

Wolff-Alport Chemical Company Superfund Site

Proposed Cleanup Plan

Public Meeting

August 16, 2017 7:00 PM Brooklyn, NY



Project Team		
Cecilia Echols	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Community Involvement Coordinator	
Joel Singerman	EPA Central New York Remediation Section Chief	
Tom Mongelli	EPA Project Manager	
Lora Smith-Staines	EPA Human Health Risk Assessor	
Kim Kaster	CDM Smith (Contractor to EPA)	

Meeting Agenda

Superfund Overview

Joel Singerman, EPA

Site Background

Thomas Mongelli, EPA

Remedial Investigation

Kim Kaster, CDM Smith

Remedial Alternatives

Thomas Mongelli, EPA

Preferred Remedy

- Thomas Mongelli, EPA
- Questions/Comments

Meeting Agenda

Superfund Overview

- Site Background
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Superfund Law

- Toxic waste disposal disasters prompted law passage by Congress in 1980
- Provides federal funds for cleanup of hazardous waste sites
- Allows EPA to respond to emergencies involving hazardous substances
- Empowers EPA to compel potentially responsible parties to pay for or conduct the clean up



Superfund Cleanup Process

- Site Discovery and Hazard Ranking System
- Site Placed on National Priorities List (NPL)
- Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study
- Proposed Remedy
- Record of Decision
- Remedial Design/Remedial Action
- Long Term Monitoring/Five-Year Review of Cleanup
- Deletion of Site from NPL

*Removal

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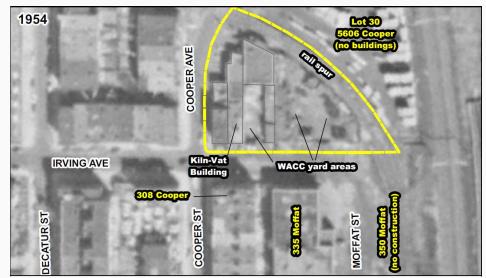
Wolff-Alport Chemical Company Superfund Site





<u>History</u>

- c.1920-1954 Wolff-Alport
 Chemical Company in operation
- 1988-2010: Initial and follow-up radiological surveys conducted by New York City, New York State, and EPA reveal impacts to the onsite properties and nearby sewer





Recent EPA Actions

- 2012-2014: EPA conducts a removal action at the Site
- 2014: Site added to the NPL
- 2015-2017: EPA conducts a Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study at the Site



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Remedial Investigation

- Remedial Alternatives
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Remedial Investigation Overview

- RI Objectives
- RI Activities
- Data results



Remedial Investigation Objectives

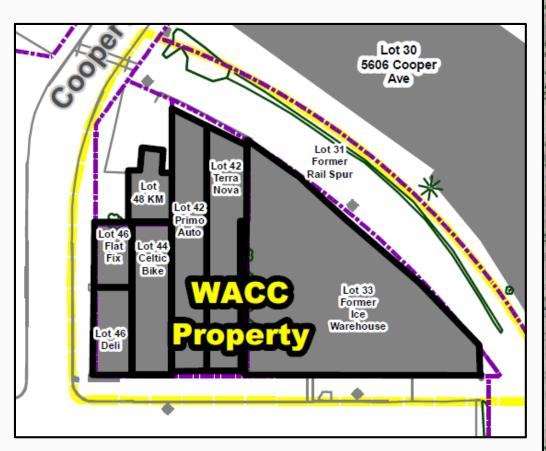
- Review and evaluate previous data
- Define nature and extent of contamination
- Provide data to support the Feasibility Study

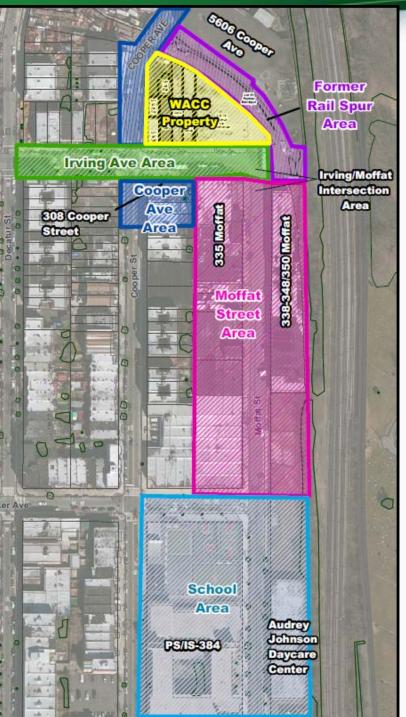


Remedial Investigation Activities

- Building investigation
- Soil investigation
- Groundwater investigation
- Sewer investigation
- Gamma exposure rate
- School and daycare investigation

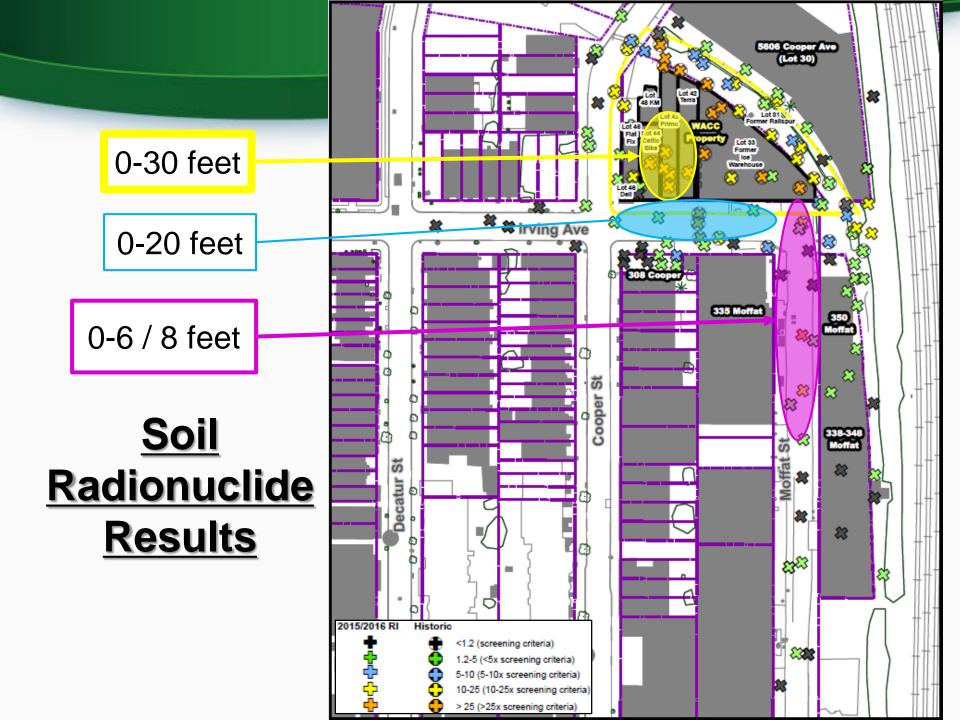


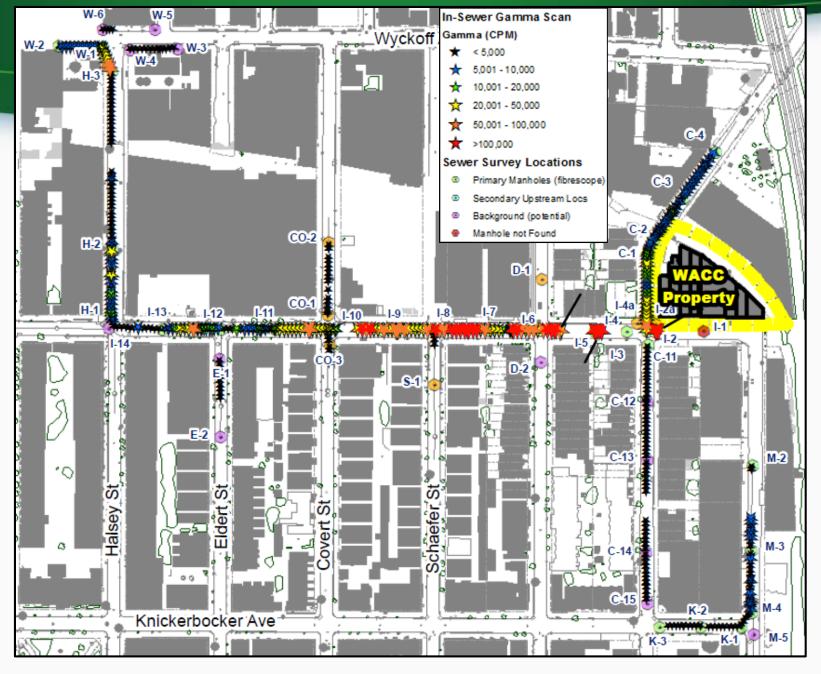




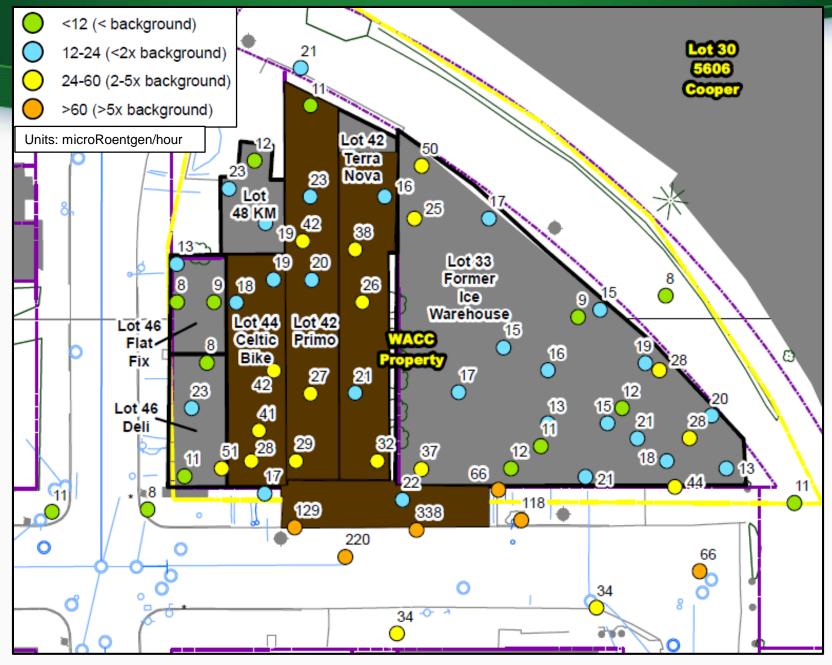
<u>Sewer</u> Investigation <u>Areas</u>



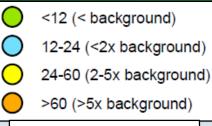




Sewer Results



WACC Property Gamma Exposure Rates

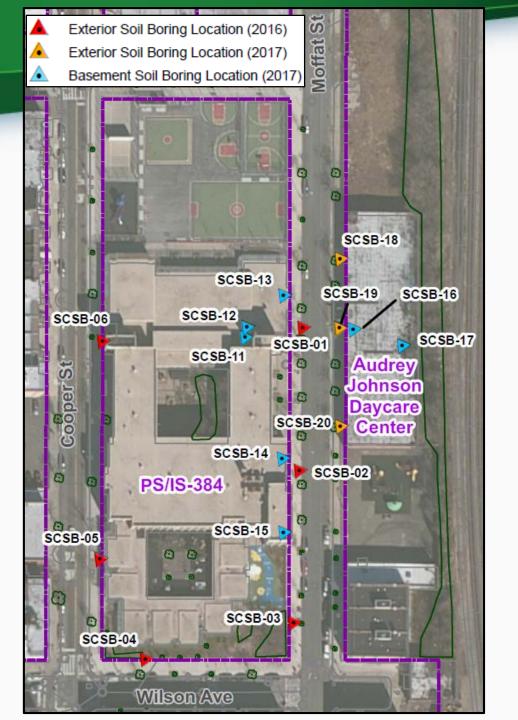


Units: microRoentgen/hour

<u>Neighborhood</u> <u>Gamma</u> <u>Exposure Rates</u>



<u>School and</u> <u>Daycare</u> <u>Investigation</u>



THUTED STARS

Conclusions

- Radiological contamination found in soil, building material, and sewer
- No radiological contamination in groundwater
- No radiological contamination found above biota screening levels in creek sediments
- Air concentrations in school and daycare below EPA action level
- Data is sufficient to support the FS

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Remedial Alternatives – Cleanup Options

- <u>Alternative #1</u> No Further Action
- <u>Alternative #2</u> Temporary Relocation of Tenants; Targeted Building Demolition; Additional Shielding; Shallow Soil Excavation; Sewer Removal and/or Cleaning; Institutional Controls
- <u>Alternative #3</u> Permanent Relocation of Tenants; Demolition of All Buildings; Shallow Soil Excavation; Sewer Removal and/or Cleaning; Institutional Controls
- <u>Alternative #4</u> Permanent Relocation of Tenants; Demolition of All Buildings; Excavation of All Contaminated Soil; Sewer Removal and/or Cleaning



Alternative #1 - No Further Action

- Under this alternative, no further actions would be taken to address the Site
- The Superfund program requires consideration of a "noaction" alternative to act as a baseline for comparison
- Because contamination would be left in place, the Site would be reviewed once every five years



Common Element of Alternatives #2, #3, and #4

Sewer System Removal and/or Cleaning

A small section of clay sewer pipe adjacent to the Site would be excavated and replaced

Remaining portions of contaminated sewer line would be jet cleaned and resurveyed to determine any remaining areas of contamination

 Any areas of sewer pipe which still exhibit elevated radiation levels would undergo additional investigation

 Based on this investigation, any areas of sewer pipe or sewer bedding material determined to be contaminated would be excavated and replaced



<u>Alternative #2</u>- Temporary Tenant Relocation, Targeted Demolition, Shallow Soil Excavation, Shielding Installation, Institutional Controls

In addition to the previously described common element:

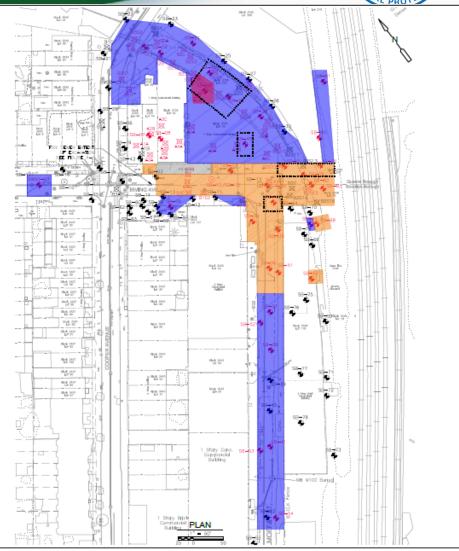
- All current on-site tenants would be temporarily relocated while construction takes place
- The currently unoccupied warehouse on Lot 33 would be demolished
- Soil would be excavated to a maximum depth of 4 feet in areas where no buildings are present, including beneath streets and sidewalks

UNTED STATES

Alternative #2 - Continued

- Additional shielding would be installed on Lots 42, 44, and the basement wall of Lot 46 adjoining Lot 44
- Institutional controls would be enacted which, at a minimum, would limit intrusive activities at the Site, allow access for monitoring, and require radon mitigation system installation in any future structures
- The site remedy would be reviewed every five years since contamination would be left in place





LEGENDS.

CDM Smith

- 2015 RI BORINGS
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 - 4 FT DEPTH OF EXCAMPTION EXTENT OF POB AND/OR PAH

NOTES:

- BORING STANDOLS SHOWN IN RED INDICATES RESULT EXCEEDS PRELIMINARY REVENTION SOLLS AT THAT LOCATION.

Figure 3-3 Alternative 2 Excavation Plan Wolff-Alport Chemical Company Site Ridgewood, Queens, New York



<u>Alternative #3</u> – Permanent Relocation of Tenants; Demolition of All Buildings; Shallow Soil Excavation; Institutional Controls

In addition to the previously described common element:

- All current on-site tenants would be permanently relocated and all on-site buildings would be demolished
- Soil would be excavated to a maximum depth of 4 feet in areas where no buildings are present, including beneath streets and sidewalks

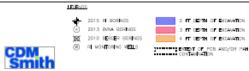
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Alternative #3 - Continued

- Institutional controls would be enacted which, at a minimum, would limit intrusive activities at the Site, allow access for monitoring, and require radon mitigation system installation in any future structures
- The site remedy would be reviewed every five years since contamination would be left in place









BORING SYMBOLS SHOWN IN RED INCIDATES RESULT EXCEEDS PRELIVINARY REMEINTION COLLS AT THAT LOCATION.

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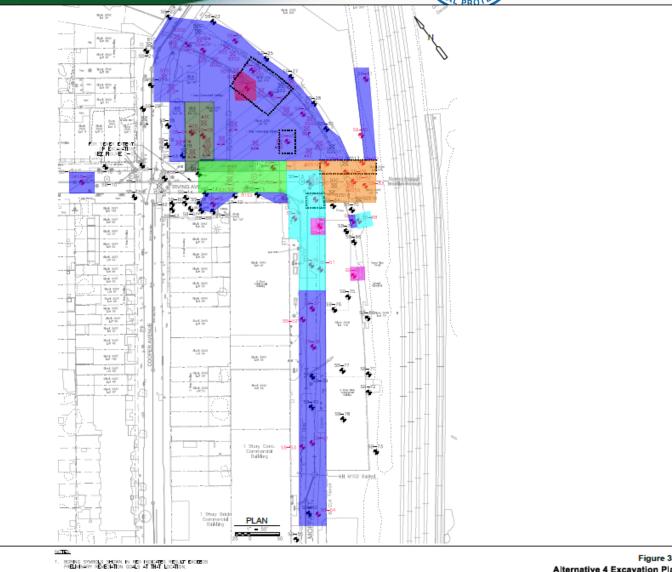


<u>Alternative #4</u> – Permanent Relocation of Tenants; Demolition of All Buildings; Excavation of All Contaminated Soil

In addition to the previously described common element:

- All current on-site tenants would be permanently relocated and all on-site buildings would be demolished
- All contaminated soil would be excavated and disposed of off-site
- No institutional controls necessary
- No five-year reviews necessary





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Comparison of Alternatives



Alternative #2

Alternative #3

Alternative #4



Remedial Alternatives Cost Analysis

Alternative	Capital Cost	Annual Operation & Maintenance	Present Worth Cost
#1 – No Further Action	\$0	\$0	\$0
#2 – Targeted Demolition & Shallow Soil Excavation	\$34,400,000	\$109,000	\$36,200,000
#3 – Complete Demolition & Shallow Soil Excavation	\$33,500,000	\$60,000	\$34,200,000
#4 – Complete Demolition & Complete Excavation	\$39,400,000	\$0	\$39,400,000



EPA's Remedial Alternative Evaluation Criteria

- Nine Criteria
- Federal Superfund Requirements
- Technical and Policy Considerations



Threshold Criteria

- 1. Overall Protection of Human Health and the Environment.
- 2. Compliance with Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements.

Balancing Criteria

- 3. Long-Term Effectiveness and Permanence
- 4. Reduction in Toxicity, Mobility or Volume through Treatment
- 5. Short Term Effectiveness
- 6. Implementability
- 7. Cost



Modifying Criteria

- 8. State Acceptance
- Community Acceptance acceptance of preferred alternative will be assessed following the public comment period.

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Preferred Remedy

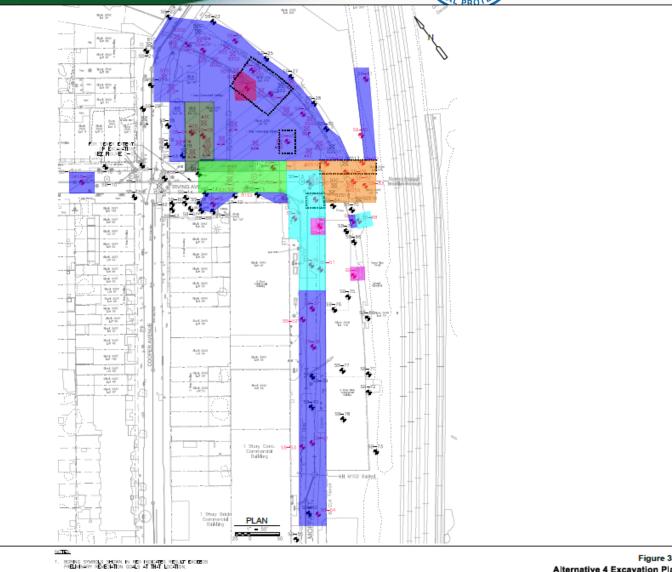
Questions/Comments



Preferred Remedy - Alternative #4

- All current on-site tenants would be permanently relocated and all on-site buildings would be demolished
- All contaminated soil would be excavated and disposed of off-site
- The impacted sewer system would be cleaned and/or excavated, as needed





FORMOS 2 FT DEPTH OF EXCAVATION 🕂 2015 RI RORINGS 3 FT DEPTH OF EXCAVATION ٢ 2013 RVNA BORINDS 4 PT DEPTH OF EXCAVATION 2010 BERSER BORINGS 5 FT DEPTH OF EXCAVATION IN NONTORING VELLS S FT DEPTH OF EXCAVATION CDM Smith ENTENT OF POB AND/OR PAH CONTAMINATION 20 FT DEPTH OF EXCAMPTION 30 FT DEPTH OF EXCRAPTION

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Questions and Comments

Please address written comments no later than **Monday, August 28, 2017** to:

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www.epa.gov/superfund/wolff-alport