Dixie Oil Processors Superfund Site

Harris County, Texas

EPA Region 6

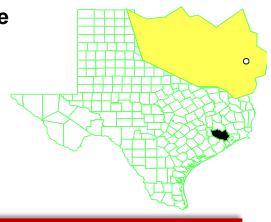
EPA ID: TXD089793046

Site ID: 0600006

Congressional District 22

Contact: Gary Miller, 214-665-8318

Last Updated: August 2015



Effective October 1, 2015 this Site Status Summary will be replaced with a new site profile. The new site profile will be available at: www.epa.gov/superfund/dixie-oil-processors

Current Status -

The site is currently undergoing operations and maintenance.

The fourth five-year review report, completed in September 2013, determined that the remedy is functioning as intended and remains protective of human health and the environment in the short term. Long term protectiveness of the remedial action will be verified by continuing monitoring of groundwater to assess the effectiveness of the Site controls. The next five-year review will be completed in 2018.

The Site was deleted from the National Priorities List (Superfund) in August 2006.



Background

Dixie Oil Processors (DOP) is a former industrial facility located approximately 20 miles southeast of Houston in Harris County Texas. DOP North was operated as a copper recovery and hydrocarbon washing facility from 1969 through 1978. A total of six surface pits were used to store and treat wastewater prior to recovery and



discharge. The pits were closed between 1975 and 1977. Several operations occurred at DOP South from 1978 through 1986. These included hydrocarbon washing to produce various chemicals, oil recovery, and blending and distilling residues from local chemical plants and refineries to produce various petroleum products including fuel oil, creosote extender, and a molybdenum concentrate catalyst. Active operations at the site stopped in 1986. The EPA issued a Record of Decision (ROD) for the DOP site on March 31, 1988. The ROD selecting limited action and monitoring, including fluids stabilization and a site cover with institutional controls.

Benefits

The completion of the construction of the containment remedy in 1993 provided long-term reduction of risk to human health. The soil cover over the site reduces the risk from direct contact with the residual wastes at the site.

The site is classified as ready for anticipated use (non-residential).

National Priorities Listing (NPL) History

 Proposed Date:
 06/24/1988

 Final Date:
 10/04/1989

 Deletion Proposal Date:
 06/23/2006

 Final Deletion Date:
 08/22/2006

Population: Approximately 3600 people live within the 2000 census tract surrounding the site.

Setting: The site occupies approximately 26 acres. Dixie Farm Road divides the site into two parcels, a

northern tract of 19 acres (DOP North), historically used for storage purposes, and the southern tract of about 7 acres (DOP South) where processing activities occurred. Mud Gully, a flood control ditch and local tributary of Clear Creek, runs along the eastern boundary of DOP North and the western boundary of DOP South. The Brio Refinery Site borders DOP to the northeast. The surrounding area is a combination of undeveloped and developed properties including the Friendswood Oil Field, residential homes, and the San Jacinto

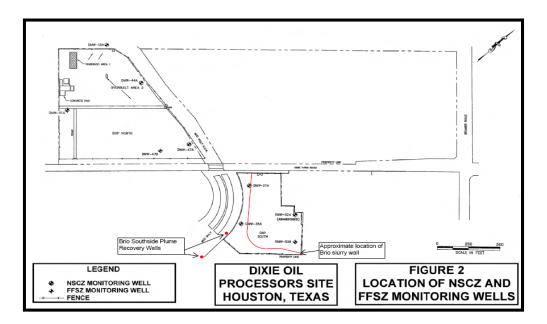
Community College.

Hydrology: The upper water bearing zone is the Numerous Sand Channel Zone (NSCZ), which includes

interbedded sands, silts, and silty clays and ranges between 4-feet and 27-feet thick. The NSCZ flows toward and discharges into Mud Gully. The next deeper water bearing zone is the Fifty-Foot Sand, which is separated from the NSCZ by the Middle Clay, which varies between 8-feet and 20-feet thick. The Fifty-Foot Sand ranges between 35-feet and 45-feet thick with

ground water flowing to the south-southeast.

Site Map



Wastes and Volumes

Site contaminants include ethylbenzene, hexachlorobenzene, 1,1,2-trichloroethane, methylene chloride, toluene, chlorobenzene, and copper. There were approximately 107,000 cubic yards of contaminated soil at the Site associated with six different former pits. The NSCZ contained 1,1,2-trichloroethane and copper in addition to other contaminants. No ground water contamination was detected in the Fifty-Foot Sand Zone.

Approximately 6,000 cubic yards of the contaminated soil was removed in 1984 and disposed off-site.

Health Considerations —

Following remediation there are no unacceptable risks at the Site. Prior to remediation, the risk assessment concluded there were elevated health risks associated with exposure to the wastes at the Site.

The Environmental Indicator status is human exposure under control; and ground water migration under control.

Record of Decision (ROD) ——

The Record of Decision (ROD) was issued on March 31, 1988. The selected remedy included the following:

- Removal of surface tanks and disposal of residuals,
- Covering the site with 6 inches of topsoil and grading to promote runoff, and
- Channelizing Mud Gully to remove any flow restrictions.

Construction completion was achieved on June 9, 1993.

Community Involvement ——

Proposed Plan and Public Meeting: February 1988
Technical Assistance Grant: January 1994

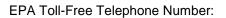
Information Repository: At the Brio Superfund site, located at:

11810 South Hill Drive Houston, TX 77089

Attn: John Danna (281) 922-1054

Site Contacts •

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