

## **Alternative Energy Projects at Superfund Sites**

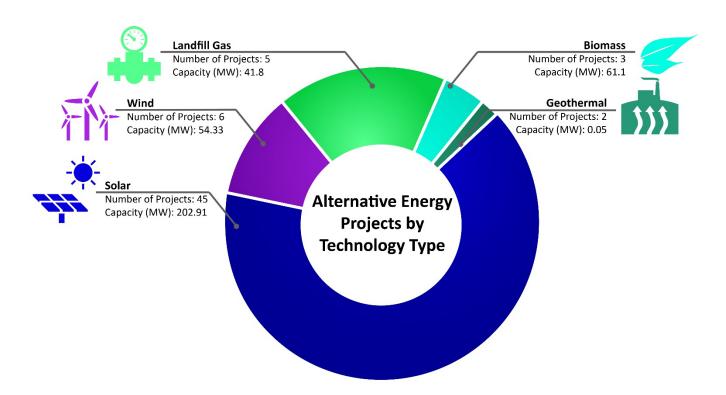
Status Update and Highlights from across the Country September 2018

### Alternative Energy Installations – September 2018

As of September 2018, alternative energy facilities are located at 59 Superfund sites. They support 61 alternative energy projects with an installed capacity of about 360 megawatts (MW). Nearly 75 percent are solar powered. Wind, solar and landfill gas facilities make up about 92 percent of the projects. 64 percent of these efforts have an installed capacity of 1 MW or more. The largest alternative energy facility is a 37.5-MW biomass energy plant at the Gallup's Quarry site in Connecticut. About 26 percent of these projects

| Alternative Energy at Superfund Sites                     |          |  |
|---|----------|--|
| Number of Superfund Sites:                                | 59       |  |
| Number of Projects:                                       | 61       |  |
| Installed Capacity (MW):                                  | 360      |  |
| Estimated Annual Output (MW hours):                       | 991,136* |  |
| * Output information available for 44 of the 61 projects. |          |  |

offset on-site energy demands of cleanup efforts or directly power site-related cleanup activities.



EPA's Superfund Redevelopment Initiative (SRI) also tracks renewable energy projects at Superfund sites that are in the planning and construction stages. Projects under development include a 10-MW solar project at the Auburn Road Landfill site in New Hampshire and a 3-MW solar project at the Pacific Coast Pipe Lines site in California.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Alternative energy is defined here as non-fossil and non-nuclear based sources of energy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These figures are estimates. They are based on publicly available information, direct communication with EPA staff and feedback from project stakeholders.

# **Active Alternative Energy Installations, by Superfund Site**

| Site   | Site ID      | Technology Type |
|--|--------------|-----------------|
| AEROJET GENERAL CORP.  | CAD980358832 | solar           |
| AMERICAN CYANAMID  | NJD002173276 | solar           |
| APACHE POWDER CO.  | AZD008399263 | solar           |
| ARSENIC TRIOXIDE SITE  | NDD980716963 | geothermal      |
| BETHLEHEM STEEL CORP/LACKAWANNA PLANT <sup>a</sup>                   | NYD002134880 | solar           |
|  | NYD002134880 | wind            |
| BRICK TOWNSHIP LANDFILL  | NJD980505176 | solar           |
| BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY (USDOE)                               | NY7890008975 | solar           |
| CAMP PENDLETON MARINE CORPS BASE                                     | CA2170023533 | solar           |
| CENTRAL LANDFILL   | RID980520183 | landfill gas    |
| CHARLES GEORGE RECLAMATION TRUST LANDFILL                            | MAD003809266 | solar           |
| CHEVRON QUESTA MINE  | NMD002899094 | solar           |
| CONTINENTAL STEEL CORP.  | IND001213503 | solar           |
|  | IND001213503 | wind            |
| DELILAH ROAD   | NJD980529002 | solar           |
| E.I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS & CO., INC. (NEWPORT PIGMENT PLANT LANDFILL) | DED980555122 | solar           |
| ELIZABETH MINE   | VTD988366621 | solar           |
| ELLSWORTH AIR FORCE BASE   | SD2571924644 | solar           |
| F.E. WARREN AIR FORCE BASE   | WY5571924179 | wind            |
| FMC CORP. (FRIDLEY PLANT)  | MND006481543 | solar           |
| FORT DETRICK AREA B GROUND WATER                                     | MDD985397249 | solar           |
| FORT DIX (LANDFILL SITE)   | NJ2210020275 | solar           |
| FRONTIER FERTILIZER  | CAD071530380 | solar           |
| GALLUP'S QUARRY  | CTD108960972 | biomass         |
| GE - HOUSATONIC RIVER  | MAD002084093 | solar           |
| GROVELAND WELLS  | MAD980732317 | solar           |
| IRON HORSE PARK  | MAD051787323 | solar           |
| JET PROPULSION LABORATORY (NASA)                                     | CA9800013030 | solar           |
| LANDFILL & DEVELOPMENT CO.   | NJD048044325 | solar           |
| LAWRENCE AVIATION INDUSTRIES, INC.                                   | NYD002041531 | geothermal      |
| LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL LABORATORY                               | CA2890012584 | solar           |
| LOWRY LANDFILL   | COD980499248 | landfill gas    |
| MARSHALL LANDFILL  | COD980499255 | solar           |
| MARTIN-MARIETTA, SODYECO, INC.                                       | NCD001810365 | biomass         |
| NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP.   | CAD041472986 | solar           |
| NEBRASKA ORDNANCE PLANT (FORMER)                                     | NE6211890011 | wind            |
| NORTH CAROLINA STATE UNIVERSITY (LOT 86, FARM UNIT #1)               | NCD980557656 | solar           |
| OAK RIDGE RESERVATION (USDOE)  | TN1890090003 | solar           |
| OMEGA HILLS NORTH LANDFILL   | WID000808568 | landfill gas    |
| OTIS AIR NATIONAL GUARD BASE/CAMP EDWARDS                            | MA2570024487 | wind            |

| Site  | Site ID      | Technology Type    |
|---|--------------|--------------------|
| PANTEX PLANT (USDOE)                                  | TX4890110527 | wind               |
| PEMACO MAYWOOD  | CAD980737092 | solar              |
| PETERSON/PURITAN, INC.                                | RID055176283 | solar              |
| PICATINNY ARSENAL (USARMY)                            | NJ3210020704 | solar              |
| PINE BEND SANITARY LANDFILL                           | MND000245795 | landfill gas       |
| REFUSE HIDEAWAY                                       | WID980610604 | solar              |
| REILLY TAR & CHEMICAL CORP. (INDIANAPOLIS PLANT)      | IND000807107 | solar              |
| RE-SOLVE, INC.  | MAD980520621 | solar              |
| ROSE HILL REGIONAL LANDFILL                           | RID980521025 | solar              |
| SAVANNAH RIVER SITE (USDOE)                           | SC1890008989 | biomass            |
| SOUTH BRUNSWICK LANDFILL                              | NJD980530679 | solar              |
| SOUTHSIDE SANITARY LANDFILL                           | IND980607360 | landfill gas       |
| SULLIVAN'S LEDGE                                      | MAD980731343 | solar              |
| SUMMITVILLE MINE                                      | COD983778432 | solar <sup>b</sup> |
| TUCSON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT AREA                     | AZD980737530 | solar              |
| UNITED CHROME PRODUCTS, INC.                          | ORD009043001 | solar              |
| WASHINGTON COUNTY LANDFILL                            | MND980704738 | solar              |
| WEST KINGSTON TOWN DUMP/URI DISPOSAL AREA             | RID981063993 | solar              |
| W.R. GRACE & CO., INC. (ACTON PLANT)                  | MAD001002252 | solar              |
| YORK COUNTY SOLID WASTE AND REFUSE AUTHORITY LANDFILL | PAD980830715 | solar              |

#### Notes:

USDOE = U.S. Department of Energy

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Not on the Superfund program's National Priorities List (NPL).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Due to altitude constraints, solar energy used to power the treatment plant is generated at an off-site solar farm

### Alternative Energy Spotlight: Iron Horse Park – Using Solar Energy to Power Schools

EPA coordinated with developers on plans to support energy infrastructure at the Iron Horse Landfill site. While Shaffer Landfill was not developable for conventional uses, it drew the attention of alternative energy developer UGT as a potential location for solar power infrastructure. EPA worked with UGT on plans that would maximize use of available land, account for the landfill's steep slopes and ensure the integrity of the landfill cap. EPA determined that installation of a large solar array would not require substantial modifications to the landfill. Resulting plans had strong support from the town of Billerica, the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection and National Grid, the electric utility.

Following the plan's approval in 2012, UGT began construction of the 6-MW, 25-acre array in 2013. To account for the landfill's steep slopes, UGT installed the array's 20,000 panels in small sub-arrays rather than one large installation. To ensure the integrity of the cap, UGT installed the panels on ballasted racks instead of a more traditional rack system that would pierce the cap. EPA provided project developers with a comfort letter indicating that they had submitted plans to EPA and were coordinating development with the Agency. In addition, the letter provided the developers with EPA statutory and policy information to help them make informed decisions and facilitate the reuse of the property.

Project construction finished in 2014. Two additional solar projects have followed. A 4-MW array is located near the entrance to the Iron Horse Park facility. The third project, completed in 2017, is partially located on top of a former asbestos landfill. A virtual net metering agreement means that subscribers received a credit on their electric bills for excess energy produced by their share of the solar project. Through such an agreement, the 6-MW project currently provides the energy for four school systems and the local government.



For more information about EPA's Superfund Redevelopment Initiative, visit: <a href="http://www.epa.gov/superfund-redevelopment-initiative">http://www.epa.gov/superfund-redevelopment-initiative</a>.