinc	342	1 1 1 1 1
Total Residue	381	1 1 1 1 1	Send copy:		1 1 1 1 1
			Office of Environmental Management		
			Waste Management Administerate		
			Centreville Milt., S.C. (P.O. #6)		
			126 Broadway, Centreville MD 21616		

* Results reported in units, all others in milligrams per liter (ppm)

Date Received OCT 4 1983

Date Reported OCT 16 1983

Chemist Bruce L. Solinick

U4581

33
MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
Howard and Biddle Streets
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

JAN 25 1984

Lab. No. 000927

Hazardous Waste Laboratory
Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector ASHER/KIRK/FORTUNE 10-14-83 111511Z Sample Source EASTERN MARYLAND WASTE TREATMENT
Name/time/date

Sample ID No. EM-185 Preservative Used ICED

Sample Alert _____

Chain of Custody sample possession

From BEN KIRK 1126A 10/4/83 Name/time/date to V. Hill, Jr. 1126/ OCT 4 1983 Name/time/date

From _____ to _____
Name/time/date Name/time/date

From _____ to _____
Name/time/date Name/time/date

EP Toxicity Organics
PPb

endrin	_____
lindane	_____
methoxychlor	_____
toxaphene	_____
2, 4-D	_____
2, 4, 5-TP(silvex)	_____

Organics Analysis

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

- *Purgeable halocarbons
- *Purgeable aromatics
- *Acrolein & Acrylonitrile
- *Phenols
- *Phthalate esters
- *Organochlorine Pesticides & PCB
- *Nitroaromatics & Isophorone
- *Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons
- *Haloethers
- *Chlorinated hydrocarbons
- *see other side for specific compounds

SEE ATTACHED SHEET

AR100467

Organic identification and comparison _____

oil and grease _____ PPM

Section Chief: Thill

Date: 3/1/1984

Verified Thill

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY DIVISION
TOXIC CHEMICALS LABORATORY
EXTRACTABLE ORGANICS ANALYSIS (EPA 625)

PAGE 2 OF 2

CONTAINER NO. EM-168

COLLECTOR ASPLEN/KRK/FERTILE COUNTY DORCHESTER

SAMPLE SOURCE EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATING

SAMPLE SITE LOCATION MCN. WELL

REMARKS:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.				SAMPLING STATION				DATE COLLECTED								
FIELD WELL	20 21 22	FIELD RESID. CHLORINE FREE				23 24				25 26			TOTAL			TIME	1005	

METHOD: FUSED SILICA CAPILLARY GC/MS (EPA 625)

AROMATICS

phenol	<1
2-Chlorophenol	
2-nitrophenol	
2,4-dimethylphenol	
2,4-dichlorophenol	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	-
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	
2,4-dinitrophenol	
4-nitrophenol	
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	
pentachlorophenol	N

PAHs

CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	<1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	
hexachloroethane	
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	
hexachlorobutadiene	
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	
2-Chloronaphthalene	
hexachlorobenzene	

HALOGENATED

bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	<1
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	
4-Chlorophenylphenylether	
4-Bromophenylphenylether	N

NITROAROMATIC AND POLYAROMATIC

Nitrobenzene	0469
isophorone	
2,6-dinitrotoluene	
2,4-dinitrotoluene	

N-Nitrosodimethylamine	N/A
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	<1
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	
benzidine	25
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	<5

POLYAROMATIC AROMATICS

naphthalene	<1
acenaphthylene	
acenaphthene	
fluorene	
Phenanthrene	
anthracene	
Fluoranthene	
Pyrene	
Benz(a)anthracene	
Chrysene	
Benz(b)fluoranthene	
Benz(k)fluoranthene	
Benz(a)pyrene	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	
Benz(g,h,i)perylene	

PHTHALATE ESTERS

Dimethyl phthalate	<1
Diethyl phthalate	<1
Di-N-butyl phthalate	<1
Butylbenzyl phthalate	32
bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	2
Di-N-octyl phthalate	<1

Results reported in micrograms/Liter (ppm)
EXTRACTABLE COMPOUNDS FOUND

35
STATE OF MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION
TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSISOriginal
CopyBOTTLE
NUMBEREM-188DORCHESTER
Name of CountySOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TRAILER COLLECTOR ASPIEN / KIRK / FORTUNE

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION _____ SOURCE _____ OTHER _____

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private MINING WELL

Landfill observation well _____ stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) BACKGROUND WELL SAMPLE FROM TO PLANT OPERATIONREMARKS: COLLECTED FROM WELL NO DC-91-1122; strong hydrogen sulfide odor; pipe
IS LEAKY; turbid

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
TRANS TYPE	COMM		PLANT NO			

8	9	10	11
SAMP. NO			

12	13	14	15	16	17
DATE COLLECTED					

18	19
CARD NO	

20	21	22
FIELD		

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE. FREE

23	24
TOTAL	

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

Chloromethane	<1.	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1.
Bromomethane		Trichloroethene	
Dichlorodifluoromethane		Dibromochloromethane	
Vinyl chloride		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	
Chloroethane		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	
Methylene chloride		2-Chloroethylvinylether	
Trichlorofluoromethane		Bromoform	
1,1-Dichloroethene		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	
1,1-Dichloroethane		Tetrachloroethene	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		Chlorobenzene	
Chloroform		Total Trihalomethanes	
1,2-Dichloroethane		Other Purgeable Organics:	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane			
Carbon Tetrachloride			
Bromodichloromethane			
1,2-Dichloropropane			

Purgeable Aromatics (EPA 602)

Benzene	<1.
Toluene	<1.
Ethylbenzene	<1.
Total Xylenes	<2.
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	
Tetrahydrofuran	
Methylethylketone	
(2-Butanone) (MEK)	
Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	

AR100469

Results reported in micograms per liter (parts per billion)

OCT 4 1983

OCT 24 1983

00092

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION
REPORT OF WATER ANALYSIS

WMH

Bottle Number: EMT-188 Name: EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATING County: DORCHESTER

Source of Sample: Clarks Canning House Rd Street Federalburg, MD Town or City Collector: SPLEEN/KIRK/FOR

Sample Type Community Non-Community Private Emergency Recheck Routine
(Circle): Source Distribution MCL

Remarks: COLLECTED FROM WELL NO. DO-81-0188; strong odor of hydrogen sulfide pumped off is gal; toxic - greenish

DO	Plant No.	Sampling Station	100483	10 AM	1005 HRS	Acid	Iced
County			Date Collected	Time			
Field Data:		Chlorine Residual		↓		Total	Specific Conductance
		pH*		Free			

ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS	ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS
pH*	011		Arsenic	253	<10.91
Alkalinity (Total)	040		Barium	262	
Alkalinity (HCO ₃)	050		Cadmium	273	
Alkalinity (CO ₃)	060		Chromium	283	10.02
pH*, Ca CO ₃ SAT.	071		Lead	302	
Alkalinity, Ca CO ₃ , SAT	080		Mercury	314	
Hardness	110		Selenium	323	
Ammonia-N	143		Silver	333	
Nitrate-Nitrite N	162		Aluminum	192	
Nitrite N	173		Calcium	231	
MBAS	182		Copper	241	10.91
Chloride	091		Iron	122	
Fluoride	101		Magnesium	241	
Color*	020		Manganese	133	
Turbidity*	031		Nickel	391	
Conductance*, SPEC.	201		Potassium	361	
Silica	210		Sodium	371	
Sulfate	220		Zinc	342	
Total Residue	381		Office of Envir. Management Send copy to Waste Management Centreville Multi-Bentley 126 Broadway Centreville, MD 21617		
AR/100470			126 Broadway	21617	04582
			Centreville, MD	21617	04582

* Results reported in units, all others in milligrams per liter (ppm)

Date Received 10/12/82

Date Reported 10/12/82

Bruce L. Solnick, Ph.D., Chemist Lab No. 04582
DHMH 90-A 10/82

37
MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MARYLAND HYGIENE
Labs Administration
Howard and Riddle Streets
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

JAN 25 1984

Lab. No. 000928

Hazardous Waste Laboratory
Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector ESDEN/KIRK/FORTUNE 10/14/83 ICED Sample Source EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATING
Name/time/date

Sample ID No. EM-189 Preservative Used ICED

Sample Alert _____

Chain of Custody sample possession

From BEST KIRK 11/27/83 Name/time/date to EV Baily, Jr. 11/27 Name/time/date OCT 4 1983

From _____ to _____ Name/time/date

From _____ to _____ Name/time/date

EP Toxicity Organics
PPb

endrin _____
lindane _____
methoxychlor _____
toxaphene _____
2, 4-D _____
2, 4, 5-TP(silvex) _____

Organics Analysis



- *Purgeable halocarbons
- *Purgeable aromatics
- *Acrolein & Acrylonitrile
- *Phenols
- *Phthalate esters
- *Organochlorine Pesticides & PCB
- *Nitroaromatics & Isophorone
- *Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons
- *Haloethers
- *Chlorinated hydrocarbons
- *see other side for specific compounds

SEE ATTACHED SHEET

AR100471

Organic identification and comparison _____

oil and grease _____ PPM

Section Chief: V. Baily

Date: JAN 17 1984 Verified by: V. Baily

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SENIOR SERVICES
LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION
ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY DIVISION
TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY

PAGE 2 OF 2
(ppb)

EXTRACTABLE ORGANICS ANALYSIS (EPA 625)

COLLECTION NO. EM-189 COLLECTION ASBESTOS/FIRE/FOOTING COUNTY DORCHESTER
UNSUB STATUS EASTERN MARYLAND WOODTREATING
SAMPLE SITE (SPECIFY) MON. WELL

REMARKS: _____

TRANS	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TYPE	COUNTY	PLATINUM NO.	SAMPLING STATION				DATE COLLECTED								CARD NO.			
20	21	22					73	24			25	26						
PERIOD																		
pH																		

METHOD: FUSED SILICA CAPILLARY GC/MS (EPA 625)

RESULTS

phenol	<1	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	N/A
2-Chlorophenol	<1	N-Nitrosodipropylamine	<1
2-nitrophenol	<1	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	<1
2,4-dimethylphenol	<1	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	<1
2,4-dichlorophenol	<1	Benzidine	<5
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	<1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	<5
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	<1		
2,4-dinitrophenol	<1		
2-nitrophenol	<1		
2-nethyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	<1		
pentachlorophenol	<1		

SOCIAL-ORGANIC

CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS	<1	Naphthalene	<1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	<1	Acenaphthylene	<1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	<1	Acenaphthene	<1
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	<1	Fluorene	<1
hexachloroethane	<1	Phenanthrene	<1
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	<1	Anthracene	<1
hexachlorobutadiene	<1	Fluoranthene	<1
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<1	Pyrene	<1
2-Chloronaphthalene	<1	Benzo(a)anthracene	<1
hexachlorobenzene	<1	Chrysene	<1

HALOULPHENES

cis(2-chloroethyl)ether	<1	benzo(b)fluoranthene	<1
cis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	<1	benzo(k)fluoranthene	<1
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	<1	benzo(a)pyrene	<1
4-Chlorophenylphenylether	<1	Indeno(1,2,3- <i>cd</i>)pyrene	<1
4-Bromophenylphenylether	<1	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	<1

NITROAROMATIC AND POLYNUCLEIC ACIDS

Nitrobenzene	0.0672	bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	3
Isophorone	<1	Di-N-octyl phthalate	<1
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	<1		
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	<1		

Results reported in micrograms/Liter (ppb)
NOTE: OTHER EXTRACTABLE COMPOUNDS WERE FOUND

scanned

JAN 17 1981

V.P. Hill

2/2

39
STATE OF MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION
TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSISORIGINAL
(Req)BOTTLE
NUMBER

EM-189

DORCHESTER
Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MARYLAND WOD TREATING COLLECTOR ASPLEN / KIRK / FORTUNE

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____
(specify)

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private monitoring well _____

Landfill observation well _____ stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) GROUND WELL SAMPLE DUE TO PLANT OPERATION

REMARKS: COLLECTED FROM WELL NO. DI-91-0159; collected during hydroge
n sulfide color; pumped off 15 gal (~ approx 51L); slight greenish 1
TRANS
TYPE 2
COUNTY 3
PLANT NO.
4 5 6 7 8
SAVING
STATION
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17
10/04/83 DATE COLLECTED 18 19
CARD
NO.FIELD
DH 20 21 22

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

 23 24
TOTAL 25

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

Chloromethane <1.
 Bromomethane
 Dichlorodifluoromethane
 Vinyl chloride
 Chloroethane
 Methylene chloride
 Trichloroformmethane
 1,1-Dichloroethene
 1,1-Dichloroethane
 trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
 Chloroform
 1,2-Dichloroethane
 1,1,1-Trichloroethane
 Carbon Tetrachloride
 Bromodichloromethane
 1,2-Dichloropropane

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene <1.
 Trichloroethene
 Dibromochloromethane
 1,1,2-Trichloroethane
 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
 2-Chloroethylvinylether
 Bromoform
 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
 Tetrachloroethene
 Chlorobenzene
 Total Trihalomethanes

Other Purgeable Organics:

Purgeable Aromatics (EPA 602)

Benzene <1.
 Toluene
 Ethylbenzene
 Total Xylenes <2
 Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons
 Tetrahydrofuran
 Methylethylketone
 (2-Butanone) (MEK)
 Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)

AR100473

DATE RECEIVED

OCT

Results reported in micograms per liter (parts per billion)
4 1983 DATE REPORTED OCT 24 1983 CHEMIST

00091

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION
REPORT OF WATER ANALYSIS

WMDA

ORIGINAL
(Red)

Bottle

Number: EM-189

Name: EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATING County: DORCHESTER

Source of Sample: Elacks Cemetery House Rd Street Federalsburg, MD Town or City Collector: BSB/EM/KIRK/ESC

Sample Type (Circle):	Community Source	Non-Community Distribution	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Private MCL	Emergency Recheck	Routine
--------------------------	---------------------	-------------------------------	---	----------------------	---------

Remarks: COLLECTED FROM WELL NO. 00-81-0189; moderate, strong hydrogen sulfide odor; pumped off 15 GAL (approx & Vol)

DO County	Plant No.	Sampling Station	100141813 Date Collected	1040 HRS Time	<input type="checkbox"/> Acid	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Iced
Field Data:					Total	Specific Conductance
			Chlorine Residual	Free		
			pH*			

ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS	ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS
pH*	011	1 1 1 1 1	Arsenic	253	1 < 0.01
Alkalinity (Total)	040	1 1 1 1 1	Barium	262	1 1 1 1 1
Alkalinity (HCO ₃)	050	1 1 1 1 1	Cadmium	273	1 1 1 1 1
Alkalinity (CO ₃)	060	1 1 1 1 1	Chromium	283	1 1 0.01
pH*, Ca CO ₃ , SAT.	071	1 1 1 1 1	Lead	302	1 1 1 1 1
Alkalinity, Ca CO ₃ , SAT	080	1 1 1 1 1	Mercury	314	1 1 1 1 1
Hardness	110	1 1 1 1 1	Selenium	323	1 1 1 1 1
Ammonia-N	143	1 1 1 1 1	Silver	333	1 1 1 1 1
Nitrate-Nitrite N	162	1 1 1 1 1	Aluminum	192	1 1 1 1 1
Nitrite N	173	1 1 1 1 1	Calcium	231	1 1 1 1 1
MBAS	182	1 1 1 1 1	Copper	241	1 1 0.01
Chloride	091	1 1 1 1 1	Iron	122	1 1 1 1 1
Fluoride	101	1 1 1 1 1	Magnesium	241	1 1 1 1 1
Color*	020	1 1 1 1 1	Manganese	133	1 1 1 1 1
Turbidity*	031	1 1 1 1 1	Nickel	391	1 1 1 1 1
Conductance*, SPEC.	201	1 1 1 1 1	Potassium	361	1 1 1 1 1
Silica	210	1 1 1 1 1	Sodium	371	1 1 1 1 1
Sulfate	220	1 1 1 1 1	Zinc	342	1 1 1 1 1
Total Residue	381	1 1 1 1 1	Office of Env't. 10:40 AM		
			State of Maryland Water Management Admin.		
			Centreville Mill St. Bldg. C		
AR100474			26 Broadway 12116-17		
			Centreville, MD 20742		

* Results reported in units, all others in milligrams per liter (ppm)

Date Received DHMH 90-A 10/82 Date Reported 10/10/82 Chemist Bruce Lab No. 04583

50M

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 Howard and Biddle Streets
 P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

PAGE 1 OF 1

Lab. No.

1000924

Hazardous Waste Laboratory
 Organic Analysis Report Form

Priority _____

Collector BRENT/KIRK/FORTUNE VI-14-83 Sample Source EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TURNING
 Name/time/date

Sample ID No. ESTI - 190 Preservative Used ICED

Sample Alert _____

Chain of Custody sample possession

From BRENT KIRK 11/25/83 to L.L.Hill, Jr. 11/25/83 OCT 4 1983
 Name/time/date Name/time/date

From _____ to _____
 Name/time/date Name/time/date

From _____ to _____
 Name/time/date Name/time/date

EP Toxicity Organics
 PPb

endrin	_____
lindane	_____
methoxychlor	_____
toxaphene	_____
2, 4-D	_____
2, 4, 5-TP(silvex)	_____

Organics Analysis

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

- *Purgeable halocarbons
- *Purgeable aromatics
- *Acrolein & Acrylonitrile
- *Phenols
- *Phthalate esters
- *Organochlorine Pesticides & PCB
- *Nitroaromatics & Isophorone
- *Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons
- *Haloethers
- *Chlorinated hydrocarbons
- *see other side for specific compounds

SEE ATTACHED SHEET

AR100475

Organic identification and comparison _____

oil and grease _____ PTW

Section Chief: L.Hill

Date: JAN 17 1984

Verified L.Hill
 By:

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
ENVIRONMENTAL ADMINISTRATION
ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY DIVISION
TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY

PAGE 2 OF 2

EXTRACTABLE ORGANICS ANALYSIS (EPA 625)

CONTAINER NO. EM-190

COLLECTION ASPLEN/KIRK FERTILE COUNTY DORCHESTER.

WATER SOURCE EASTERN MARYLAND W.C.D TREATMENT

UNCLASSIFIED (TYPE) MCN. WELL

REMARKS:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY		PLANT NO.				SAMPLING STATION				DATE RECEIVED							CARD NO.
20	21	22					23	24			25	26						
FIELD pH	[]	[]	FIELD RESID. CHLORINE:REE	[]			TOTAL	[]			TIME	[]						0910

METHOD: FUSED SILICA CAPILLARY GC/MS (EPA 625)

AMINES

Phenol
2-Chlorophenol
2-nitropbenol
2,4-dimethylphenol
2,4-dichlorophenol
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol
2,4,6-trichlorophenol
2,4-dinitropbenol
4-nitropbenol
2-methyl-4,6-dinitropbenol
pentachlorophenol

<1
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]

N-Nitrosodimethylamine
N-Nitrosodipropylamine
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine
Benzidine
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine

N/A

<1

↓

<5

<5

ACID-NEUTRALS

CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
1,3-dichlorobenzene
1,4-dichlorobenzene
1,2-dichlorobenzene
hexachloroethane
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene
hexachlorobutadiene
hexachlorocyclopentadiene
2-Chloronaphthalene
hexachlorobenzene

<1
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]

Naphthalene
acenaphthylene
acenaphthene
Fluorene
Phenanthrene
anthracene
Fluoranthene
Pyrene
benzo(a)anthracene
Chrysene
benzo(b)fluoranthene
benzo(k)fluoranthene
benzo(a)pyrene
Indeno(1,2,3-*cd*)pyrene
dibenzo(a,h)anthracene
benzo(g,h,i)perylene

<1

HALOETHERS

bis(2-chloroethyl)ether
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane
4-Chlorophenylphenylether
4-Bromophenylphenylether

<1
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]

PHthalATE ESTERS

Dimethyl phthalate
Diethyl phthalate
Di-N-butyl phthalate
Butylbenzyl phthalate
bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate
di-N-octyl phthalate

<1

2

<1

476

<1

NITROAROMATICS AND ISOPHORONE

Nitrobenzene
Isophorone
2,6-dinitrotoluene
2,4-dinitrotoluene

<1
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]
[]

Results reported in micrograms/liter (ppb)
NO OTHER EXTRACTABLE
(COMPOUNDS WERE FOUND)

11/02

1/1001

V Gill

092A

43
STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

NOV 7 1983

LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION
TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

BOTTLE
NUMBER

E07-190

DORCHESTER

Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE ESTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATING COLLECTOR REPLEN/ KIRK/ FORTUNE

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION _____ SOURCE _____ OTHER _____

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private monitoring well _____

Landfill observation well _____ stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) ES-KIRKWOOD WELL SAMPLE PRIOR TO PLANT OPERATION

REMARKS: collected from well no. DC-51-C100; found CCC total CFC (is CO2, trichloro; purified prior to analysis for collection

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TYPE	COUNTY		F.M.T.D.				SAMPLING				DATE COLLECTED							CARD NO
TRANS							STATION											

FIELD	20	21	22	23	24	TOTAL	25	26
RESID.								

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE FREE

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)		Purgeable Aromatics (EPA 602)	
Chloromethane	<1	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1
Bromomethane		Trichloroethene	
Dichlorodifluoromethane		Dibromo-chloromethane	
Vinyl chloride		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	
Chloroethane		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	
Methylene chloride		2-Chloroethylvinylether	
Trichlorofluoromethane		Bromoform	
1,1-Dichloroethene		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	
1,1-Dichloroethane		Tetrachloroethene	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		Chlorobenzene	
Chloroform		Total Trihalomethanes	
1,2-Dichloroethane		Other Purgeable Organics:	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane			
Carbon Tetrachloride			
Bromodichloromethane			
1,2-Dichloropropane			

Results reported in micograms per liter (parts per billion)
 DATE RECEIVED OCT 4 1983 DATE REPORTED OCT 24 1983 CHEMIST Vail IAR NO 0009%

W.M.P.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION
REPORT OF WATER ANALYSIS

Bottle Number: EM-190 Name: EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATMENT County: DORCHESTER

Source of Sample: Clocks, Canning House Rd, Federalsburg, MD Street: _____ Town or City: _____ Collector: ESSEN/KIRK/F

Sample Type: Community Non-Community Private Emergency Routine
(Circle): Source Distribution MCL Recheck

Remarks: COLLECTED FROM WELL NO. 00-SI-0190; pumped 250 total of 15 gal; pumped day three times before collection

<u>00</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>100483</u>	<u>0910 hrs</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
County	Plant No.	Sampling Station	Date Collected	Time	Acid	Iced
Field Data:		<u>Chlorine Residual</u>	<u>Free</u>	<u>Total</u>	Specific Conductance	

ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS	ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS
pH*	011		Arsenic	253	< 0.01
Alkalinit. (Total)	040		Barium	262	
Alkalinity (HCO ₃)	050		Cadmium	273	
Alkalinity (CO ₃)	060		Chromium	223	< 0.01
pH*, Ca CO ₃ , SAT.	071		Lead	302	
Alkalinity, Ca CO ₃ , SAT	080		Mercury	314	
Hardness	110		Selenium	323	
Ammonia-N	143		Silver	333	
Nitrate-Nitrite N	162		Aluminum	192	
Nitrite N	173		Calcium	231	
MBAS	182		Copper	241	< 0.01
Chloride	091		Iron	122	
Fluoride	101		Magnesium	241	
Color*	020		Manganese	133	
Turbidity*	031		Nickel	391	
Conductance*, SPEC.	201		Potassium	361	
Silica	210		Sodium	371	
Sulfate	220		Zinc	342	
Total Residue	381		Office of Environ. Impairment		
			Solid Waste Management Adminstration		
			Centreville Multi-Service Center		
			ART.00478		
			120 Broadway		
			Centreville, Md. 21617		

* Results reported in parts, all others in milligrams per liter (ppm)

Date Received Oct 14, 1982 Date Reported Oct 17, 1982 Chemist Price L. S. 12-1-2, F. D. Lab No. 04584
DMMH 90-A 10/22 OCT 4 1982

45
MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MARYLAND HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
Howard and Riddle Streets
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

JAN 25 1984

(Recd)

Lab. No. 000925

Hazardous Waste Laboratory
Organic Analysis Report Form.

Priority _____

Collector REED/KIRK/EXPLANE 10-4-83 Sample Source EASTERN MARYLAND WASTE TREATING
Name/time/date

Sample ID No. EM - 19 Preservative Used ICED

Sample Alert _____

Chain of Custody sample possession

From BRENT KIRK 1126 A.M. 10/4/83 to V.L. Hill Jr. / 1126 OCT 4 1983
Name/time/date Name/time/date

From _____ to _____
Name/time/date Name/time/date

From _____ to _____
Name/time/date Name/time/date

EP Toxicity Organics

PPB

endrin _____
lindane _____
methoxychlor _____
toxaphene _____
2, 4-D _____
2, 4, 5-TP(silvex) _____

Organics Analysis

✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓

- *Purgeable halocarbons _____
- *Purgeable aromatics _____
- *Acrolein & Acrylonitrile _____
- *Phenols _____
- *Phthalate esters _____
- *Organochlorine Pesticides & PCB _____
- *Nitroaromatics & Isophorone _____
- *Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons _____
- *Haloethers _____
- *Chlorinated hydrocarbons _____
- *see other side for specific compounds _____

SEE ATTACHED SHEET

AR100479

Organic identification and comparison _____

oil and grease _____ PPM

Section Chief: V.L.Hill

Date: 17 1984

Verified By: V.L.Hill

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION
ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY DIVISION
TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY

PAGE 2 OF 2 *Original*

EXTRACTABLE ORGANICS ANALYSIS (EPA 625)

COLLECTOR NO. EM-191

COLLECTOR ASPLEN/JURK/FORTUNE COUNTY DORCHESTER

UNPOLLUTED WOOD TREATING

SAMPLE SITE (SPECIFY) MCL WELL

REMARKS:

TRANS TYPE 20 21 22	2 COUNTY	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	CARD NO.
SAMPLING STATION										DATE COLLECTED									
											10	0	4	8	3				

METHOD: FUSED SILICA CAPILLARY GC/MS (EPA 625)

ACIDS

phenol
2-Chlorophenol
2-nitrophenol
2,4-dimethylphenol
2,4-dichlorophenol
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol
2,4,6-trichlorophenol
2,4-dinitrophenol
4-nitrophenol
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol
pentachlorophenol

<1	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	N/A
	N-Nitrosodipropylamine	<1
	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	
	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	
	benzidine	<5
	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	<5

POLYNUCLEAR AROMATICS

naphthalene	<1
acenaphthylene	
acenaphthene	
fluorene	
Phenanthrene	
anthracene	
Fluoranthene	
styrene	
benzo(a)anthracene	
Chrysene	
benzo(b)fluoranthene	
benzo(k)fluoranthene	
benzo(a)pyrene	
Indeno(1,2,3- <i>cd</i>)pyrene	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	

NEUTRALS

CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
1,3-Dichlorobenzene
1,4-Dichlorobenzene
1,2-Dichlorobenzene
hexachloroethane
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
hexachlorobutadiene
hexachlorocyclopentadiene
2-Chloronaphthalene
hexachlorobenzene

<1	

NATOGENS

bis(2-chloroethyl)ether
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane
4-Chlorophenylphenylether
4-bromophenylphenylether AR 100480

<u>PHTHALATE ESTERS</u>	
Dimethyl phthalate	<1
Diethyl phthalate	<1
Di-N-butyl phthalate	2
Butylbenzyl phthalate	32
bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	6
Di-N-octyl phthalate	<1

NITROAROMATICS AND ISOPHORONE

Nitrobenzene
Isophorone
2,6-Dinitrotoluene
2,4-Dinitrotoluene

Results reported in micrograms/liter
NO OTHER EXTRACTABLE (ppb)
COMPOUNDS WERE FOUND

1.1

16.1

16.0

1.1 10 1725

47
STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION
TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

DORCHESTER
(Recd)

BOTTLE
NUMBER

EM-191

DORCHESTER

Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATING COLLECTOR ASBLEN / KIRK / FORTUNE.

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____
(specify)

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private monitoring well _____

Landfill observation well _____ stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) BACKGROUND WELL SAMPLE PRIOR TO PLANT OPERATION

REMARKS: COLLECTED FROM WELL NO. DG-91-C191; 2-3 GPM flow rate well dry;
very twisted; left well 50 min to recharge

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO	SAMPLING STATION					DATE COLLECTED					CARD NO					

20	21	22	23	24	25	26
FIELD PH						

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

TOTAL

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

Chloromethane	<1
Bromomethane	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	
Vinyl chloride	
Chloroethane	
Methylene chloride	
Trichlorofluoromethane	
1,1-Dichloroethene	
1,1-Dichloroethane	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	
Chloroform	
1,2-Dichloroethane	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	
Carbon Tetrachloride	
Bromodichloromethane	
1,2-Dichloropropane	

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1
Trichloroethene	
Dibromochloromethane	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	
2-Chloroethylvinylether	
Bromoform	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	
Tetrachloroethene	
Chlorobenzene	
Total Trihalomethanes	

Other Purgeable Organics:

Purgeable Aromatics (EPA 602)

Benzene	<1
Toluene	
Ethylbenzene	
Total Xylenes	<2
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	
Tetrahydrofuran	
Methylethylketone	
(2-Butanone) (MEK)	
Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	

AR100481

DATE RECEIVED OCT 4 1983

DATE REPORTED OCT 24 1983

CHEMIST lll

100092

Results reported in micograms per liter (parts per billion)

WMA

DEPARTM. OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
LABORATORIES ADMINISTRATION
REPORT OF WATER ANALYSIS

Bottle

Number: EM-191Name: EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TRADING County: DORCHESTERSource of Sample: Clarks Canning House Rd Street: Federalsburg, MD Town or City: Collector: ASPLIN/KIRK/FINESample Type
(Circle):Community
SourceNon-Community
Distribution Private
MCLEmergency
Recheck

Routine

Remarks:

COLLECTED FROM WELL NO. DO-91-0191; 2-3 GAL prepared well dry;
left 50 min to recharge before collection. DO
County

100483

Date Collected

10 AM

Time

Acid
Iced

Field Data:

pH°Sampling
StationChlorine
Residual
Free
Total

Specific Conductance

ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS	ANALYSIS	CODE	RESULTS
pH°	011		✓	253	140.91
Alkalinity (Total)	040		Arsenic	262	
Alkalinity (HCO ₃)	050		Barium	273	
Alkalinity (CO ₃)	060		Cadmium	283	
pH°, Ca CO, SAT.	071		Chromium	302	10.13
Alkalinity, Ca CO, SAT	080		Lead	314	
Hardness	110		Mercury	323	
Ammonia-N	143		Selenium	333	
Nitrate-Nitrite N	162		Silver	192	
Nitrite N	173		Aluminum	231	
MBAS	182		Calcium	241	10.91
Chloride	091		Copper	122	
Fluoride	101		Iron	241	
Color*	020		Magnesium	241	
Turbidity*	031		Manganese	133	
Conductance*, SPEC.	201		Nickel	391	
Silica	210		Potassium	361	
Sulfate	220		Sodium	371	
Total Residue	381		Zinc	342	
AR/100482			Office of Environmental Health Waste Management Advisor		
			Centreville Office - St. Michaels Station		
			120 Broadaway	121617	
			Centreville, MD 21617		

* Results reported in units, all others in milligrams per liter (ppm)

Date Received 13

DOHMH 90 A 10 '82 CCT 4 1983

Date Report 15 1983

Chemistry

Lab No. 14585

50M

Eden

ORIGINAL
(Rec)

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Laboratories Administration

Howard and Biddle Streets

P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Program:

RCRA X

NPDES _____

SPECIFY _____

Hazardous Waste Laboratory

Multi Sample Submission Form

Lab. No. 871094

Priority ASAP

Collector Hofre 12/8/87

Name/time/date

Sample Source EASTERLY MD WOOD

Sample ID No. (List below)

Preservative Used 2% TANIN / 1-HNO₃

Sample Alert NONE

Chain of Custody sample possession

From Hofre 10:25 12/9/87

Name/time/date

To Jania Reed 10:25 12-9-87

Name/time/date

From _____
Name/time/date

To _____
Name/time/date

ORGANIC

1 EMWT W-1

INORGANIC

11 _____

METAL

2 " W-2

12 _____

3 " W-3

13 _____

4 " W-4

14 _____

5 " W-5

15 _____

6 " PW-1

16 _____

AR100483

7 Three Cubes Per Well

17 _____

8 _____

18 _____

9 _____

19 _____

DS 1-20-Yt

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

BOTTLE NUMBER

EWW-1

OCT 8 1987

RECEIVED
 ENVIRONMENTAL DIVISION
 ORIGINAL (REG)

Dorchester
 Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD Wood COLLECTOR E. HOFER

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____
 Community: _____ noncommunity: _____ private: _____ Ispecify: _____

Landfill observation well X stream: _____ tidal waters: _____

Industrial effluent: _____ STP sampling station: _____ STP effluent: _____

Chlorinated: _____ preserved with thiosulfate: _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey: _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination: _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination: _____

Other (specify): _____

REMARKS: 2" wells

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.	SAMPLING STATION			DATE COLLECTED						CARD NO.						

FIELD
pH 20 21 22

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE-FREE

23 24 1 TOTAL 25 26

0804 P 8061

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601/624)

Chloromethane	<u><1.</u>	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u><1.</u>	Benzene	<u><1.</u>
Bromomethane	<u>-</u>	Trichloroethene	<u>-</u>	Toluene	<u>-</u>
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<u>-</u>	Dibromochloromethane	<u>-</u>	Ethylbenzene	<u>-</u>
Vinyl chloride	<u>-</u>	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<u>-</u>	Total Xylenes	<u>-</u>
Chloroethane	<u>-</u>	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u>-</u>	Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	<u>-</u>
Methylene chloride	<u>-</u>	2-Chloroethylvinylether	<u>-</u>	Tetrahydrofuran	<u>13.</u>
Trichlorofluoromethane	<u>-</u>	Bromoform	<u>-</u>	(2-Butanone) (MEK)	<u>N.D.</u>
1,1-Dichloroethene	<u>-</u>	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u>-</u>	Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	<u>-</u>
1,1-Dichloroethane	<u>-</u>	Tetrachloroethene	<u>-</u>	Acrolein	<u>-</u>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<u>-</u>	Chlorobenzene	<u>-</u>	Acrylonitrile	<u>-</u>
Chloroform	<u>-</u>	Total Trihalomethanes	<u>-</u>	Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.	<u>-</u>
1,2-Dichloroethane	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Carbon Tetrachloride	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
1,2-Dichloropropane	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

AR100484

DATE RECEIVED SEP 1 1987

DATE REPORTED

OCT 01 1987

CHEMIST

881061

DHMH 749 11/86

2M

LAB. NO.

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Labs Administration

P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Priority ASAP

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form Lab No. 870094

Collector Hof

12/8/87

Sample Source EASTERN MD WOOD

Sample ID no. EMWT-W-21

Preservative Used NONE

Sample Alert ED

Specify Program:

RGA: X

NPDES: _____

CPR: _____

1003

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: Hof

12/8/87

To: SUB FORM

From: _____

Name/Time/Date

To: _____

Name/Time/Date

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> pH	6.0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chloride	15.0	com-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conductivity-umhos/cm	/ 71925°C	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fluoride		com-F
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Turbidity	240 NTU	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Iodide		com-I
<input type="checkbox"/> Color		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cyanide, total		com-CN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue non-filterable	129 com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cyanide, reactive		com-CN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue filterable	92 com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cyanide, susceptible to chlorination		com-CN
<input type="checkbox"/> Residue, total		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phenol, 4-NP		com-phenol
<input type="checkbox"/> Residue volatile		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Acidity, total		com-CaCO ₃
<input type="checkbox"/> Specific gravity	025°C	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alkalinity, total	30.7	com-CaCO ₃
<input type="checkbox"/> Free liquid test	2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hardness, total	27.3	com-CaCO ₃
<input type="checkbox"/> Corrosivity	pH	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Carbon Dioxide		com-CaCO ₃
<input type="checkbox"/> Ignitability	°C	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Methylene Blue Active Substance		com-MBAS
<input type="checkbox"/> Oil and Grease	com	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorine, total	< 0.44	com-Cl
<input type="checkbox"/> Ammonia	com-N	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorine, free		com-Cl
<input type="checkbox"/> Kjeldahl Nitrogen	com-N	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dissolved oxygen		com-DO
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nitrite	com-N	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Biochemical oxygen demand		com-BOD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nitrate plus Nitrite	com-N	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nitrogen oxygen demand		com-NOD
<input type="checkbox"/> Phosphate, ortho	com-P	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chemical oxygen demand		com-COD
<input type="checkbox"/> Phosphate, total	com-P	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Organic carbon, total		com-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sulfate	26 com-SO ₄	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inorganic carbon		com-C
<input type="checkbox"/> Sulfite	com-SO ₃	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tannin, Lignin		com-C
<input type="checkbox"/> Sulfide	com-S	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Salinity		com-C
<input type="checkbox"/> Sulfide, reactive	com-S			com-TA
<input type="checkbox"/> Bromide	com-Br			0/0C

ART00485

com-Taric acid

Section Chief: _____

Date: 1-20-ff

Verified by: Deafon

Authorized by:

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2335
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Hazardous Waste Laboratory
General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

HW 80
ORIGINAL
REPO

Priority ASAP
Collector Hofre 12/8/81 Sample Source EASTERN MD WOOD
Name/Time/Date
sample ID No. EMWT W-1 Preservative Used NONE
sample Alert _____

specify Program:

PCPA: X NPES: _____ OTHER: ECO

Main of Custody Sample Possession:

From: Hofre 12/8/81 To: SUBFORM
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date
From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date
From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date
From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

- pH
 Ammonia
 Kjeldahl Nitrogen
 Nitrite
 Nitrate plus Nitrite
 Phosphate, ortho
 Phosphate, total
 Chlorine, total
 Chlorine, free
 Dissolved Oxygen
 Biochemical Oxygen Demand
 Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
 Chemical Oxygen Demand
 Organic carbon, total
 Inorganic Carbon

L.A. ppm-N
ppm-N
.008 ppm-N
<0.2 ppm-N
ppm-P
ppm-P
ppm-Cl
ppm-Cl
ppm-DO
ppm-BCD
ppm-NOD
<10 ppm-COD
ppm-C
ppm-C

AR 100487

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
J. Michael Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

BOTTLE NUMBER EMWT W-1

(Signature)
Dorchester
 Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD WOOD COLLECTOR Hof

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER (specify) _____

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private _____

Observation well stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) _____

REMARKS: Hofar 12/8/87 - 1209 P.M. 52

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO	SAMPLING STATION					DATE COLLECTED					CARD NO					
			<u>W-1</u>					<u>120887</u>										

FIELD	20	21	22	23	24	TOTAL	25	26
RESID.	<u>1</u>							

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

624

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 603)		Purgeable Aromatics	
Chloromethane	<u><1</u>	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u><1</u>
Bromomethane	<u>-</u>	Trichloroethene	<u>-</u>
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<u>-</u>	Dibromochloromethane	<u>-</u>
Vinyl chloride	<u>-</u>	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<u>-</u>
Chloroethane	<u>-</u>	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u>-</u>
Methylene chloride	<u>-</u>	2-Chloroethyl-mylether	<u>-</u>
Trichlorofluoromethane	<u>-</u>	Eromoform	<u>-</u>
1,1-Dichloroethene	<u>-</u>	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u>-</u>
1,1-Dichloroethane	<u>-</u>	Tetrachloroethene	<u>-</u>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<u>-</u>	Chlorobenzene	<u>-</u>
Chloroform	<u>-</u>	Total Trihalomethanes	<u>-</u>
1,2-Dichloroethane	<u>-</u>	Other Purgeable Organics: J.O.	<u>-</u>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Carbon Tetrachloride	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Bromodichloromethane	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
1,2-Dichloropropane	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion):

DATE RECEIVED 11/11/87 DATE REPORTED DEC 17 1987 CHEMIST Mill LAB. NO. 882652
 DHMH 749 11/86 2M

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 22255
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

HW 45

Priority ASAP

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY Lab No. 870847
General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

ORIGINAL

(Rev)

Collector HOFFER 9/3/87 Sample Source EASTERN MD WOOD TREATING
Name/Time/Date

Sample ID No. EWW-3 Preservative Used. NONE

Sample Alert NONE

Specify Program:

EPA: NPDES: OTHER:

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date

- pH
- Ammonia
- ~~Kjeldahl Nitrogen~~
- Nitrite
- Nitrate plus Nitrite
- Phosphate, ortho
- Phosphate, total
- Chlorine, total
- Chlorine, free
- Dissolved Oxygen
- Biochemical Oxygen Demand
- Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
- Chemical Oxygen Demand
- Organic carbon, total
- Inorganic Carbon

0.9	ppm-N
0.0	ppm-N
0.0	ppm-N
0.0	ppm-P
0.0	ppm-P
0.0	ppm-Cl
0.0	ppm-Cl
0.0	ppm-DO
0.0	ppm-BOD
0.0	ppm-NOD
25	ppm-COD
0.0	ppm-C
0.0	ppm-C

AR100490

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston Street
J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director
TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

RECEIVED
OCT 2 1987

ORIGIN
(Red)

NUMBER

EW W-4

Dorchester

Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD Wood COLLECTOR E. HOFER

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private _____

Landfill observation well stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) _____

REMARKS: 2" wells

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY		PLANT NO				4				0	9	0	3	8	7		

FIELD
PH

20 21 22

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

23 24

TOTAL

25 26

090861067

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA Method 628)

Chloromethane
Bromomethane
Dichlorodifluoromethane
Vinyl chloride
Chloroethane
Methylene chloride
Trichlorofluoromethane
1,1-Dichloroethene
1,1-Dichloroethane
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
Chloroform
1,2-Dichloroethane
1,1,1-Trichloroethane
Carbon Tetrachloride
Eodichloromethane
1,2-Dichloropropane

✓
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene
Trichloroethene
Dibromochloromethane
1,1,2-Trichloroethane
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
2-Chloroethylvinylether
Bromoform
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethene
Tetrachloroethene
Chlorobenzene

Total Trihalomethanes
Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.

Purgeable Aromatics

Benzene
Toluene
Ethylbenzene
Total Xylenes
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons
Tetrahydrofuran
(2-Butanone) (MEK)
Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)
Acrolein
Acrylonitrile

ART 0049

88105

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

DATE RECEIVED SEP 4 1987 DATE REPORTED OCT 01 1987 CHEMIST L. Hill LAB. NO. 2M
DHMH 749 11/88

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WELFARE AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Labsoratories Administration

44 P.O. Box 2355

Baltimore, Maryland 21203

SEC

ORIGINAL

(Rev)

871094

Priority ASAP

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form Lab No.

Collector Hof

12/8/81

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN MD WOODSample ID no. EMUT-W-4

Preservative Used

NONE

Sample Alert

Specify Program:

PCA: X

NEDS:

CER:

JAN 27 1968

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: Hof

12/8/81

To:

SUB FORM

Name/Time/Date

Name/Time/Date

From:

Name/Time/Date

To:

Name/Time/Date

CCH

5.2

conductivity-mhos/cm

138

925°C

Chloride

18.1

com-CI

color

63

MM

Fluoride

com-CI

residue non-filterable

264

--

Iodide

com-CI

residue filterable

131

--

Cyanide, total

com-CI

Residue, total

--

Cyanide, reactive

com-CI

Residue volatile

--

Cyanide, removable to

com-CI

Specific gravity

--

Chlorination

com-CI

Free liquid test

823°C

Phenol, 4-npp

com-phenol

Corrosivity

--

Acidity, totalcom-CaCO₃Ignitability

SH

Lanthaninity, totalcom-CaCO₃Oil and Grease

--

Hardness, totalcom-CaCO₃Amonia

800

Carbon Dioxidecom-CaCO₃Kjeldahl Nitrogen

800-X

Methylene Blue Active Substance

com-MBAS

Nitrite

800-X

Chloride, total

com-CI

Nitrate plus Nitrite

800-X

Chloride, free

com-CI

Phosphate, ortho

800-X

Dissolved oxygen

com-DO

Phosphate, total

800-P

Biochemical oxygen demand

com-BOD

Sulfate

800-SO

Nitrogen oxygen demand

com-NOD

Sulfite

800-SO

Chemical oxygen demand

com-COD

Sulfide, reactive

800-S

Organic carbon, total

com-CO

Bromide

800-Br

Inorganic carbon

com-C

Sulfide, total

800-S

Tannin, Lignin

com-Tannic acid

Chloride

800-C

Salinity

0/OC

Section Ref:

Date: 1-20-88

AR100492

P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Environmental Test Laboratory

Sample Analysis Report Form

Lab No. 0894094
Date 1/10/81

Priority ASAP

Collector Hof

Date 12/8/81

Sample Source Eastern Mtn wood

Sample ID No. EMWT W-4

Specimen Date 1/10/81

Specimen Net

Specimen Gross

Net: A2

Gross:

Net:

Net: Sample Date

Net: Hof

Date 12/8/81

To: SUB FORM

Date:

Date:

IF TOTALS ARE HIGH AND FP TOXICITY

Cause Type of Analysis:

1. Toxicity

2. Mineral Pollution

3. Total Metals

4. Specified Metals

Indicate Type of Sample:

RECD

Net: X

Gross:

JAN 10 1981

Element	Conc.	Method	Element	Conc.	Enforcement File No.
Manganese			MAGNESIUM		
Iron	0.02		MANGANESE		2.3
Zinc	<0.5				<0.5
Boron					
Chromium	0.05				
Copper	0.5				
Lead	4.0				
Tin	0.5				
Vanadium	0.001				
Nickel					
Calcium	0.503				
Silver					
Manganese	0.5				
Zinc	0.08				
Chromium	0.1				

AR 100493

SIDE OF TEST FORM

TESTED BY: John Doe

Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2855
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

HW 7.7

Priority ASAP

Lab No. _____

Collector Hofe 12/8/81
Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN MD WASH
^{ORIGINAL}

Sample ID No. EMWT W-4

Preservative Used. NONE

Sample Alert _____

Specify Program:

FETAs: 10 NPPES: _____ OTHER: _____

ETC: _____

Main of Custody Sample Possession:

From: Hofe 12/8/81 To: SUBFORM
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

- pH
 Ammonia
 Kjeldahl Nitrogen
 Nitrite
 Nitrate plus Nitrite
 Phosphate, ortho
 Phosphate, total
 Chlorine, total
 Chlorine, free
 Dissolved Oxygen
 Biochemical Oxygen Demand
 Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
 Chemical Oxygen Demand
 Organic carbon, total
 Inorganic Carbon

L.A. ppm-N
ppm-N
.033 ppm-N
<0.2 ppm-N
ppm-P
ppm-P
ppm-Cl
ppm-Cl
ppm-DO
ppm-BOD
ppm-NOD
.19 ppm-COD
ppm-C
ppm-C

AR 100494

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
 J. Michael Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

ORIGINAL
 (Red)

BOTTLE NUMBER EMWT 63-4

Dorchester
 Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD Wood

COLLECTOR Hof

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private _____

Ground observation well stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) _____

REMARKS: Hofcr 12/8/87 -

120887

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO	W4				120887				DATE COLLECTED				CARD			

FIELD	20	21	22
R			

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE-FREE
624

23	24	25	26

TOTAL

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 624)

Chloromethane	<1	trans 1,3-Dichloropropene	<1
Bromoform	-	Trichloroethene	-
Dichlorodifluoromethane	-	Dibromochloromethane	-
Vinyl chloride	-	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	-
Chloroethane	-	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	-
Methylene chloride	-	2-Chloroethylvinylether	-
Trichlorofluoromethane	-	Bromoform	-
1,1-Dichloroethene	-	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	-
1,1-Dichloroethane	-	Tetrachloroethene	-
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	-	Chlorobenzene	-
Chloroform	-	Total Trihalomethanes	-
1,2-Dichloroethane	-	Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.	-
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	-		-
Carbon Tetrachloride	-		-
1,1-Dichloromethane	-		-
1,2-Dichloropropane	-		-

Purgeable Aromatics

Benzene	<1
Toluene	-
Ethylbenzene	-
Total Xylenes	<2
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	-
Tetrahydrofuran	403
(2-Butanone) (MEK)	725
Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	N.D.
Acrolein	-
Acrylonitrile	-

AR100495

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

DATE RECEIVED DEC 17 1987 DATE REPORTED DEC 17 1987 CHEMIST W.H. LAB. NO. 882655

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Program: RCRA C NPDES
OTHER: _____Labs Administration
Howard and Biddle Streets
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203Priority: ASAPHAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
Metals Analysis Report FormLab No. 01201817Collector: Hofler

9/3/87

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source: EASTERN M.D. WOOD TREATING

Name/Time/Date

Sample ID No.: EW W-LPreservative Used: H2O2

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: _____ Name/Time/Date

To: _____ Name/Time/Date

From: _____ Name/Time/Date

To: _____ Name/Time/Date

Circle Type of Analysis:

 1. EP Toxicity 2. Priority Pollutant 3. Total Metals 4. Dissolved Metals

Indicate Type of Sample:

Liquid X

Solid _____

Metals in ppm

Element	EP	Total
Antimony		
Arsenic	<0.006	
Barium	<0.5	
Beryllium		
Cadmium	<0.05	
Chromium	<0.5	
Copper		
Lead	<0.5	
Mercury	<0.002	
Nickel		
Selenium	<0.002	
Silver		
Methallium	<0.5	
Zinc	0.14	
Chromium Cr+6	<0.05	
Iron Fe	5.3	

Element	EP	Total
V Magnesium	2.7	
V Manganese	<0.5	

AR 100496

SELECT OTHER ELEMENTS FROM REVERSE SIDE OF THIS FORM

Section Chief: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____ Date: _____

Laboratories International
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

OCT 2 1981

Priority ASAP

SWANSON WASTE INCINERATOR
General Incinerator Analysis Report Form - Lab No. 870817

Collector HOFER

9/3/87

Sample Source EASTERN MD. (10000) TREATING

Sample ID no. EW W-4

Preservative Used NONE

Sample Name NONE

Species Present:

SOH: X

SOHS:

COD:

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From:

Name/Time/Date

To:

Name/Time/Date

From:

Name/Time/Date

To:

Name/Time/Date

<u>pH</u>	<u>5.3</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>Chlorides</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>SEM-CI</u>
<u>Conductivity, mhos/cm</u>	<u>128</u>	<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Starch</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>
<u>Turbidity</u>	<u>550</u>	<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Iron</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>
<u>Color</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Cyanide, total</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>
<u>Benzene, non-polaric</u>	<u>728</u>	<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Cyanide, reactive</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>
<u>Benzene filterable</u>	<u>232</u>	<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Cyanide, extractable to</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>
<u>Benzene, total</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Chlorination</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>
<u>Benzene volatile</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Phenol, soluble</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>
<u>Specific gravity</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Acidity, total</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>
<u>Free Hard's test</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Alkalinity, total</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>SEM-CaCO₃</u>
<u>Corrosivity</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Hardness, total</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>SEM-CaCO₃</u>
<u>Iodine test</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Carbon Dioxide</u>		<u>SEM-CaCO₃</u>
<u>Oil and Grease</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Methylen Blue Active Substance</u>		<u>SEM-MBAS</u>
<u>Solvents</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Chlorine, total</u>	<u>20.44</u>	<u>SEM-Cl</u>
<u>Water-soluble Nitrogen</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Chlorine, free</u>		<u>SEM-Cl</u>
<u>Ammonia</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Dissolved oxygen</u>		<u>SEM-DO</u>
<u>Ammonium plus Nitrite</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Biochemical oxygen demand</u>		<u>SEM-BOD</u>
<u>Phosphate, extract</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Hydrogen oxygen demand</u>		<u>SEM-HOD</u>
<u>Phosphate, total</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Chemical oxygen demand</u>		<u>SEM-COD</u>
<u>Sulfate</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Organic carbon, total</u>		<u>SEM-C</u>
<u>Sulfite</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Inorganic carbon</u>		<u>SEM-C</u>
<u>Sulfite</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Tannin, 1:100</u>		<u>SEM-C</u>
<u>Sulfite, reactive</u>		<u>SEM-CI</u>	<u>Saltinity</u>		<u>SEM-C</u>

AR100167
9/24/87
0/CC

9-24-87

Jm.

Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Hewitt

Priority ASAP

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

Lab No.

890847

(Rev)

Collector HOFFER 9/3/87 Sample Source Eastern Md Wood Treatment
Name/Time/Date

Sample ID No. EW 1W-4 Preservative Used. NONE

Sample Alert NONE

Specify Program:

PFA: NPDES: OTHER:

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date

- pH
- Ammonia
- Kjeldahl Nitrogen
- Nitrite
- Nitrate plus Nitrite
- Phosphate, ortho
- Phosphate, total
- Chlorine, total
- Chlorine, free
- Dissolved Oxygen
- Biochemical Oxygen Demand
- Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
- Chemical Oxygen Demand
- Organic carbon, total
- Inorganic Carbon

1.7	ppm-N
	ppm-N
5.5	ppm-N
40.0	ppm-N
	ppm-P
	ppm-P
	ppm-Cl
	ppm-Cl
	ppm-DO
	ppm-BOG
	ppm-NOD
13	ppm-COD
	ppm-C
	ppm-C

AR100498

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
 J. Mehaen Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

RECEIVED

OCT 8 1987

ORIGINAL

Dorchester (Red)

Name of County

BOTTLE NUMBER

EWW-5

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD Wood COLLECTOR E. HOFER

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____
 (specify)

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private _____

Landfill observation well stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) _____

REMARKS: 2" wells

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.	SAMPLING STATION				DATE COLLECTED				CARD NO.							

FIELD
pH 20 21 22

FIELD RESID. CHLORIDE: FREE

23 24 TOTAL 25 26

0904 T1069

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 600/624)

Chloromethane	<u>✓</u>	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u>✓</u>
Bromomethane	<u>✓</u>	Trichloroethene	<u>✓</u>
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<u>✓</u>	Dibromochloromethane	<u>✓</u>
Vinyl chloride	<u>✓</u>	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<u>✓</u>
Chloroethane	<u>✓</u>	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u>✓</u>
Methylene chloride	<u>✓</u>	2-Chloroethylvinylether	<u>✓</u>
Trichlorofluoromethane	<u>✓</u>	Bromoform	<u>✓</u>
1,1-Dichloroethene	<u>✓</u>	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u>✓</u>
1,1-Dichloroethane	<u>✓</u>	Tetrachloroethene	<u>✓</u>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<u>✓</u>	Chlorobenzene	<u>✓</u>
Chloroform	<u>✓</u>	Total Trihalomethanes	<u>✓</u>
1,2-Dichloroethane	<u>✓</u>	Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.	<u>✓</u>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<u>✓</u>		
Carbon Tetrachloride	<u>✓</u>		
modichloromethane	<u>✓</u>		
1,2-Dichloropropane	<u>✓</u>		

Purgeable Aromatics

Benzene	<u>✓</u>
Toluene	<u>✓</u>
Ethylbenzene	<u>✓</u>
Total Xylenes	<u>✓</u>
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	<u>✓</u>
Tetrahydrofuran	<u>✓</u>
(2-Butanone) (MEK)	<u>✓</u>
Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	<u>✓</u>
Acrolein	<u>✓</u>
Acrylonitrile	<u>✓</u>

AR100499

DATE RECEIVED SEP 1 1987

OHMH 743 11/86

DATE REPORTED OCT 01 1987

CHEMIST

8810453

2M

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

V. Hill

LAB. NO.

Laboratory Services - Division
P.O. Box 23551
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

871094
ORIGINAL
(Rev)

Priority ASAP

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form Lab No. _____

Collector Hof

12/8/87

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN MD wood

Sample ID no. EMUT-W-5

Preservative Used

NONE

Sample Alert

Specify Program:

PCA: X

NEEDS: _____

CERT: _____

JAN 19 1986

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: Hof

12/8/87

Name/Time/Date

To: SUB FORM

Name/Time/Date

From: _____

Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>CH</u>	<u>5.9</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Chloride</u>	<u>41.5</u>	com-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Conductivity-units/cm</u>	<u>658</u>	<u>625°C</u>	<u>Fluoride</u>		com-F
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Electrolytic</u>	<u>540</u>	<u>RTU</u>	<u>Ice</u>		com-I
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Color</u>		<u>Color</u>	<u>Cyanide, total</u>		com-CN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Residue non-filterable</u>	<u>640</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>Cyanide, reactive</u>		com-CN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Residue filterable</u>	<u>552</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>Cyanide, extractable to</u>		com-CN
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Residue, total</u>			<u>colorimetric</u>		com-CN
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Residue volatile</u>			<u>Phenol, 2,6-dp</u>		com-pheno1
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Specific gravity</u>		<u>625°C</u>	<u>Acidity, total</u>		com-acid
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Free liquid test</u>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Alkalinity, total</u>	com-CaCO ₃
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Corrosivity</u>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Hardness, total</u>	com-CaCO ₃
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Ignitability</u>			<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Carbon Dioxide</u>	com-CaCO ₃
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Oil and Grease</u>			<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Methylene Blue Active Substance</u>	com-MBAS
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Ammonia</u>		<u>OCN</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Chloride, total</u>	com-Cl
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Kjeldahl Nitrogen</u>		<u>OCN-N</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Chloride, free</u>	com-Cl
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Nitrite</u>		<u>OCN-N</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Dissolved oxygen</u>	com-DO
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Nitrate plus Nitrite</u>		<u>OCN-N</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Biochemical oxygen demand</u>	com-BOD
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Phosphate, ortho</u>		<u>OCN-P</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Nitrogen oxygen demand</u>	com-NOD
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Phosphate, total</u>		<u>OCN-P</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Chemical oxygen demand</u>	com-COD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Sulfate</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>OCN-SO₄</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Organic carbon, total</u>	com-CO
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Sulfite</u>		<u>OCN-SO₄</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Inorganic carbon</u>	com-C
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Sulfide</u>		<u>OCN-S</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Tannin, Lignin</u>	com-Tannic acid
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Sulfide, reactive</u>		<u>OCN-S</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Salinity</u>	‰/OC
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Bromide</u>		<u>OCN-Br</u>			

Section Chief: _____

Date: 12/8/87 Verified 1 by 1

AR-100500

Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY Lab No. _____
General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

HW 76 ORIGINAL
(Red)

Priority ASAP

Collector Hofe 12/8/81 Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN MD WOOD

Sample ID No. EMW.T W-5

Preservative Used. NONE

Sample Alert _____

Specify Program:

PCPA: X NPES: _____ OTHER: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: Hofe 12/8/81 Name/Time/Date To: SUBFORM Name/Time/Date

From: Mimi Hartge 11:25 12-9-81 Name/Time/Date To: Mimi Hartge 11:25 12-9-81 Name/Time/Date

From: _____ Name/Time/Date To: _____ Name/Time/Date

From: _____ Name/Time/Date To: _____ Name/Time/Date

- pH
- Ammonia
- Kjeldahl Nitrogen
- Nitrite
- Nitrate plus Nitrite
- Phosphate, ortho
- Phosphate, total
- Chlorine, total
- Chlorine, free
- Dissolved Oxygen
- Biochemical Oxygen Demand
- Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
- Chemical Oxygen Demand
- Organic carbon, total
- Inorganic Carbon

*	<u>La.</u>	ppm-N
.	<u>043</u>	ppm-N
.	<u>60.2</u>	ppm-N
.		ppm-P
.		ppm-P
.		ppm-Cl
.		ppm-Cl
.		ppm-DO
.		ppm-BOG
.		ppm-NOD
.	<u>14</u>	ppm-COD
.		ppm-C
.		ppm-C

* We did not preserve sample pABD0502

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
J. Michael Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

ORIGINAL
 (Red)

BOTTLE NUMBER EMWT W-5

Dorchester
 Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD WOOD

COLLECTOR Hof

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER (Specify) _____

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private _____

Ground observation well stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (Specify) _____

REMARKS: Hof 12/8/87 -

100972656

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	CO-MIT		PLANT NO				W5				12	0	8	8	7			
							SAMPLING STATION				DATE COLLECTED					CARD NO		

FIELD 20 21 22
 or

FIELD RESID CHLORINE: FREE

624

23 24 25 26
 TOTAL

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 600)

Chloromethane	<u><1</u>	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u><1</u>	Benzene	<u><1</u>
Bromomethane	<u>1</u>	Trichloroethene	<u>1</u>	Toluene	<u>1</u>
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<u>1</u>	Dibromochloromethane	<u>1</u>	Ethylbenzene	<u>1</u>
Vinyl chloride	<u>1</u>	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<u>1</u>	Total Xylenes	<u>2</u>
Chloroethane	<u>1</u>	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u>1</u>	Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	<u>17</u>
Methylene chloride	<u>1</u>	2-Chloroethylvinylether	<u>1</u>	Tetrahydrofuran	<u>21</u>
Trichlorofluoromethane	<u>1</u>	Bromoform	<u>1</u>	(2-Butanone) (MEK)	<u>N.D.</u>
1,1-Dichloroethene	<u>1</u>	1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u>1</u>	Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	<u>1</u>
1,1-Dichloroethane	<u>1</u>	Tetrachloroethene	<u>1</u>	Acrolein	<u>1</u>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<u>1</u>	Chlorobenzene	<u>1</u>	Acrylonitrile	<u>1</u>
Chloroform	<u>1</u>	Total Trihalomethanes	<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>
1,2-Dichloroethane	<u>1</u>	Other Purgeable Organics: <u>N.D.</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>
1,1,1-Trichloroethene	<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>
Carbon Tetrachloride	<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>
Bromodichloromethane	<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>
1,2-Dichloropropane	<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>		<u>1</u>

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

DATE RECEIVED DEC 3 1987 DATE REPORTED DEC 17 1987 CHEMIST Hill LAB. NO. 882658

OMMH 749 11/86

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Program: RCRA ✓ NPDES _____
OTHER:

Laboratories Administration
Howard and Biddle Streets
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

9

Priority

(163)
870847

Collector HOFER 9/3/87
Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN M.D. wood Treatment

Sample ID No. FW R-fA

Preservative Used NH₄SCN

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____ Name/Tipo/Date _____

From: _____ **Name/Time/Date**

To: _____ Name/Time/Date

Circle Type of Analysis:

- 1. EP Toxicity 2. Priority Pollutant 3. Total Metals 4. Dissolved Metals**

Indicate Type of Sample:

Liquid b

Solid

Metals in ppm

Element	EP	Total
Antimony		
Arsenic	0.008	
Barium	<0.5	
Beryllium		
Cadmium	40.05	
Chromium	40.5	
Copper		
Lead	40.5	
Mercury	<0.002	
Nickel		
Selenium	40.002	
Silver		
Tellurium	40.5	
Zinc	0.12	
Chromium Cr+6	40.05	
Iron +2	2.9	

AR100504

SELECT OTHER ELEMENTS FROM REVERSE SIDE OF THIS FORM

Section Chief: PS Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____ Date: _____

Laboratories Association
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Priority ASAP

HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form Lab No.

ORIGIN:

870847

Collector HUFER

Date 9/3/87

Sample Source Eastern Md. Wood Treating

Sample ID no. EW W-5

Preservative Used NONE

Sample Alias None

Specialty Program:

PCB: X

MPNNS:

COD:

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: _____ Name/Time/Date _____

To: _____

From: _____ Name/Time/Date _____

To: _____

From: _____ Name/Time/Date _____

To: _____

Name/Time/Date _____

<u>pH</u>	<u>5.6</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>Salinity</u>	<u>64</u>	<u>com-Cl</u>
<u>Conductivity, total</u>	<u>613</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>Secchi depth</u>		<u>com-CF</u>
<u>Turbidity</u>	<u>560</u>	<u>NTU</u>	<u>Bottom</u>		<u>com-CF</u>
<u>Color</u>		<u>Color</u>	<u>Surface, total</u>		<u>com-CI</u>
<u>Residue non-combustible</u>	<u>784</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>Surface, reactive</u>		<u>com-CI</u>
<u>Residue filterable</u>	<u>424</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>Surface, variable to</u>		<u>com-CI</u>
<u>Residue, total</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>colorization</u>		<u>com-CI</u>
<u>Residue volatile</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Shoreline, algae</u>		<u>com-CI</u>
<u>Specific gravity</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Acidity, total</u>		<u>com-SpGr</u>
<u>Free Nitrate test</u>			<u>Total Nitrate, total</u>	<u>2.50</u>	<u>com-NaCo</u>
<u>Corrosivity</u>			<u>Ammonium, total</u>	<u>2.32</u>	<u>com-NaCo</u>
<u>Ignitability</u>			<u>Carbon Dioxide</u>		<u>com-NaCo</u>
<u>Oil and Grease</u>			<u>Methylene Blue Active Substance</u>		<u>com-NaCo</u>
<u>Solvents</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Chlorides, total</u>	<u>< 0.44</u>	<u>com-Cl</u>
<u>Organic Nitrogen</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Chlorides, free</u>		<u>com-Cl</u>
<u>Nitrate</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Inhalative oxygen</u>		<u>com-Cl</u>
<u>Nitrate plus Nitrite</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Biological oxygen demand</u>		<u>com-Cl</u>
<u>Phosphate, ortho</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Nitrogen oxygen demand</u>		<u>com-Cl</u>
<u>Phosphate, total</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Chemical oxygen demand</u>		<u>com-Cl</u>
<u>Sulfate</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Organic carbon, total</u>		<u>com-Cl</u>
<u>Sulfate</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Inorganic carbon</u>		<u>com-Cl</u>
<u>Sulfate</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Tannins, organic</u>	<u>AR100505</u>	<u>com-Tannic acid</u>
<u>Sulfate, reactive</u>		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Salinity</u>		<u>com-Tannic acid</u>
<u>Trace metals</u>					<u>0/100</u>

9-24-87

9-24-87

JM

Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

HwCJ3

Priority ASAP

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

Lab No. 876847

(Rev)

Collector Hoffer 9/3/87 Sample Source Eastern Md. Wood Treatment
Name/Time/Date

Sample ID No. EWW-5 Preservative Used NONE

Sample Alert NONE

Specify Program:

PFA: NPDES: OTHER:

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From:	To:
Name/Time/Date	Name/Time/Date
From:	To:
Name/Time/Date	Name/Time/Date
From:	To:
Name/Time/Date	Name/Time/Date
From:	To:
Name/Time/Date	Name/Time/Date

- pH
- Ammonia
- Kjeldahl Nitrogen
- Nitrite
- Nitrate plus Nitrite
- Phosphate, ortho
- Phosphate, total
- Chlorine, total
- Chlorine, free
- Dissolved Oxygen
- Biochemical Oxygen Demand
- Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
- Chemical Oxygen Demand
- Organic carbon, total
- Inorganic Carbon

- 0.8 ppm-N
- 0.0 ppm-N
- 0.2 ppm-N
- 0.0 ppm-P
- 0.0 ppm-Cl
- 0.0 ppm-Cl
- 0.0 ppm-DO
- 0.0 ppm-BOD
- 0.0 ppm-NOD
- 0.0 ppm-COD
- 0.0 ppm-C
- 0.0 ppm-C

AR100506

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

ORIGINAL
(Req)

871091

Priority ASAPCollector Hof

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form Lab No.

12/8/87

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN MD WOODSample ID no. EMWT PW-1Preservative Used NONE

Sample Alert _____

Species Program:

PCRA: X

NEEDS: _____

CLEAR: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: Hof12/8/87To: SUB FORM

From: _____

Name/Time/Date

To: _____

Name/Time/Date

 pH

5.5

 Conductivity-µmhos/cm

132

625°C

22.6

ccc-CI

 Turbidity

9.0

NTU

 Color

6

ccc

 Residue non-filterable

87

ccc

 Residue filterable Residue, total

ccc

ccc

 Residue volatile Specific gravity

625°C

ccc

 Free liquid test

-

ccc

 Corrosivity

-

ccc

 Ignitability

-

ccc

 Oil and Grease

-

ccc

 Ammonia

-

ccc

 Kjeldahl Nitrogen

-

ccc-N

 Nitrite

-

ccc-N

 Nitrate plus Nitrite

-

ccc-N

 Phosphate, ortho

-

ccc-P

 Phosphate, total

-

ccc-P

 Sulfate

21

ccc-SO

 Sulfite

-

ccc-SO

 Sulfide

-

ccc-S

 Sulfide, reactive

-

ccc-SR

 Bromide

-

ccc-BR

 Section Offset: D-5

Date: 1-20-88

Version 2.0

ART 100507

ccc-C

ccc-Tartaric acid

6/00

RIGHT ASAP

Permit #2355, E.A.T.C., Maryland 21293
Environmental Protection Agency Form

LIC NO. 89300541
(incl)

Collector Hof

12/8/81

Sample Source EASTERN MD WOOD

Sample ID No. EMWTPW-1

Descriptive Case A/HO³

Specie, Process:

AL

size:

case:

Case of Specie Sample Processed:

Hof

12/8/81

To: SUB FORM
(incl)

size:

* IF TOTALS ARE HIGH AND FD TOXICITY

Circum Type of Analysis:

1. FD Toxicity

2. Priority Pollutants

3. Total Metals

Indicate Type of Sample:

RECEIVED

size X

size

JAN 18 1988

Element	Value	Element	Value	ENFORCEMENT FILE COPY ONLY
XI Arsenic		XI Magnesium		
XI Barium		XI Manganese		1.7
XI Cadmium		XI Phosphorus		<0.5
XI Chromium		XI Zinc		
XI Cobalt		XII Boron		
XI Copper		XII Iron		
XI Lead		XII Manganese		
XI Mercury		XII Nitrogen		
XI Nickel		XII Oxygen		
XI Selenium		XII Sulfur		
XI Silver		XIII Chloride		
XI Vanadium		XIII Fluoride		
XI Zinc		XIII Nitrate		
XI Cadmium C6		XIII Phosphate		

SIDE OF CARD

By:

Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

(HW. 81)

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

Lab No. _____

ASAP

Collector Hofre 12/8/81 Name/Time/Date

Sample Source Eastern Md. Wood

Sample ID No. EMW.T PW-1

Preservative Used. NONE

Sample Alert _____

Specify Program:

PDA: D NPPES: _____ OTHER: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: Hofre 12/8/81 Name/Time/Date

To: SUBFORM Name/Time/Date

From: _____ Name/Time/Date

To: _____ Name/Time/Date

From: _____ Name/Time/Date

To: _____ Name/Time/Date

From: _____ Name/Time/Date

To: _____ Name/Time/Date

- pH
- Ammonia
- Kjeldahl Nitrogen
- Nitrite
- Nitrate plus Nitrite
- Phosphate, ortho
- Phosphate, total
- Chlorine, total
- Chlorine, free
- Dissolved Oxygen
- Biochemical Oxygen Demand
- Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
- Chemical Oxygen Demand
- Organic carbon, total
- Inorganic Carbon

J.L.A. ppm-N
006 ppm-N
40.2 ppm-N
ppm-P
ppm-P
ppm-Cl
ppm-Cl
ppm-DO
ppm-BOD
ppm-NOD
<10 ppm-COD
ppm-C
ppm-C

AR100509

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
J. Michael Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

K.E.C.

OCT 2 1987

Original

BOTTLE NUMBER

EW PW-1

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD WOOD

COLLECTOR

E. HOFER

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER (specify): _____

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private _____

Landfill observation well X stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify): _____

REMARKS: TAKEN FROM SINK

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.	PW1			SAMPLING STATION	090387						DATE COLLECTED			CARD NO		

FIELD PH 20 21 22

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

23 24 TOTAL 25 26

0904 U1071

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 624 b2a)

Chloromethane	<u>1.</u>	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene
Bromomethane	<u>+</u>	Trichloroethene
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<u>+</u>	Dibromochloromethane
Vinyl chloride	<u>2.</u>	1,1,2-Trichloroethane
Chloroethane	<u>1.</u>	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
Methylene chloride	<u>+</u>	2-Chloroethylvinylether
Trichlorofluoromethane	<u>+</u>	Bromoform
1,1-Dichloroethene	<u>+</u>	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
1,1-Dichloroethane	<u>+</u>	Tetrachloroethene
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<u>50.</u>	Chlorobenzene
Chloroform	<u>1.</u>	Total Trihalomethanes
1,2-Dichloroethane	<u>+</u>	Other Purgeable Organics:
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<u>+</u>	<u>OXIRANE</u>
Carbon Tetrachloride	<u>+</u>	<u>15A.</u>
1,1-Dichloromethane	<u>+</u>	
1,2-Dichloropropane	<u>+</u>	

Purgeable Aromatics (EPA 624)

Benzene	<u>1.</u>
Toluene	<u>2.</u>
Ethylbenzene	<u>1.</u>
Total Xylenes	<u>2.</u>
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	<u>N.D.</u>
Tetrahydrofuran	<u>N.D.</u>
(2-Butanone) (MEK)	<u>N.D.</u>
Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	<u>2A.</u>
Acrolein	<u>N.D.</u>
Acrylonitrile	<u>N.D.</u>
ACETONE	<u>37.</u>

Other Purgeable Organics:

OXIRANE

15A.

AR 100510

DATE RECEIVED SEP

DATE REPORTED 4 1997

CHEMIST

DHMH 749 11/00

RECEIVED

LAB. NO.

881071

2M

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

Reilly

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
 J. Michael Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

ORIGINAL
 (RCC)

BOTTLE NUMBER EMWTPWJ-1

Dorchester

Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD. WOOD

COLLECTOR Hof

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____

Community: _____ noncommunity: _____ private: _____

Groundwater: observation well: stream: _____ tidal waters: _____

Industrial effluent: _____ STP sampling station: _____ STP effluent: _____

Chlorinated: _____ preserved with thiosulfate: _____

DEC 17 1987

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination: _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination: _____

Other (specify): _____

REMARKS: Hofar 12/8/87 -

120942657

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY		PLANT NO				PWJ				120887							
							SAMPLING STATION				DATE COLLECTED							CARD NO

20	21	22	23	24	25	26
FIELD	PM			FIELD RESID. CHLORINE-FREE	624	TOTAL

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 507)			Purgeable Aromatics		
Chloromethane	<u>-1</u>	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u><1</u>	Benzene	<u><1</u>
Bromoform	<u>-</u>	Trichloroethene	<u>-</u>	Toluene	<u>-</u>
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<u>-</u>	Dibromochloromethane	<u>-</u>	Ethylbenzene	<u>-</u>
Vinyl chloride	<u>-</u>	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<u>-</u>	Total Xylenes	<u><2</u>
Chloroethane	<u>-</u>	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u>-</u>	Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	<u>-</u>
Methylene chloride	<u>-</u>	2-Chloroethylvinylether	<u>-</u>	Tetrahydrofuran	<u>N.D.</u>
Trichlorofluoromethane	<u>-</u>	Bromoform	<u>-</u>	(2-Butynone) (MEK)	<u>-</u>
1,1-Dichloroethene	<u>-</u>	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u>-</u>	Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	<u>-</u>
1,1-Dichloroethane	<u>-</u>	Tetrachloroethene	<u>-</u>	Acrolein	<u>-</u>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<u>-</u>	Chlorobenzene	<u>-</u>	Acrylonitrile	<u>-</u>
Chloroform	<u>-</u>	Total Trihalomethanes	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
1,2-Dichloroethane	<u>-</u>	Other Purgeable Organics: N.O.	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Carbon Tetrachloride	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Bromodichloromethane	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
1,2-Dichloropropane	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

DATE RECEIVED DEC 3 9 1987 DATE REPORTED DEC 17 1987 CHEMIST Usit LAB. NO. 882657

Laboratories International
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

OCT 9 1987

ORIGINAL

Priority ASAP

EMERGENT WASTE LABORATORY
General Incinerate Analysis Report Form Lab No. 87084

Collector HUFER

Date 9/3/87

Sample Source EASTERN MD. WOOD TREATING

Sample ID no. FULPW-1

Preservative Used NONE

Sample Alert NONE

Specimen Preparation:

PDA: X NFE: _____ C: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

<u>/</u> pH	<u>5.6</u>	<u>/</u> Chlorine	<u>8</u>	ppm-Cl
<u>/</u> Conductivity, mhos/cm	<u>122</u>	<u>325°C</u>		ppm-Cl
<u>/</u> Turbidity	<u>30</u>	<u>700</u>		ppm-Cl
<u>/</u> Color		<u>Color</u>		ppm-Cl
<u>/</u> Residue non-combustible	<u>3</u>	<u>ppm</u>		ppm-Cl
<u>/</u> Residue filterable	<u>83</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>Cyanide, labile to</u>	
<u>/</u> Residue, total			<u>colorimetry</u>	ppm-Cl
<u>/</u> Residue volatile			<u>phenol, 2,6-dpp</u>	ppm-phenol
<u>/</u> Specific gravity		<u>325°C</u>	<u>Sediment, total</u>	ppm-Sed.
<u>/</u> Free Hard's test		<u>2</u>	<u>Alkalinity, total</u>	ppm-HCO ₃
<u>/</u> Hardness		<u>SH</u>	<u>Hardness, total</u>	ppm-HCO ₃
<u>/</u> Iodine titrity		<u>10</u>	<u>Carbon Dioxide</u>	ppm-CO ₂
<u>/</u> Oil and Grease		<u>ppm</u>	<u>Methylene Blue Active Substance</u>	ppm-MBAS
<u>/</u> Ammonia		<u>ppm-N</u>	<u>Chloride, total</u>	<0.44 ppm-Cl
<u>/</u> Calcium Nitrogen		<u>ppm-N</u>	<u>Chloride, free</u>	ppm-Cl
<u>/</u> Nitrate		<u>ppm-N</u>	<u>Inorganic oxygen</u>	ppm-DO
<u>/</u> Nitrate plus Nitrite		<u>ppm-N</u>	<u>Inorganic oxygen demand</u>	ppm-NO ₃
<u>/</u> Phosphate, crete		<u>ppm-P</u>	<u>Nitrogen oxygen demand</u>	ppm-NO ₃
<u>/</u> Chlorinate, total		<u>ppm-P</u>	<u>Chemical oxygen demand</u>	ppm-COD
<u>/</u> Sulfate	<u>13</u>	<u>ppm-SO₄</u>	<u>Organic carbon, total</u>	ppm-C
<u>/</u> Sulfite		<u>ppm-SO₃</u>	<u>Inorganic carbon</u>	ppm-C
<u>/</u> Sulphite		<u>ppm-S</u>	<u>Tannin AP-00513</u>	ppm-Tannic acid
<u>/</u> Sulfite, reductive		<u>ppm-S</u>	<u>Salinity</u>	‰/‰

9-24-87

9-24-87

JHR

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Labsoratories Administration
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21201

HW 42

Priority ASAP.

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

Lab No.

87067-1
(Rec)

Collector Hoffer 9/3/87 Sample Source EASTERN MD WOOD TREATN
Name/Time/Date
Sample ID No. EW PW-1 Preservative Used. NONE
Sample Alert NONE
Specify Program:

PCPA: NPDES: OTHER:

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From:	To:
Name/Time/Date	Name/Time/Date

- pH
 Ammonia
 Kjeldahl Nitrogen
 Nitrite
 Nitrate plus Nitrite
 Phosphate, ortho
 Phosphate, total
 Chlorine, total
 Chlorine, free
 Dissolved Oxygen
 Biochemical Oxygen Demand
 Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
 Chemical Oxygen Demand
 Organic carbon, total
 Inorganic Carbon

< 7.2 ppm-N
ppm-N
< 0.1 ppm-N
< 2.0 ppm-N
ppm-P
ppm-P
ppm-Cl
ppm-Cl
ppm-DO
ppm-BCOD
ppm-NOD
30 ppm-OCOD
ppm-C
ppm-C

AR100514

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
 J. Mezzen Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

JCT 8 1987
 ORIGINAL
 (Red)
 Dorchester ^{ORIGINAL}
 Name of County (Red)

BOTTLE NUMBER

EWR-1

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD Wood

COLLECTOR E. HOFER

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private X

Landfill observation well _____ stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) _____

REMARKS: _____ (John KRAMER) ARBx 100' well

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO	SAMPLING STATION				DATE COLLECTED				CARD 43							

FIELD	20	21	22	FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE	23	24	TOTAL
PH							

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

Chloromethane	✓5.	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	✓1.
Bromomethane	✓1.	Trichloroethene	✓
Dichlorodifluoromethane	✓	Dibromochloromethane	✓
Vinyl chloride	✓	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	✓
Chloroethane	✓	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	✓
Methylene chloride	✓	2-Chloroethylvinylether	✓10.
Trichlorofluoromethane	✓	Bromoform	✓1.
1,1-Dichloroethene	✓	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	✓
1,1-Dichloroethane	✓	Tetrachloroethene	✓
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	✓	Chlorobenzene	✓
Chloroform	✓	Total Trihalomethanes	✓
1,2-Dichloroethane	✓	Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.	✓
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	✓		
Carbon Tetrachloride	✓		
✓modichloromethane	✓		
1,2-Dichloropropane	✓		

Purgeable Aromatics

Benzene	✓1.
Toluene	✓
Ethylbenzene	✓
Total Xylenes	✓2.
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	✓
Tetrahydrofuran	N.D.
(2-Butanone) (MEK)	✓
Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	✓
Acrolein	✓
Acrylonitrile	✓

AR100515

DATE RECEIVED SEP 4 1987

DATE REPORTED OCT 01 1987

CHEMIST L. Hill

881073

LAB. NO.

P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

ORIGINAL

(Rev)

8/21/81

Priority ASAP

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form Lab No.

Collector HOFER

9/3/87

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN MD. WOOD TREATING

Sample ID no. FUR-1

Preservative Used NONE

Sample Alias NONE

Specify Program:

PPA: X

SPDES:

CMA:

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From:

Name/Time/Date

To:

Name/Time/Date

From:

Name/Time/Date

To:

Name/Time/Date

<u>/</u> pH	7.2	<u>/</u> Dissolved	7	com-SI
<u>/</u> Conductivity, mhos/cm	31.0	mmol/l		
<u>/</u> Turbidity	1	NTU		com-SI
<u>/</u> Color		Color		com-SI
<u>/</u> Residue non-combustible	<1	ppm	Crustace, total	com-SI
<u>/</u> Residue filterable	2.1	ppm	Crustace, reactive	com-SI
<u>/</u> Residue, total		ppm	Crustace, variable to	com-SI
<u>/</u> Residue volatile		ppm	colorization	com-SI
<u>/</u> Specific gravity		ppm	Organic, soluble	com-SI
<u>/</u> Free Nitrate test		ppm	Organic, total	com-CaCo ₃
<u>/</u> Correctivity		ppm	Alkalinity, total	com-CaCo ₃
<u>/</u> Ignitability		ppm	Acidity, total	com-CaCo ₃
<u>/</u> Oil and Grease		ppm	Carbon dioxide	com-CaCo ₃
<u>/</u> Solubility		ppm	Methylene Blue Active Substance	com-MgCo ₃
<u>/</u> Chlorine, Nitrogen		ppm	Chloride, total	<0.44 com-SI
<u>/</u> Nitrate		ppm	Chloride, free	com-SI
<u>/</u> Residue plus Volatile		ppm	biochemical oxygen	com-BO
<u>/</u> Phosphate, ortho		ppm	biochemical oxygen demand	com-BO
<u>/</u> Phosphate, total		ppm	nitrogen oxygen demand	com-NOD
<u>/</u> Sulfate		ppm	Chemical oxygen demand	-
<u>/</u> Sulfite	<5	ppm	Organic carbon, total	com-CO
<u>/</u> Sulfite		ppm	Inorganic carbon	com-C
<u>/</u> Sulfite, reactive		ppm	Tannin, U.S.P.	com-T
<u>/</u> Bromide		ppm	Silicate	com-SI

9-24-87

JW.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Labsoratories Administration
P.O. Box 3355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Hw 41

Priority ASAP.

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY Lab No. 870847
General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

ORIGINAL

Rec'd

Collector HOFFER 9/3/87 Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN MI WOOD RECYCLING

Sample ID No. EW R-1.

Preservative Used: NONE

Sample Alert None

Specify Program:

PCB: PCBES: OTHER:

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From:	To:	Name/Time/Date

- pH
- Ammonia
- Kjeldahl Nitrogen
- Nitrite
- Nitrate plus Nitrite
- Phosphate, ortho
- Phosphate, total
- Chlorine, total
- Chlorine, free
- Dissolved Oxygen
- Biochemical Oxygen Demand
- Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
- Chemical Oxygen Demand
- Organic carbon, total
- Inorganic Carbon

<u><0.2</u>	ppm-N
<u><0.05</u>	ppm-N
<u><0.2</u>	ppm-N
<u><0.2</u>	ppm-P
<u><0.2</u>	ppm-P
<u><0.2</u>	ppm-Cl
<u><0.2</u>	ppm-Cl
<u><0.2</u>	ppm-DO
<u><0.2</u>	ppm-BOD
<u><0.2</u>	ppm-NOX
<u><10</u>	ppm-CCD
<u><0.2</u>	ppm-C
<u><0.2</u>	ppm-C

AR100518

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
 J. Michael Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

OCT 8 1987

BOTTLE NUMBER

EW R-1A

Dorchester ^{ORIGINAL}
 Name of County (if any)

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD Wood COLLECTOR E. Hofer

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private OTHER (specify) _____

Landfill observation well _____ stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) _____

REMARKS: John KRAMER (Chicken House) APPROX 30' well

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO			SAMPLING STATION			DATE COLLECTED			CARD NO							

FIELD pH 20 21 22

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

TOTAL

25 25

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

Chloromethane	<u>45.</u>	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u><1.</u>	Purgeable Aromatics	<u><1.</u>
Bromomethane	<u><1.</u>	Trichloroethene	<u><1.</u>	Benzene	<u><1.</u>
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<u><1.</u>	Dibromochloromethane	<u><1.</u>	Toluene	<u><1.</u>
Vinyl chloride	<u><1.</u>	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<u><1.</u>	Ethylbenzene	<u><1.</u>
Chloroethane	<u><1.</u>	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u><1.</u>	Total Xylenes	<u><2.</u>
Methylene chloride	<u><1.</u>	2-Chloroethylvinylether	<u><10.</u>	Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	<u><2.</u>
Trichlorofluoromethane	<u><1.</u>	Bromoform	<u><1.</u>	Tetrahydrofuran	<u>N.D.</u>
1,1-Dichloroethene	<u><1.</u>	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u><1.</u>	(2-Butanone) (MEK)	<u><1.</u>
1,1-Dichloroethane	<u><1.</u>	Tetrachloroethene	<u><1.</u>	Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	<u><1.</u>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<u><1.</u>	Chlorobenzene	<u><1.</u>	Acrolein	<u><1.</u>
Chloroform	<u><1.</u>	Total Trihalomethanes	<u><1.</u>	Acrylonitrile	<u><1.</u>
1,2-Dichloroethane	<u><1.</u>	Other Purgeable Organics: <u>N.D.</u>	<u><1.</u>		<u><1.</u>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<u><1.</u>		<u><1.</u>		<u><1.</u>
Carbon Tetrachloride	<u><1.</u>		<u><1.</u>		<u><1.</u>
1,1-Dichloromethane	<u><1.</u>		<u><1.</u>		<u><1.</u>
1,2-Dichloropropane	<u><1.</u>		<u><1.</u>		<u><1.</u>

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

DATE RECEIVED SEP 4 1987

DHMH 749 186

DATE REPORTED OCT 01 1987

CHEMIST

K. Lissel

LAB. NO.

881075

2M

Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2255
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

ORIGINAL
(Rec)

Priority ASAP

Hazardous Waste Identifier
General Inorganic Analysis Report Form

Lab No.

870847

Collector HUFER

Date 9/3/87

Sample Source EASTERN MD. WOOD TREATMENT

Sample ID no. FUL R-1A

Preservative Used NONE

Sample Alert NONE

Specialty Programs:

PCB: X

NEEDS:

CROSS:

Chain of Custody: Sample Possession

From: _____
Name/Title/Date

To: _____
Name/Title/Date

From: _____
Name/Title/Date

To: _____
Name/Title/Date

<u>✓</u> pH	<u>4.5</u>	<u>✓</u> Chlorine	<u>2.2</u>	ppm-Cl
<u>✓</u> Conductivity, mhos/cm	<u>.107</u> mhos/cm	<u>✓</u> Chloride		ppm-Cl
<u>✓</u> Turbidity	<u>1</u> NTU	<u>✓</u> Iodine		ppm-I
<u>✓</u> Color		<u>✓</u> Cyanide, total		ppm-CN
<u>✓</u> Residue non-combustible	<u><1</u> %	<u>✓</u> Cyanide, reactive		ppm-CN
<u>✓</u> Residue filterable	<u>84</u> ppm	<u>✓</u> Cyanide, extractable to		
<u>✓</u> Residue, total		chlorination		ppm-CN
<u>✓</u> Residue volatile		<u>✓</u> Phenol, 4-NPP		ppm-phenol
<u>✓</u> Specific gravity		<u>✓</u> Acetate, total		ppm-CACo ₃
<u>✓</u> Free Nitrate test		<u>✓</u> Dissolved oxygen		ppm-O ₂
<u>✓</u> Conductivity		<u>✓</u> Dissolved oxygen demand		ppm-DO
<u>✓</u> Ignitability		<u>✓</u> Chemical oxygen demand		ppm-COD
<u>✓</u> Oil and Grease		<u>✓</u> Organic carbon, total		ppm-C
<u>✓</u> Sulfates		<u>✓</u> Inorganic carbon	<u>AR 100520</u>	ppm-C
<u>✓</u> Ammonium Nitrogen		<u>✓</u> Tannins, lignin		ppm-Tannic acid
<u>✓</u> Nitrate		<u>✓</u> Salinity		‰/psu
<u>✓</u> Nitrate plus Nitrite				
<u>✓</u> Phosphate, ortho				
<u>✓</u> Phosphate, total				
<u>✓</u> Sulfide	<u>18</u> ppm-S			
<u>✓</u> Sulfite				
<u>✓</u> Sulfite				
<u>✓</u> Sulfite, reactive				
<u>✓</u> Bromide				

DS

9-24-87

M.

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Labs Administration

Howard and Biddle Streets

P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

OCT 9 1987

ORIGINATOR

(Reg)

Program:

RCRA NPDES

OTHER:

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
Metals Analysis Report Form

Lab No. 870817

Name/Time/Date

Collector HOFER 9/3/87Sample Source EASTERN M.D. WASTE TREATINGSample ID No. EW R-1APreservative Used None

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: _____
Name/Time/DateTo: _____
Name/Time/DateFrom: _____
Name/Time/DateTo: _____
Name/Time/Date

Circle Type of Analysis:

 1. EP Toxicity 2. Priority Pollutant 3. Total Metals 4. Dissolved Metals

Indicate Type of Sample:

Liquid X

Solid _____

Metals in ppm

Element	EP	Total
Antimony		
Arsenic	<0.008	
Barium	<0.5	
Beryllium		
Cadmium	<0.005	
Chromium	<0.5	
Copper		
Lead	<0.5	
Mercury	<0.002	
Nickel		
Selenium	<0.002	
Silver		
Thallium	<0.5	
Zinc	0.12	
Chromium Cr+6	<0.05	
Iron 1.2	2.9	

Element	EP	Total
MAGNESIUM	2.1	
MANGANESE	<0.5	

AR 100521

SELECT OTHER ELEMENTS FROM REVERSE SIDE OF THIS FORM

Section Chief: PS Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____ Date: _____

EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATMENT
SUMMARY OF SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS
SAMPLES RECEIVED SEPTEMBER 30, 1999

BOREH LOCATION (DEPARTMENT)	B-3	B-4	B-10	B-10	B-11	B-11	B-12	B-12	B-13	B-13	B-14	B-14	B-15	B-15	B-16	B-16	B-17	B-17	B-18	B-18	B-19	B-19	B-20	B-20	B-21	B-21	B-22	B-22	B-23	B-23	B-24	B-24
DATE SAMPLED	2-4	6-2	4-5	4-5	6-2	6-2	6-3	6-3	6-3	6-3	6-4	6-4	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	6-5	
COMPOUND	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0		
TOTAL RECOVERABLE ELEMENTS	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0		
ARSENIC	1600	1600	1200	1000	1000	1000	2100	1700	1000	1000	1400	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000		
CHROMIUM	4030	4030	6760	6760	6140	9430	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720	9720		
COPPER	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200	2200		
CARRAZZI, R.	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	
HANFORD, J.F.	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	UNK0	
ACID ANHYDRIDE	1430	1430	274	4840	202	202	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
ACID ANHYDRITE	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430		
FLUORINE	711	711	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500	49500		
FLUORANTHENE	2712	2712	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118	7118		
ANTRACTENE	450	450	35000	35000	44.9	884	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514	514		
FLUORANTHREN	250	250	36000	36000	100	1000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000	9000		
PYRENE	955	293	420	964	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430	1430		
PENTADIAZOBACONE	227	117	49100	137	5310	206	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100		
CRYSTENE	233	233	71400	206	6940	15	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100	35100		
PENTODIAPYRANTENE	351	102	36000	100	1000	51	27400	634	91000	224	420	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100	27100			
PENTODIAPYRANTENE	101	454	13700	426	2730	119	9400	-100	510	1310	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219	219			
DIMETHYLJANTHREN	174	512	20600	54.7	6220	219	13500	-200	4200	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190			
DIMETHOXYJANTHREN	413	75.3	49900	151	12800	0.60	37000	-300	4200	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190			
ENDOENOL 2,3-COPHENYL	211	204	23500	92.5	6370	-5.60	21100	37.7	3330	45.00	9200	-5.00	270	-5.00	557	-5.00	100	274	274	274	274	274	274	274	274	274	274	274	274			
TOTAL PAIRS	3713	14113	437940	1	26994	84426	20519	91877	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	2236	

R) Designates that the data point is based upon
data in concentration found in the lab blank
at 70 G weight. This is based on the
EPA criteria that one positive sample result
should be reported unless the concentration
of a compound found in a sample exceeds
10 times the amount found in any blank for common
laboratory constituents. If it exceeds 5 times the
amount for other compounds.

100522

ORIGINAL
(REC)

Labs Administration

P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203*Hew 40*Priority ASAP.

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

Lab No. 870847Collector HOFER 9/3/87 Sample Source EASTERN MARYLAND TREATMENT
Name/Time/DateSample ID No. EW R-1A Preservative Used. NONESample Alert NONE

Specify Program:

PCPA: NPDES: _____ OTHER: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: _____	To: _____
Name/Time/Date	Name/Time/Date
From: _____	To: _____
Name/Time/Date	Name/Time/Date
From: _____	To: _____
Name/Time/Date	Name/Time/Date
From: _____	To: _____
Name/Time/Date	Name/Time/Date

- pH
- Ammonia
- Kjeldahl Nitrogen
- Nitrite
- Nitrate plus Nitrite
- Phosphate, ortho
- Phosphate, total
- Chlorine, total
- Chlorine, free
- Dissolved Oxygen
- Biochemical Oxygen Demand
- Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
- Chemical Oxygen Demand
- Organic carbon, total
- Inorganic Carbon

- 2.0 ppm-N
- 0.0 ppm-N
- 0.0 ppm-N
- 0.0 ppm-P
- 0.0 ppm-P
- 0.0 ppm-Cl
- 0.0 ppm-Cl
- 0.0 ppm-DO
- 0.0 ppm-BOD
- 0.0 ppm-NO₂
- 44 ppm-COD
- 0.0 ppm-C
- 0.0 ppm-C

R100523

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston Street
J. Mehser Joseon, Ph.D., Director

MD. Dept. of Environment
HSWMA
2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

Bottle Number AG01109008 Collector Anthony Queen ORIGINAL Dorchester County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE Eastern Maryland wastewater Treatment Co.
(Include Address) Clarksville, Maryland

SAMPLE TYPE: Community Noncommunity Domestic STP Station

Observation Well Stream Tidal Waters Industrial Effluent

Other (Specify) Supply well

Preservative Used HCl 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled ✓ Last known sampling date 1/25

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination ✓ Other (Specify)

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From: To:

REMARKS: pH 5.83 From: Conduct 105 To: water temp 70°
Depth to water, 5.45 ft = well depth 19.6 ft

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.	SAMPLING STATION	DATE COLLECTED				CARD NO.										
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	Time											

FIELD PH FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE TOTAL

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)		Other Purgeables	
Chloromethane	<5	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1
Bromomethane	<1	Trichloroethene	
Dichlorodifluoromethane		Dibromochloromethane	
Vinyl chloride		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	
Chloroethane		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	
Methylene chloride		2-Chloroethylvinylether	<10
Trichlorofluoromethane		Bromoform	<1
1,1-Dichloroethene		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	
1,1-Dichloroethane		Tetrachloroethene	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		Chlorobenzene	
Chloroform		Total Trihalomethanes	
1,2-Dichloroethane		Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane			
Carbon Tetrachloride			
Bromodichloromethane			
1,2-Dichloropropane			

AR100524

JAN 12 1990

Results reported in micrograms per parts per billion

DATE RECEIVED 1/12/90 DATE REPORTED JAN 17 1990 CHEMIST V. Cormier LAB. NO. 90-074

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston Street
J. Mehsen Joseph, Ph.D., Director

MD. Dept. of Environment
HSWMA
2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

DATE NUMBER AQ01109001

COLLECTOR Anthony Queen

Dorchester
County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE

Eastern Maryland Water Treatment

(Include Address)

Clark's Cornerhouse Road, Federalsburg

SAMPLE TYPE: Community

Noncommunity

Domestic

STP Station

Observation Well

MWL

Stream

Tidal Waters

Industrial Effluent

Other (Specify)

Preservative Used HCL 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled Yes

Last known sampling date

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination ✓ Other (Specify)

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From:

To:

REMARKS: P.H. 5.5 — Conduct 10.5 — Water temp 11.0
Depth to water 5.63 ft — Well depth 23.96 ft

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY		PLANT NO.				SAMPLING STATION				DATE COLLECTED							CARD NO.			

FIELD PM				FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE			23	24	TOTAL	25	26	Time									
-------------	--	--	--	-----------------------------	--	--	----	----	-------	----	----	------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

Chloromethane
Bromomethane
Dichlorodifluoromethane
Vinyl chloride
Chloroethane
Methylene chloride
Trichlorofluoromethane
1,1-Dichloroethene
1,1-Dichloroethane
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
Chloroform
1,2-Dichloroethane
1,1,1-Trichloroethane
Carbon Tetrachloride
Bromodichloromethane
1,2-Dichloropropane

<5

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

<1

<1

Trichloroethene

<1

Dibromochloromethane

<1

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

<1

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

<1

2-Chloroethylvinylether

<10

Bromoform

<1

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane

<1

Tetrachloroethene

<1

Chlorobenzene

<1

Total Trihalomethanes

<1

Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.

Other Purgeables

Benzene

<1

Toluene

<1

Ethylbenzene

<1

Total Xylenes

<2

Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons

<1

Tetrahydrofuran

<1

(2-Butanone MEK)

<1

Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)

<1

Acrolein

<1

Acrylonitrile

<1

Carbon Disulfide

<1

Vinyl Acetate

<1

Acetone

<1

2-Hexanone

<1

Styrene

<1

JAN 12 1990

Results reported in micrograms per (parts per million/billion)

DATE RECEIVED

DATE REPORTED JAN 17 1990

CHEMIST G. Clegg

LAB. NO. 90-C7

AM

AR 100525

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston Street
J. Mehsen Joseph, Ph.D., Director

MD. Dept. of Environment

HSWMA

2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

ORIGINAL

(Rec)

BOTTLE
NUMBER

AQ01/090.05

COLLECTOR Anthony Queen

SOURCE OF SAMPLE

(Include Address) ~~Eastern Maryland wastewater Treatment Pn.~~
~~Clark Cunninghamhouse Rd. Federalsburg~~

Dorchester
County

SAMPLE TYPE: Community _____ Noncommunity _____ Domestic _____ STP Station _____

Observation Well MWL5 Stream _____ Tidal Waters _____ Industrial Effluent _____

Other (Specify) _____

Preservative Used HCL 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled No Last known sampling date _____

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination Other (Specify) _____

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From: _____ To: _____

REMARKS: From: DH5.2 - Conduct 149 - Water, temp 73°
Depth to water 7 1/2 ft - Total well depth 22 1/2 ft

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.	SAMPLING STATION					DATE COLLECTED					CARD NO.					
20	21	22	FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE		23		TOTAL		25		Time							

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 621)

Chloromethane	<5	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1
Bromomethane	<1	Trichloroethene	
Dichlorodifluoromethane		Dibromo-chloromethane	
Vinyl chloride		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	
Chloroethane		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1
Methylene chloride		2-Chloroethylvinylether	<10
Trichlorofluoromethane		Bromoform	<1
1,1-Dichloroethene		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	
1,1-Dichloroethane		Tetrachloroethene	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		Chlorobenzene	<1
Chloroform		Total Trihalomethanes	
1,2-Dichloroethane		Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane			
Carbon Tetrachloride			
Bromodichloromethane			
1,2-Dichloropropane			

Other Purgeables	<1	Benzene	<1
		Toluene	
		Ethylbenzene	
		Total Xylenes	<2
		Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	
		Tetrahydrofuran	
		(2-Butanone MEK)	
		Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	
		Acrolein	
		Acrylonitrile	
		Carbon Disulfide	
		Vinyl Acetate	
		Acetone	
		2-Hexanone	
		Styrene	

JAN 12 1990 JAN 17 1990 CHEMIST Corrigan LAB. NO. 40-07

DATE RECEIVED

JAN 12 1990

DATE REPORTED

CHEMIST

AR100526

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
 J. Mehser Joseph, Ph.D., Director

MD. Dept. of Environment
 HSWMA
 2500 Broening Highway
 Baltimore, MD 21224
 (Bldg.)

TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

TITLE NUMBER AQD1/109011 COLLECTOR Anthony Queen Dorchester
 County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE Eastern Maryland Wood Treatment
 (Include Address) Clarks Canninghouse Rd. Federalsburg

SAMPLE TYPE: Community Noncommunity Domestic STP Station

Observation Well MW10 Stream Tidal Waters Industrial Effluent

Other (Specify)

Preservative Used HCL 1:1 and ice

IMPORTANT: First time sampled ✓ Last known sampling date

Reason for submitting sample: Survey Suspected Petroleum Contamination

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination ✓ Other (Specify)

CHAIN OF CUSTODY: From: To:

From: DH 5.45 — Conduct 115 — Water temp 90

Depth to water 10.41 ft — Well depth 23.43

<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.	SAMPLING STATION						DATE COLLECTED						CARD NO.			

<u>20</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE		<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	TOTAL		<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	Time		
FIELD PH													

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 601)

Chloromethane
 Bromomethane
 Dichlorodifluoromethane
 Vinyl chloride
 Chloroethane
 Methylene chloride
 Trichlorofluoromethane
 1,1-Dichloroethene
 1,1-Dichloroethane
 trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
 Chloroform
 1,2-Dichloroethane
 1,1,1-Trichloroethane
 Carbon Tetrachloride
 Bromodichloromethane
 1,2-Dichloropropane

<5 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

<1 Trichloroethene

<1 Dibromochloromethane

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

2-Chloroethylvinylether

Bromoform

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane

Tetrachloroethene

Chlorobenzene

Total Trihalomethanes

Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.

Other Purgeables

Benzene <1 <1
 Toluene + +
 Ethylbenzene + +
 Total Xylenes + + ≤2
 Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons + +
 Tetrahydrofuran + +
 (2-Butanone MEK) + +
 Methylisobutylketone (MIBK) + +
 Acrolein + +
 Acrylonitrile + +
 Carbon Disulfide + +
 Vinyl Acetate + +
 Acetone + +
 2-Hexanone + +
 Styrene + +

AR 100529

JAN 12 1990

Results reported in micrograms per (parts per million/billion)

REPORTED JAN 17 1990

CHEMIST

Corcoran LAB. NO. 90-07

*Original
Rough*

APPENDIX B

AR100530

~~TEST~~
Stream sample

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

PRIORITY A.S.A.P.

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
Metals Analysis Report Form

LAB NO. CRVH4123

Collector W. H. Price 1345 No. 12-15-87
Name/Time/Date

Sample Source SKINNER'S FUN
(FEDERAL BUREAU)

Sample ID No. WP121587-06-B Preservative Used ICE & HNO₃

Sample Alert

Preservative Used

Specify Program:

RCRA: _____ **NPDES:** _____ **OTHER:** _____

NPDES:

OTHERS

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: William H. Rice 11-25-12-21-87 To: Jean Fair 12-21-87
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

From: _____ **To:** _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

Circle Type of Analysis:

1. EP Toxicity 2. Priority Pollutant 3. Total Metals 4. Dissolved Metals

Indicate Type of Sample:

Liquid ✓

Solid

Metals In ppm

Element	EP	Total
Antimony	_____	_____
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Arsenic	_____	50.00
Barium	_____	_____
Beryllium	_____	_____
Cadmium	_____	_____
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chromium	_____	40.5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copper	_____	40.05
Iron	_____	_____
Lead	_____	_____
Mercury	_____	_____
Nickel	_____	_____
Selenium	_____	_____
Silver	_____	_____
Thallium	_____	_____
Zinc	_____	_____
Chromium Cr+6	_____	_____

SELECT OTHER ELEMENTS FROM REVERSE SIDE OF THIS FORM

Section Chief: DJ

Date: 1-20-13

Verified By: mQ

Authorized By: _____

MARY. STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND NITAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

PRIORITY P.S.A.P.

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
Metals Analysis Report Form

ORIGINAL
10/10

Collector W.H. Price 1300 HES. 12-15-87
Name/Time/Date

Sample Source TRIBUTARY TO
ANNE HAVIE CREEK
(FEDERAL RIVER)

Sample ID No. WP1215-87-05B

Preservative Used ICE & HNO₃

Sample Alert _____

Specify Program:

RCRA: NPDES: _____ OTHER: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: William H. Price, 1125 Hes. 12-21-87 To: Jim L. 11:05 12-21-87
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

From: _____ To: _____
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

Circle Type of Analysis:

1. EP Toxicity 2. Priority Pollutant 3. Total Metals 4. Dissolved Metals

Indicate Type of Sample:

Liquid Solid _____

Metals In ppm

Element	EP	Total
Antimony	_____	_____
✓ Arsenic	_____	0.00
Barium	_____	_____
Beryllium	_____	_____
Cadmium	_____	_____
✓ Chromium	_____	<0.5
✓ Copper	_____	<0.05
Iron	_____	_____
Lead	_____	_____
Mercury	_____	_____
Nickel	_____	_____
Selenium	_____	_____
Silver	_____	_____
Thallium	_____	_____
Zinc	_____	_____
Chromium Cr+6	_____	_____

Element	EP	Total
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
ART 100532	_____	_____

SELECT OTHER ELEMENTS FROM REVERSE SIDE OF THIS FORM

Section Chief: _____ Date: 1-20-88 Verified By: mj Authorized By: _____

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Priority A.S.D.F.

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
Organic Analysis Report Form

Lab No.

871123

Collector W.H. Price 1345 Hrs. 10-15-87 Sample Source

Name/Time/Date

Sample ID No. WF121587-06-C

Preservative Used

SKINNERS RUN
(FEDERAL BLDG.)

ICE

Sample Alert:

Specify Program:

RCRA:

NPDES: _____

OTHER: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: W.H. Price 1345 Hrs. 10-15-87 To: Jean Lai 11:05 10-15-87
Name/Time/Date Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity; Priority Pollutant Scan; PCB/Pesticides; Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence
of the following:

NO PRIORITY POLLUTANTS
DETECTED

D.L. = 13 PPB AS NAPHTHALENE

GC Analysis indicates the presence of
the following PCB/Pesticides:

None Detected

DL: 2.2 ppb D254

DL: 0.3 ppb Lindane

H

RECEIVED
SEP 1 1988

HSWMA
ENFORCEMENT PROGRAM

ART00533

Section Chief: J.M. Date: 8/19/88 Verified By: J.M. Authorized By: _____

~~EMIUT~~
~~Stream Sample~~

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Labs Administration
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

CRIMINAL

(REG)

Priority A.S.P.

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
Organic Analysis Report Form

Lab No. _____

Collector W.H. RODDE / 300 Hsi. 12-15-87 Sample Source

TRIBUTARY TO
MARSHY HOLLOW CREEK
(FRESHWATER)

Name/Time/Date

Sample ID No. WT 121587-05-C

Preservative Used

ICE

Sample Alert: DOWNTREAM FROM WASTE TREATING PLANT (CREOSOTE) (CCA)

Specify Program:

RCRA:

NPDES: _____

OTHER: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: Hall County Police 1125 Hsi. 12-21-87 To: Sam L. 1125-13-2-1-17

Name/Time/Date

Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

Circle Parameters Requested:

EP Toxicity; Priority Pollutant Scan; PCB/Pesticides; Identify/Compare

GC/MS analysis indicates the presence
of the following:

No extractable priority pollutants
detected.

DL = 0.081 ppm as naphthalene

GC Analysis indicates the presence of
the following PCB/Pesticides:

None Detected.

DL = 2.2 ppb DDT

DL = 0.3 ppb Lindane

RECEIVED

JUL 23 1989

HSWMA
ENFORCEMENT PROGRAM

AR100534

Section Chief: DS

Date: 8-10-89

Verified By: RR

Authorized By: _____

**EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATMENT
SUMMARY OF SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS
SAMPLES RECEIVED SEPTEMBER 22, 1969**

ORIGINAL
(Rec)

AR100535

**EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATMENT
SUMMARY OF SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS
SAMPLES RECEIVED OCTOBER 5, 1997**

at 65.1 mg/l. This is based on the EPA criteria that no positive sample results should be reported unless the concentration of a component found in a sample exceeds 10 times the amount found in any blank for common laboratory contaminants, or exceeds 3 times the amount for other compounds.

**EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATMENT
SUMMARY OF SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS
SAMPLES RECEIVED OCTOBER 1, 1960**

三

- b) Distinguish that the data point is from a blank due to contamination found in the lab blank at 60.1 mg/L. This is based on the EPA criteria that no positive sample results should be reported unless the concentration of a compound found in a sample exceeds 10 times the amount found in any blank for heterotrophic contamination, or exceeds 3 times the amount for enteric contamination.

537

**ORIGINAL
(Red)**

Original
(Rev)

APPENDIX C

AR100538

EASTERN MARYLAND WOOD TREATING
SUMMARY OF SURFACE WATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS
SAMPLES RECEIVED OCTOBER 5, 1989

ORIGINAL
(Red)

LOCATION DATE SAMPLED COMPOUND	UNITS	SW-1 10/04/89	SW-2 10/04/89
OIL & GREASE	MG/L	<6.00	<6.00
PHENOL	MG/L	<0.005	<0.005
CARBAZOLE	UG/L	48.7	60.4
NAPHTHALENE	UG/L	5.43	7.52
ACENAPHTHYLENE	UG/L	<2.00	19.7
ACENAPHTHENE	UG/L	<2.00	12.3
FLUORENE	UG/L	<0.2	0.924
PHENANTHRENE	UG/L	<0.5	<0.5
ANTHRACENE	UG/L	<0.5	<0.5
FLUORANTHENE	UG/L	1.83	3.15
PYRENE	UG/L	14.1	17.6
BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	UG/L	1.12	2.33
CHRYSENE	UG/L	3.25	4.9
BENZO(B)FLUORANTHEN	UG/L	1.24	2.43
BENZO(K)FLUORANTHE	UG/L	0.48	0.899
BENZO(A)PYRENE	UG/L	0.268	0.55
DIBENZ(A,H)ANTRACE	UG/L	1.52	1.72
BENZO(GH)PERYLENE	UG/L	0.897	1.1
INDENO(1,2,3-CD)PYREN	UG/L	0.188	0.241
TOTAL PAHS		79.023	135.764

AR100539

Laboratories International
P.O. Box 2255
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Priority ASAP

DANGEROUS WASTE DISCOVERY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form DOT Lab No. 870817

Collector HUFER

9/3/87

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN MD. WOOD TREATING

Sample ID no. FU1W-1

Preservative Used NONE

Sample Alert NONE

Specify Process:

: PFGA X

SPES:

CHEM:

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From:

To:

Name/Time/Date

Name/Time/Date

Date:

To:

Name/Time/Date

Name/Time/Date

Date:

Date:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> pH	<u>5.8</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorides	<u>16</u>	SEM-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conductivity, total	<u>127</u> SEM-CI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorite		SEM-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Turbidity	<u>650</u> SEM-CI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Iodide		SEM-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Color		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cyanide, total		SEM-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dissolved oxygen	<u>736</u> SEM-CI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cyanide, reactive		SEM-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue filtrable	<u>168</u> SEM-CI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cyanide, susceptible to		SEM-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue, total		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> colorization		SEM-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue, volatile		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phosphorus, soluble		SEM-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specific gravity		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Acidity, total		SEM-CHCl
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Free Nitrate test		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alkalinity, total	<u>47.2</u>	SEM-CHCl
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Corrosivity		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Redox, total	<u>24</u>	SEM-CHCl
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ignitability		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Carbon dioxide		SEM-CHCl
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oil and Grease		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Heavy Metal Active Substance		SEM-MGAs
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ammonia		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorides, total		SEM-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Organic Nitrogen		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorine, free		SEM-CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nitrites		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dissolved oxygen		SEM-DO
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nitrate plus Nitrite		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Biochemical oxygen demand		SEM-BOD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phosphate, ortho		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chemical oxygen demand		SEM-COD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phosphate, total		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Organic carbon, total		SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sulphur	<u>5</u> SEM-SO	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inorganic carbon		SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sulphur		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Titratable alkalinity	<u>ART 100540</u>	SEM-Tantric SO ₄
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sulphur		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Salinity		0/CC
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sulphite, reactive				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bromide				

9-24-87

9-24-87

JFM

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Laboratories Administration

Howard and Biddle Streets

P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Program:

RCRA NPOES

OTHER: _____

ORIGIN: SAP
Priority Ref: _____

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

Metals Analysis Report Form

Lab No.

870817

Collector Hofler

9/3/87

Name/Time/Date

Sample ID No. EW W-1

Sample Source EASTERN M.D. WASTE TREATING

Name/Time/Date

Preservative Used NuVF

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

Circle Type of Analysis:

1. EP Toxicity

2. Priority Pollutant

3. Total Metals

4. Dissolved Metals

Indicate Type of Sample:

Liquid X

Solid _____

Metals in ppm

Element	EP	Total
Antimony		
Arsenic	<0.001	
Barium	25	
Beryllium		
Cadmium	10.05	
Chromium	0.5	
Copper		
Lead	40.5	
Mercury	40.002	
Nickel		
Selenium	<0.002	
Silver		
Tellurium	40.5	
Zinc	0.11	
Chromium Cr+6	<0.05	
Iron	6.8	

Element	EP	Total
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MAGNESIUM	1.8	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MANGANESE	<0.5	

AR100541

SELECT OTHER ELEMENTS FROM REVERSE SIDE OF THIS FORM

Section Chief: _____

Verified By: _____

Authorized By: _____

Date: _____

Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Hw39

Priority ASAP:

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

Lot No.

870847

ORIGINAL
(Red)

Collector Hofer 9/3/87 Name/Time/Date Sample Source Eastern Md Wood Treatment

Sample ID No. EW W-1 Preservative Used NONE

Sample Alert NONE

Specify Program:

PGRPA: NPDES: OTHER:

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date

- pH
 Ammonia
 Kjeldahl Nitrogen TKN
 Nitrite
 Nitrate plus Nitrite
 Phosphate, ortho
 Phosphate, total
 Chlorine, total
 Chlorine, free
 Dissolved Oxygen
 Biochemical Oxygen Demand
 Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
 Chemical Oxygen Demand
 Organic carbon, total
 Inorganic Carbon

1.5 ppm-N
.038 ppm-N
.15 ppm-N
ppm-P
ppm-P
ppm-Cl
ppm-Cl
ppm-DO
ppm-BOD
ppm-NOX
<10 ppm-COD
ppm-C
ppm-C

AR100542

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
J. Mehsen Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

TITLE
NUMBER

EW W-2

Dorchester
Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD Wood

COLLECTOR E. HOFER

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____
 (specify)

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private _____

Landfill observation well stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) _____

REMARKS: 2" wells

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO					SAMPLING STATION	DATE COLLECTED								CARD NO		

FIELD
PH 20 21 22

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

23 24 TOTAL

25 26

0904621063

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 62A)

Chloromethane	<u><1.</u>	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u><1.</u>
Bromomethane		Trichloroethene	
Dichlorodifluoromethane		Dibromochloromethane	
Vinyl chloride		1,1,2-Trichloroethane	
Chloroethane		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	
Methylene chloride		2-Chloroethylvinylether	
Trichlorofluoromethane		Bromoform	
1,1-Dichloroethene		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	
1,1-Dichloroethane		Tetrachloroethene	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		Chlorobenzene	
Chloroform		Total Trihalomethanes	
1,2-Dichloroethane		Other Purgeable Organics: <u>N.D.</u>	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane			
Carbon Tetrachloride			
Chlorodichloromethane			
1,2-Dichloropropane			

Purgeable Aromatic (EPA 62B)

Benzene	<u><1.</u>
Toluene	<u>1</u>
Ethylbenzene	<u>1</u>
Total Xylenes	<u>2</u>
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	
Tetrahydrofuran	<u>19.</u>
(2-Butanone) (MEK)	<u>W.D.</u>
Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	<u>1</u>
Acrolein	<u>1</u>
Acrylonitrile	<u>1</u>

AR100543

DATE RECEIVED

SEP 4 1987 Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

DHMH 749 11/80

DATE REPORTED OCT 01 1987

CHEMIST W.H.

881063

LAB. NO.

2M

U.S. PUBLIC HEALTH AND MEDICAL HYGIENE

Labs Administration

P.O. Box 2355

Baltimore, MD 21205

Priority: ASAP

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form

Lab No. 871094

871094

Collector: Hof

12/8/87

Name/Time/Date

Sample source: Eastern MD woodSample ID no.: EMWT-W-2

Preservative Used

None

Sample Alert

Specify Program:

PCA: X

NEDES:

CER:

CMW 31 1988

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: Hof

12/8/87

Name/Time/Date

To:

SUB FORM

Name/Time/Date

From:

Name/Time/Date

To:

Name/Time/Date

 pH

5.4

 Conductivity-mmhos/cm

7.2

825°C

 Turbidity

188

NTU

 Color

133

Color

 Residue non-filterable

106

cm

 Residue filterable

260

cm

 Residue, total

260

cm

 Residue volatile

260

cm

 Specific gravity

825°C

cm

 Free liquid test

260

cm

 Corrosivity

260

cm

 Ignitability

260

cm

 Oil and Grease

260

cm

 Ammonia

260-N

cm

 Kjeldahl Nitrogen

260-N

cm

 Nitrite

260-N

cm

 Nitrate plus Nitrite

260-N

cm

 Phosphate, ortho

260-N

cm

 Phosphate, total

260-P

cm

 Sulfate

260-SO

cm

 Sulfite

260-SO

cm

 Sulfide

260-S

cm

 Sulfide, reactive

260-S

cm

 Bromide

260-Br

cm

Section Chief: _____

Date: 1-30-88

Verifier: 01-30-88

ART 100544
JOC

PRIORITY ASAP

F.O. Box 2455, P.O. Box 2453
EPA/DOES RARE ELEMENTS
Hazardous Waste Form

LIC NO. 8791091

Collector Hof

12/8/81

Sample Source EASTERN MI WOOD

Sample ID No. EMWT W-2

Descriptive Text HNO₃

Sample Alert

Species Present:

Specie: X Specie: _____

Date of Specie Collection: 12/8/81

Specie: _____

Specie: Hof

12/8/81

Specie: _____

SUR FORM

Date: 12/8/81

IF TOTALS Are High and EP Toxicity

Date Type of Analysis:

1. Toxicity

2. Priority Pollutant

3. Total Metals

4. Dissolved Metals

Date Type of Sample:

Sign: X

Sign: _____

RECEIVED

JAN 19 1982

Element	Conc.
Magnesium	2
Manganese	<0.001
Zinc	<0.5
Boron	13
Cadmium	<0.05
Copper	<0.5
Iron	<0.5
Lead	13
Nickel	<0.5
Selenium	20.00
Silver	<0.001
Strontium	<0.5
Zirconium	<0.5
Chromium	<0.01

Element	Conc.	ENFORCEMENT USE FILE COPY ONLY
MAGNESIUM		1.7
MANGANESE		20.5
ZINC		
BORON		
CADMIUM		
COPPER		
IRON		
LEAD		
NICKEL		
SELENIUM		
SILVER		
STRONTIUM		
ZIRCONIUM		
CHROMIUM		

AM 100545

Sign: _____

Sign: _____

SIDE OF THIS FORM

Page

1

Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2265
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

(Rec)

HW 29
ORIGIAL

Priority ASAP

Collector Hofre 12/8/81
Name/Time/Date

Sample Source Eastern MD River

Sample ID No. EMWLT W-2

Preservative Used. NONE

Sample Alert _____

Specify Program:

HCPA: X MPCS: _____ OTHER: _____ DEC: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: <u>Hofre</u> Name/Time/Date	To: <u>SUBFORM</u> Name/Time/Date
From: _____ Name/Time/Date	To: _____ Name/Time/Date

- pH
 Ammonia
 Kjeldahl Nitrogen
 Nitrite
 Nitrate plus Nitrite
 Phosphate, ortho
 Phosphate, total
 Chlorine, total
 Chlorine, free
 Dissolved Oxygen
 Biochemical Oxygen Demand
 Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
 Chemical Oxygen Demand
 Organic carbon, total
 Inorganic Carbon

L.A. ppm-N
0.029 ppm-N
<0.2 ppm-N
ppm-P
ppm-P
ppm-Cl
ppm-Cl
ppm-DO
ppm-BCD
ppm-NOD
10 ppm-COD
ppm-C
ppm-C

AR100546

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
J. Neilsen Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

Dorchester
 (Bldg)

BOTTLE
 NUMBER

EMWT W-2

Dorchester
 Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD. Wood

COLLECTOR Hof

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private _____

observation well stream tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey

DEC 17 1987

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) _____

REMARKS: Hof 12/9/87 -

120182653

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY		PLANT NO				W-2				DATE COLLECTED							

FIELD #	20	21	22	FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE	23	24	TOTAL	25	26
------------	----	----	----	-----------------------------	----	----	-------	----	----

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 624)

Chloromethane	<1	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<1
Bromomethane	-	Trichloroethene	-
Dichlorodifluoromethane	-	Dibromochloromethane	-
Vinyl chloride	-	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	-
Chloroethane	-	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	-
Methylene chloride	-	2-Chloroethylvinylether	-
Trichlorofluoromethane	-	Bromoform	-
1,1-Dichloroethene	-	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	-
1,1-Dichloroethane	-	Tetrachloroethene	-
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	-	Chlorobenzene	<1
Chloroform	-	Total Trichloromethanes	-
1,2-Dichloroethane	-	Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.	-
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	-	-	-
Carbon Tetrachloride	-	-	-
1,1,2-Dichloroethane	-	-	-
1,2-Dichloropropane	<1	-	-

Purgeable Aromatics

Benzene	<1
Toluene	-
Ethylbenzene	-
Total Xylenes	<2
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	-
Tetrahydrofuran	25
(2-Butanone) (MEK)	N.D.
Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	-
Acrolein	-
Acrylonitrile	-

AR100547

DATE RECEIVED

DEC 3 9 1987

DATE REPORTED

DEC 17 1987

CHEMIST

Mill

882653

LAB. NO.

Laboratories International
P.O. Box 2335
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

ORIGIN
1000

Priority ASAP

ERIADOTS WASTE DISPOSAL

General Economic Analysis Report Test Lab No.

870847

Collector HOFER

9/3/87

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source Eastern Md. Wood Treatment

Sample ID no. FULW-2

Preservative Used NONE

Sample Alert None

Specimen Process:

ECR: X

Method: _____

Class: _____

Date of Custody Sample Possession

From: _____

Name/Time/Date

To: _____

Name/Time/Date

From: _____

Name/Time/Date

To: _____

Name/Time/Date

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> pH	5.3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alkalinity	20	com-C1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conductivity, millimhos/cm	82	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Turbidity		com-C2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Turbidity	640	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Color		com-C3
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Color		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue, total		com-C4
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue, non-combustible	968	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue, reactive		com-C5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue, filterable	92	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue, extractable to		com-C6
Residue, total		coloration		com-C7
Residue volatile		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phenol, soluble		com-C8
Specific gravity		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Acidity, total		com-C9
Free Nitrate test		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alkalinity, total	21	com-CaCo ₃
Corrosivity		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hardness, total	9	com-CaCO ₃
Ignitability		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Carbon dioxide		com-CaCO ₃
Oil and grease		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Methylene Blue Active Substance		com-MBAS
Cements		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorine, total	<0.44	com-C1
Cleasant Nitrogen		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorine, free		com-C1
Nitrates		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dissolved oxygen		com-CG
Nitrates plus Nitrite		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Biochemical oxygen demand		com-BOD
Phosphate, ortho		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chemical oxygen demand		com-COD
Chlorophate, total		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Organic carbon, total		com-COO
Sulfide	9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inorganic carbon	AR100548	com-C
Sulfide		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tannin, lignin		com-C
Sulfide		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Salinity		com-Tannic acid
Sulfide, reactive				0/00

9-27-87

Jm:

MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE

Program: RERA ✓ NPDES _____
OTHER: _____

Laboratories Administration .
Howard and Biddle Streets, M.D. 21203
P.O. Box 2355, Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Priority **ASAP**

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
Metals Analysis Report Form

Lab No. 870847

Collector HOFER 9/3/87
Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN M.D. WOOD Meeting
Name / Time / Date

Sample ID No. EW W-2

Preservative Used NAT

Sample ID No. EW W-2

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: _____ Name/Time/Date

To: _____ Name/Time/Date

From: _____ Name/Time/Da

To: _____ Name/Time/Date

Circle Type of Analysis:

- 1. EP Toxicity 2. Priority Pollutant 3. Total Metals 4. Dissolved Metals**

Indicate Type of Sample:

Liquid

Solid

Metals in ppm

Element	EP	Total
Antimony		
Arsenic	10.001	
Barium	10.5	
Beryllium		
Cadmium	10.05	
Chromium	10.5	
Copper		
Lead	10.5	
Mercury	10.002	
Nickel		
Selenium	10.002	
Silver		
Tin	10.5	
Zinc	0.12	
Chromium Cr+6	10.05	
Iron P-2	9.6	

SELECT OTHER ELEMENTS FROM REVERSE SIDE OF THIS FORM

Section Chief: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____ Date: _____

Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Hw46

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

Lab No. 870847

Priority ASAP

Collector Hoffer Date 9/3/87 Sample Source Eastern Md. Wood Treatment
Name/Time/Date

Sample ID No. EW W-2 Preservative Used. NONE

Sample Alert None

Specify Program:

PCPA: NPDES: OTHER:

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date
From:	Name/Time/Date	To:	Name/Time/Date

- X pH
X Ammonia
~~X~~ Kjeldahl Nitrogen
X Nitrite
X Nitrate plus Nitrite
— Phosphate, ortho
— Phosphate, total
X Chlorine, total
— Chlorine, free
— Dissolved Oxygen
1 Biochemical Oxygen Demand
— Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
X Chemical Oxygen Demand
— Organic carbon, total
— Inorganic Carbon

1.8 ppm-N
0.77 ppm-N
45.0 ppm-P
ppm-P
ppm-Cl
ppm-Cl
ppm-DO
ppm-BOD
ppm-NO_x
<10 ppm-OCO
ppm-C
ppm-C

AR100550

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
Laboratories Administration
201 W. Preston Street
J. Mehsen Joseph, Ph.D., Director
TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

BOTTLE NUMBER

EW-W-3

OCT 2 1987

ONCEWATER

Dorchester

Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD (wood) COLLECTOR E. HOFER

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER: _____
(specify)

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private _____

Landfill observation well stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) _____

REMARKS: 2" wells

1 <input type="checkbox"/>	2 <input type="checkbox"/>	3 <input type="checkbox"/>	4 <input type="checkbox"/>	5 <input type="checkbox"/>	6 <input type="checkbox"/>	7 <input type="checkbox"/>	8 <input type="checkbox"/>	9 <input type="checkbox"/>	10 <input type="checkbox"/>	11 <input type="checkbox"/>	12 <input type="checkbox"/>	13 <input type="checkbox"/>	14 <input type="checkbox"/>	15 <input type="checkbox"/>	16 <input type="checkbox"/>	17 <input type="checkbox"/>	18 <input type="checkbox"/>	19 <input type="checkbox"/>
TRANS TYPE	COUNTY	PLANT NO.				SAMPLING STATION	DATE COLLECTED						CARD NO					

FIELD
pH 20 21 22

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE: FREE

23 24
TOTAL

25 26

0904R1065

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 604) (b2)

Chloromethane <1.
Bromomethane
Dichlorodifluoromethane
Vinyl chloride
Chloroethane
Methylene chloride
Trichlorofluoromethane
1,1-Dichloroethene
1,1-Dichloroethane
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
Chloroform
1,2-Dichloroethane
1,1,1-Trichloroethane
Carbon Tetrachloride
1,1-Dichloromethane
1,2-Dichloropropane

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene <1.
Trichloroethene
Dibromochloromethane
1,1,2-Trichloroethane
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
2-Chloroethylvinylether
Bromoform
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
Tetrachloroethene
Chlorobenzene
Total Trihalomethanes

Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.

Purgeable Aromatic (EPA 620)

Benzene <1.
Toluene
Ethylbenzene
Total Xylenes C2
Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons 277.
Tetrahydrofuran
(2-Butanone) (MEK) 34.
Methylisobutylketone (MIBK) N.D.
Acrolein
Acrylonitrile

AR100551

DATE RECEIVED SEP 4 1987

DHMH 749 11/86

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion)
DATE REPORTED OCT 01 1987 CHEMIST Mil

881065
LAB. NO.

2M

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND GENERAL ENGINEERING

Labs Administration
P.O. Box 2555
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

ORIGINAL

871094

Priority ASAP

SHARDOCS WASTE LABORATORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form Lab No.

Collector Hof

12/8/81

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN MD woodSample ID no. EMWT-W-3

Preservative Used

NONE

Sample Alert

Specify Program:

PCA: X

NEES:

Other:

JAN 27 1988

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From: Hof

12/8/81

Name/Time/Date

To:

SUB FORM

Name/Time/Date

From:

Name/Time/Date

To:

Name/Time/Date

pH

5.3

conductivity-mhos/cm

169

625°C

viscosity

8

N/A

Color

Color

residue non-filterable

7

625°C

residue filterable

127

625°C

residue, total

625°C

residue volatile

625°C

specific gravity

625°C

free liquid test

625°C

corrosivity

625°C

ignitability

625°C

oil and grease

625°C

ammonia

625°C

Kjeldahl Nitrogen

625°C-N

Nitrate

625°C-N

Nitrate plus Nitrite

625°C-X

Phosphate, ortho

625°C-X

Phosphate, total

625-C

Sulfate

625-SO

Sulfite

625-SO

Sulfide

625-S

Sulfide, reactive

625-S

Bromide

625-BR

Chloride

21.4

625-CI

Fluoride

625-F

Iodide

625-I

Cyanide, total

625-CN

Cyanide, reactive

625-CN

Cyanide, susceptible to

625-CN

chlorination

625-CN

Phenol, 4-nitro

625-phenol

Acidity, total625-CaCO₃Metalinity, total625-CaCO₃Hardness, total625-CaCO₃Carbon Dioxide625-CaCO₃Methylene Blue Active Substance

625-MBAS

Chloride, total

625-Cl

Chloride, free

625-Cl

Dissolved oxygen

625-DO

Biochemical oxygen demand

625-BO

Nitrogen oxygen demand

625-NO

Chemical oxygen demand

625-COD

Organic carbon, total

625-CO

Inorganic carbon

625-C

Tannin, lignin

625-Tannic acid

Salinity

625-SC

AR 100552

Section Chief:

Date: 1-20-88

Page 1 of 1

PRIORITY ASAP

E24000S BASIC DIRECTORY
Metals Analysis Report Form

LIC NO. 871094

Collector Hof

12/8/81

Sample Source Eastern MD wood

Sample ID No. EMWT W-3

Descriptive Desc HNO₃

Specimen Processed:

12

Specs:

Crust:

Date of Sample, Sample Processed:

Hof

12/8/81

To: SUB FORM

Date:

Date

Laboratories Administration
P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

HAZARDOUS WASTE LABORATORY
General Inorganic Analysis Report Form II

HW.78

Priority ASAP

Collector Hofu 12/8/81
Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN MD WOOD

Sample ID No. EMWT W-3

Preservative Used. NONE

Sample Alert _____

Specify Program:

ICPA: D ICPES: _____ OTHER: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession:

From: Hofu 12/8/81
Name/Time/Date

To: SUBFORM
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

From: _____
Name/Time/Date

To: _____
Name/Time/Date

- pH
 Ammonia
 Kjeldahl Nitrogen
 Nitrite
 Nitrate plus Nitrite
 Phosphate, ortho
 Phosphate, total
 Chlorine, total
 Chlorine, free
 Dissolved Oxygen
 Biochemical Oxygen Demand
 Nitrogen Oxygen Demand
 Chemical Oxygen Demand
 Organic carbon, total
 Inorganic Carbon

L.A. ppm-N
.005 ppm-N
<0.2 ppm-N
ppm-P
ppm-Cl
ppm-Cl
ppm-DO
ppm-BOD
ppm-NOD
<10 ppm-COD
ppm-C
ppm-C

AR100554

Section Chief: _____ Date: _____ Verified By: _____ Authorized By: _____

STATE OF MARYLAND
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE
 Laboratories Administration
 201 W. Preston Street
J. McLean Joseph, Ph.D., Director
 TRACE ORGANICS LABORATORY
 VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS

BOTTLE NUMBER

EMWT W-3

Dorchester

Name of County

SOURCE OF SAMPLE EASTERN MD. WOOD

COLLECTOR Hof

SAMPLE TYPE: _____ DISTRIBUTION: _____ SOURCE: _____ OTHER (specify) _____

Community _____ noncommunity _____ private _____

Ten-foot observation well stream _____ tidal waters _____

Industrial effluent _____ STP sampling station _____ STP effluent _____

Chlorinated _____ preserved with thiosulfate _____

Reason for submitting sample: Trihalomethane Survey _____

DEC. 17 1987

Suspected Industrial Chemical Contamination _____

Suspected Petroleum (gasoline, etc.) Contamination _____

Other (specify) _____

REMARKS: Hofur 12/8/87 -

(100 P 2650)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
TYPE	COUNT		PLANT NO				W3				120887							
							SAMPLING STATION				DATE COLLECTED							CARD NO

20	21	22
FIELD	PH	

FIELD RESID. CHLORINE-FREE

23	24

TOTAL

25	26

Purgeable Halocarbons (EPA 600)

Chloromethane	<u>1</u>	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u><1</u>	Benzene	<u><1</u>
E bromomethane	<u>+</u>	Trichloroethene	<u>+</u>	Toluene	<u>+</u>
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<u>+</u>	Dibromochloromethane	<u>+</u>	Ethybenzene	<u>+</u>
Vinyl chloride	<u>+</u>	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	<u>+</u>	Total Xylenes	<u><2</u>
Chloroethane	<u>+</u>	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<u>+</u>	Total Purgeable Hydrocarbons	<u>N.D.</u>
Methylene chloride	<u>+</u>	2-Chloroethylvinylether	<u>+</u>	Tetrahydrofuran	<u>+</u>
Trichlorodifluoromethane	<u>+</u>	Bromoform	<u>+</u>	(2-Butanone) (MEK)	<u>+</u>
1,1-Dichloroethene	<u>+</u>	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u>+</u>	Methylisobutylketone (MIBK)	<u>+</u>
1,1-Dichloroethane	<u>+</u>	Tetrachloroethene	<u>+</u>	Acrolein	<u>+</u>
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<u>+</u>	Chlorobenzene	<u>+</u>	Acrylonitrile	<u>+</u>
Chloroform	<u>+</u>	Total Trihalomethanes	<u>+</u>		<u>+</u>
1,2-Dichloroethane	<u>+</u>	Other Purgeable Organics: N.D.	<u>+</u>		<u>+</u>
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<u>+</u>		<u>+</u>		<u>+</u>
Carbon Tetrachloride	<u>+</u>		<u>+</u>		<u>+</u>
Bromodichloromethane	<u>+</u>		<u>+</u>		<u>+</u>
1,2-Dichloropropane	<u>+</u>		<u>+</u>		<u>+</u>

Results reported in micrograms per liter (parts per billion)

DATE RECEIVED DEC 9 1987 DATE REPORTED DEC 17 1987 CHEMIST Mill LAB. NO. 88265-1

Labs for Water Pollution

P.O. Box 2355
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

Priority ASAP

HAZARDOUS WASTE INVENTORY

General Inorganic Analysis Report Form Job No. 870817Collector HUFER9/3/87

Name/Time/Date

Sample Source EASTERN MD. WOOD TREATINGSample ID no. FUL W-3Preservative Used NONESample Alert NONE

Specify Process:

PPA: NEEDS: _____CASE: _____

Chain of Custody Sample Possession

From:

Name/Time/Date

To:

Name/Time/Date

From:

Name/Time/Date

To:

Name/Time/Date

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> pH	<u>5.4</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alkalinity	<u>29</u>	SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conductivity, microsiemens/cm	<u>19.7</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorides		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Turbidity	<u>98</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorides		SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Color		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cyanides, total		SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue non-combustible	<u>146</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cyanides, reactive		SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue filterable	<u>168</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cyanides, extractable to		SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue, total		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> colorimetry		SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residue volatile		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phenol, soluble		SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specific gravity		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Acidity, total		SEM-CACD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Free Nitrate test		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alkalinity, total	<u>21</u>	SEM-CACD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Corrosivity		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hardness, total	<u>18</u>	SEM-CACD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ignitability		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Carbon Dioxide		SEM-CACD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oil and Grease		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Methylen Blue Active Substance		SEM-MBAS
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ammonia		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorides, total	<u><0.44</u>	SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Calcium Nitrogen		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chlorides, free		SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nitrate		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dissolved oxygen		SEM-DO
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nitrate plus Nitrite		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Biochemical Oxygen Demand		SEM-BOD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phosphate, ortho		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chemical Oxygen Demand		SEM-COD
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phosphate, total		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Organic carbon, total		SEM-OC
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sulfate	<u>38</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inorganic carbon	<u>100556</u>	SEM-C
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sulfite		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tannins, lignin		SEM-Tannic acid
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sulfite		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Salinity		SEM-Salinity
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sulfite, reactive				SEM-SR
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bromides				

Reported date:

9-24-87

JL