



New Bedford Harbor Superfund Site Virtual Public Meeting

June 10, 2025

6:00PM – 7:30PM



USEPA - Region 1

Ask questions / share comment

See participants

Closed Captioning

1. Language and Speech

2. Turn on live captions

MUTE your PC mic button

Chat

People

Raise

React

View

Rooms

Apps

More

Camera


Mic

Share

Leave


Turn your video on/off

Hang up button



New Bedford Harbor
Superfund Site
Virtual Public Meeting

January 17, 2024
6:00PM – 7:30PM



USEPA - Region 1

Virtual Meeting Participant Instructions

Ground Rules for Online Participation

Our requests:

Keep your microphone muted when not speaking

Respect time limits for questions and comments

Keep comments and chats respectful and appropriate for a public audience

Follow the facilitators' guidance and instructions on how to participate

Project Team

- Aaron Shaheen – EPA Community Involvement Coordinator
- David Dickerson – EPA Remedial Project Manager
- Chris Kelly – EPA Remedial Project Manager
- Marie Esten – U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Project Manager
- Paul Craffey – Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Project Manager

Agenda

1. Review of 2024 accomplishments
2. Review 2025 remedial work
3. Seafood Consumption Advisories
4. Community Involvement Plan
5. “Explanation of Significant Differences” (ESD)
 - sediment cap areas
 - 25 v. 50 ppm TCL along River Walk
 - Institutional Controls
 - public comment period



The Upper Harbor - looking north

Summary of 2024 Accomplishments

1. Completed saltmarsh plantings at East Zones 2 and 3
2. Completed remediation AND plantings at West Zones 2 and 3
3. Completed off-site disposal of “Cell 1” material at Sawyer St and started off-site disposal of soils underneath Cell 1
4. Completed re-dredging at North of Wood Street area
5. Monitoring and maintenance of remediated shorelines and sediment caps
6. Performed various environmental monitoring programs, including the first-year of post-cap monitoring of the LHCC*
7. Installed new fish consumption signage

(all areas are shown on the next slides)

*LHCC = Lower Harbor CAD Cell

Areas of Work: 2024 Upper Harbor

Legend:

- dredged areas (completed 2020)
- intertidal areas completed
- intertidal areas 2023 - 2024
- sediment cap areas (completed 2019)
- dredging not needed
- north of Wood Street re-dredging




Redredging north of the Wood/Slocum Street bridge



Redredging north of the Wood/Slocum Street bridge



An aerial photograph showing a large-scale excavation project. A yellow excavator is positioned on a muddy bank, working on a dark, silty area. To the left is a body of water. In the background, several large, multi-story brick industrial buildings are visible, along with a tall, cylindrical concrete structure. Various vehicles, including trucks and cars, are parked nearby. A blue dumpster and some construction materials are also present on the site.

West Zone 2/3 Excavation

Photo: Ed Pepin

West Zone 2/3 Restoration Completed



Photo: D. Dickerson



East Zone 2 Restoration

Saltmarsh grasses being planted
(after excavation and clean backfill)

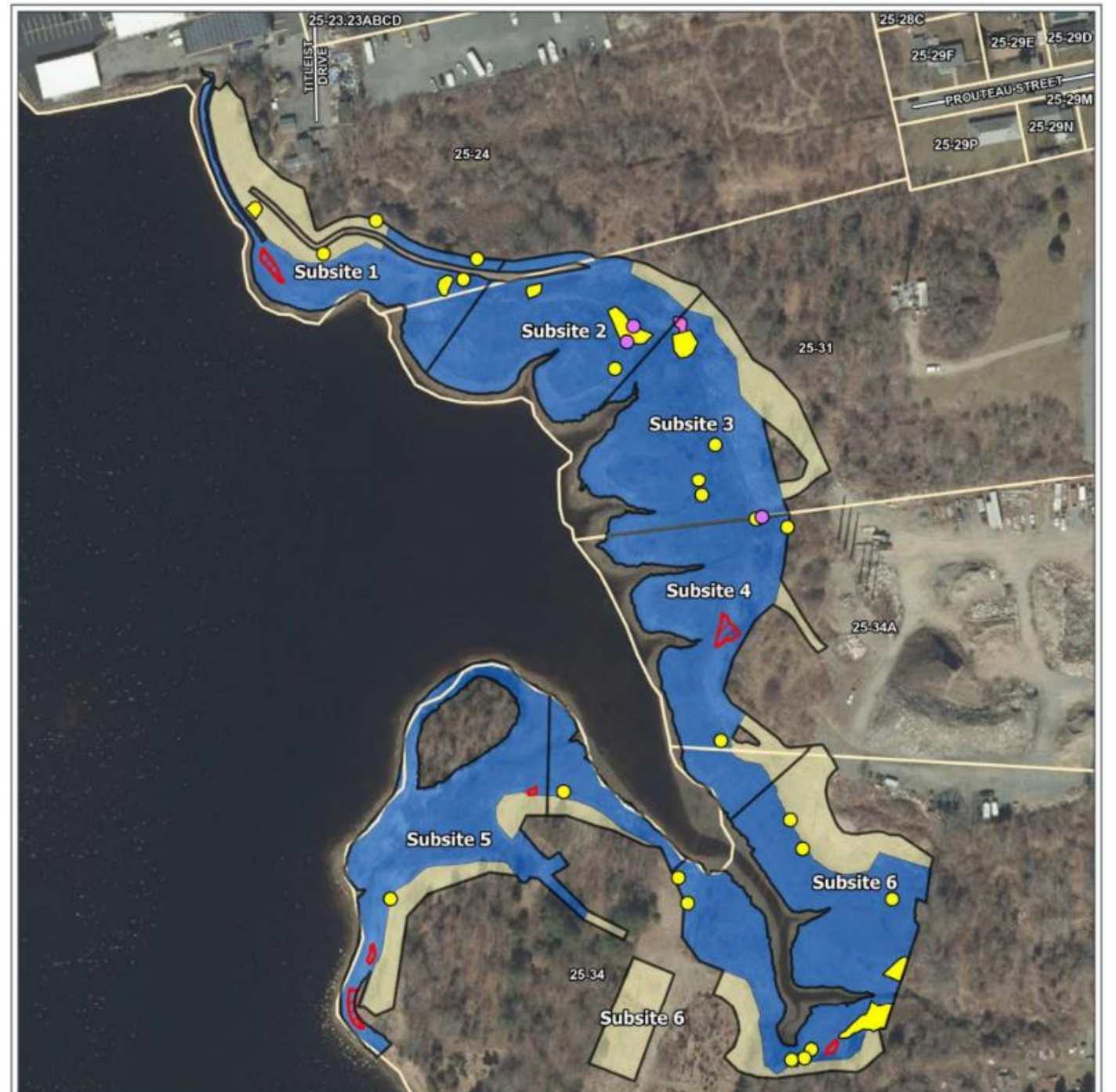
Restoration Monitoring

Mapping of:

- 1 – sparse vegetation
- 2 – invasive species
- 3 – erosional areas

Legend:

- sparse vegetation
- *Phragmites* (invasive)
- purple loose-strive (invasive)
- wetland/saltmarsh area
- upland area



Restoration Monitoring

Sediment cap L-014 (landward edge, WZ4)

May 2024 – low tide



Restoration Monitoring

Oysters are self-colonizing in several areas of the upper harbor



Photo: D. Dickerson



Market
Basket

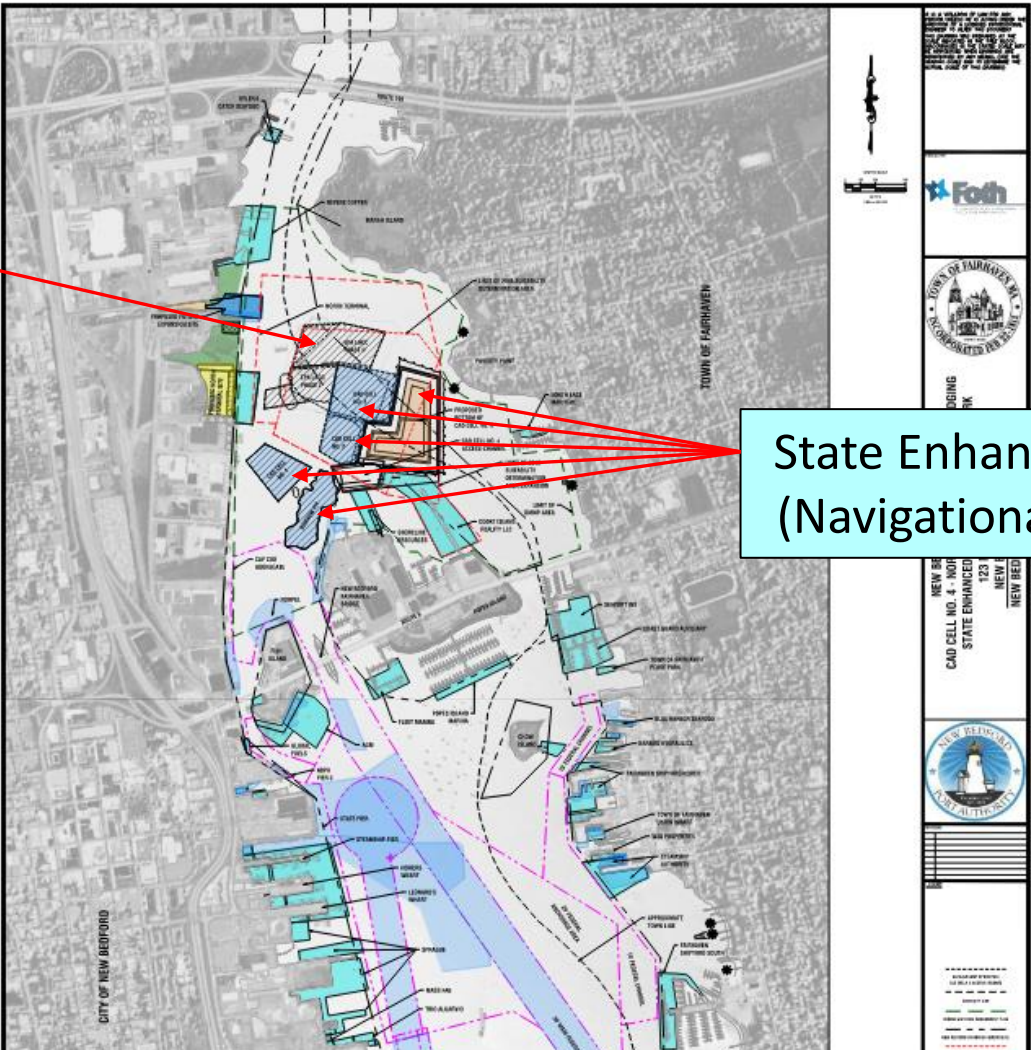
Sawyer St

Cell 1

Riverside
Park

**All PCB-contaminated soil in
AND underneath Cell 1 has
been disposed off-site**

Superfund Lower Harbor
CAD Cell (LHCC)



State Enhanced Remedy
(Navigational) CAD Cells


Lower Harbor CAD Cell: First-Year of Post-Cap Monitoring



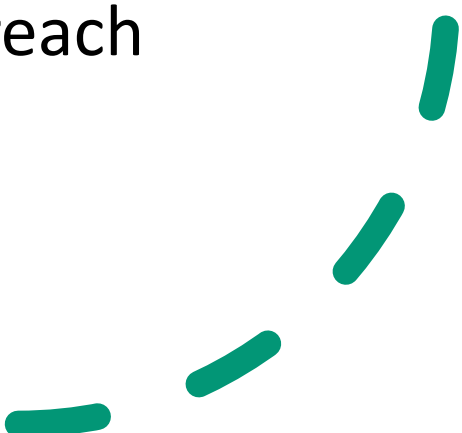
Lower Harbor CAD Cell: First-Year of Post-Cap Monitoring

Three types of monitoring all show that the LHCC cap is functioning as designed:

- Bathymetry (three rounds – mapping of the harbor bottom)
- Through-cap cores (verified that a 3-ft cap remains in place)
- Sediment chemistry at cap surface (no PCBs > 0.07 ppm)



Planned Work in 2025

1. Completed off-site disposal of soil/sediment beneath Cells 1 and 2 at the Sawyer St. facility
 2. Construction of the pilot CDF cap at Sawyer St.
 3. Demobilization activities at the Sawyer St. facility
 4. Continued monitoring and maintenance of remediated saltmarshes and sediment caps
 5. Continued fish consumption outreach
 6. Five Year Review
- 



Pilot CDF

Cell 1

Cell 2

Market
Basket

Sawyer St

Riverside
Park

Sawyer Street Support Facility – 2025 work

1. Construct the pilot Confined Disposal Facility (CDF) landfill-type cap (only 5-ft high for positive drainage)
2. Off-site disposal of PCB-contaminated soil beneath Cells 1 and 2 (completed February 2025)
3. Backfilling of Cells 1 and 2 (completed May 2025)
4. Site demobilization

Sawyer Street Support Facility - Dec 2024

Pilot CDF area to be capped

Cell 1 deep soils being disposed off-site and backfilled with clean soil

Cell 2



Market Basket

Sawyer St

Pilot CDF

Future Redevelopment

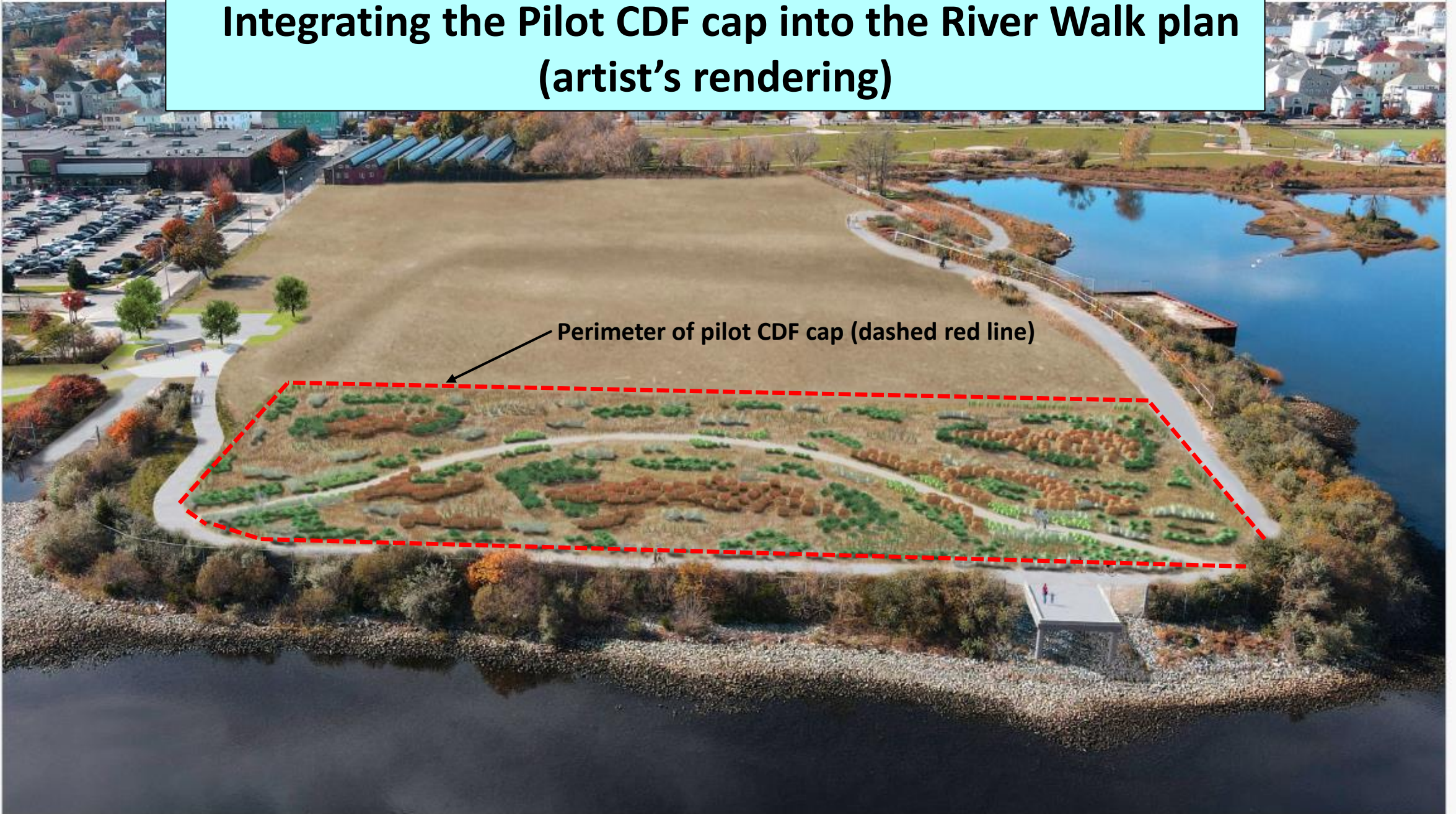
Riverside Park

Future River Walk

Integrating the Pilot CDF cap into the River Walk plan

Integrating the Pilot CDF cap into the River Walk plan (artist's rendering)

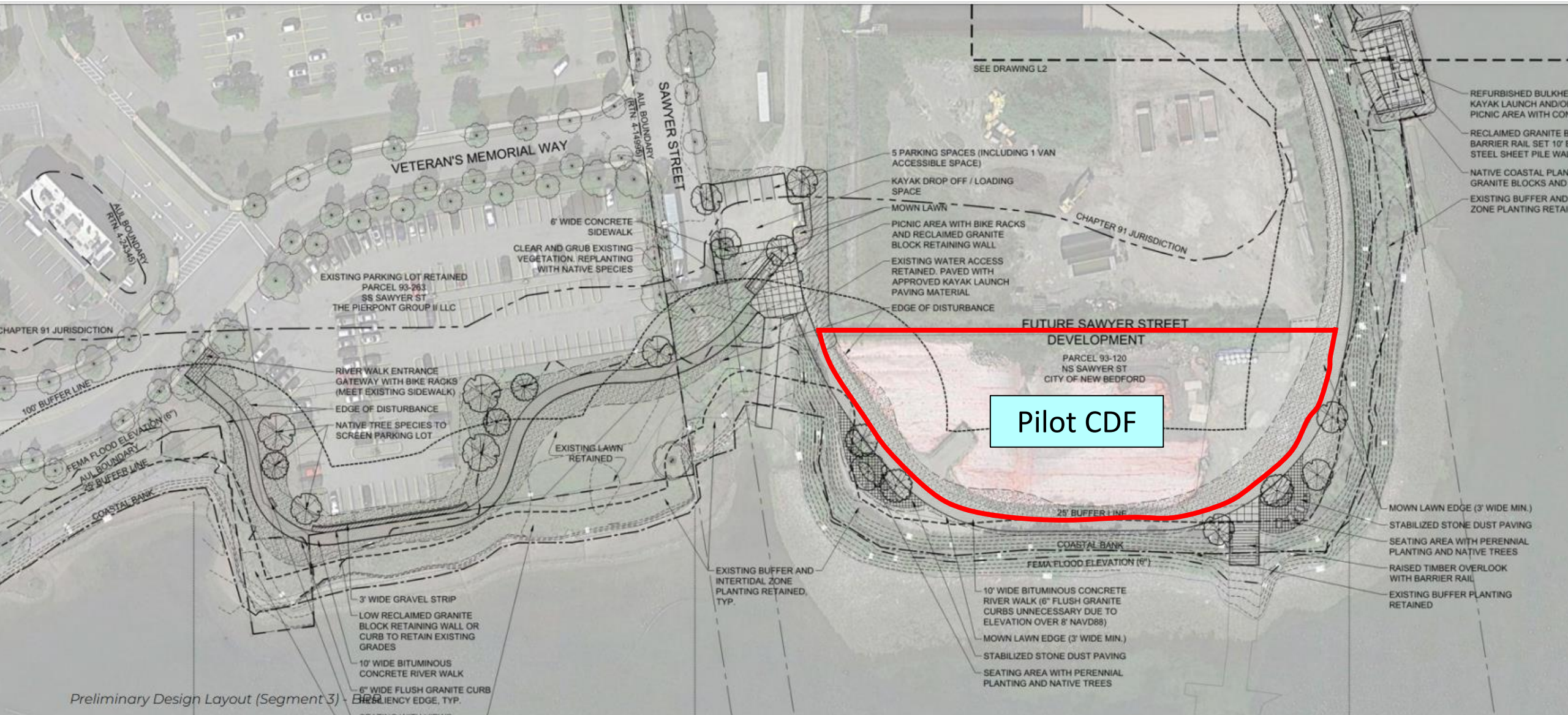
Perimeter of pilot CDF cap (dashed red line)



Integrating the Pilot CDF cap into the River Walk plan (artist's rendering)



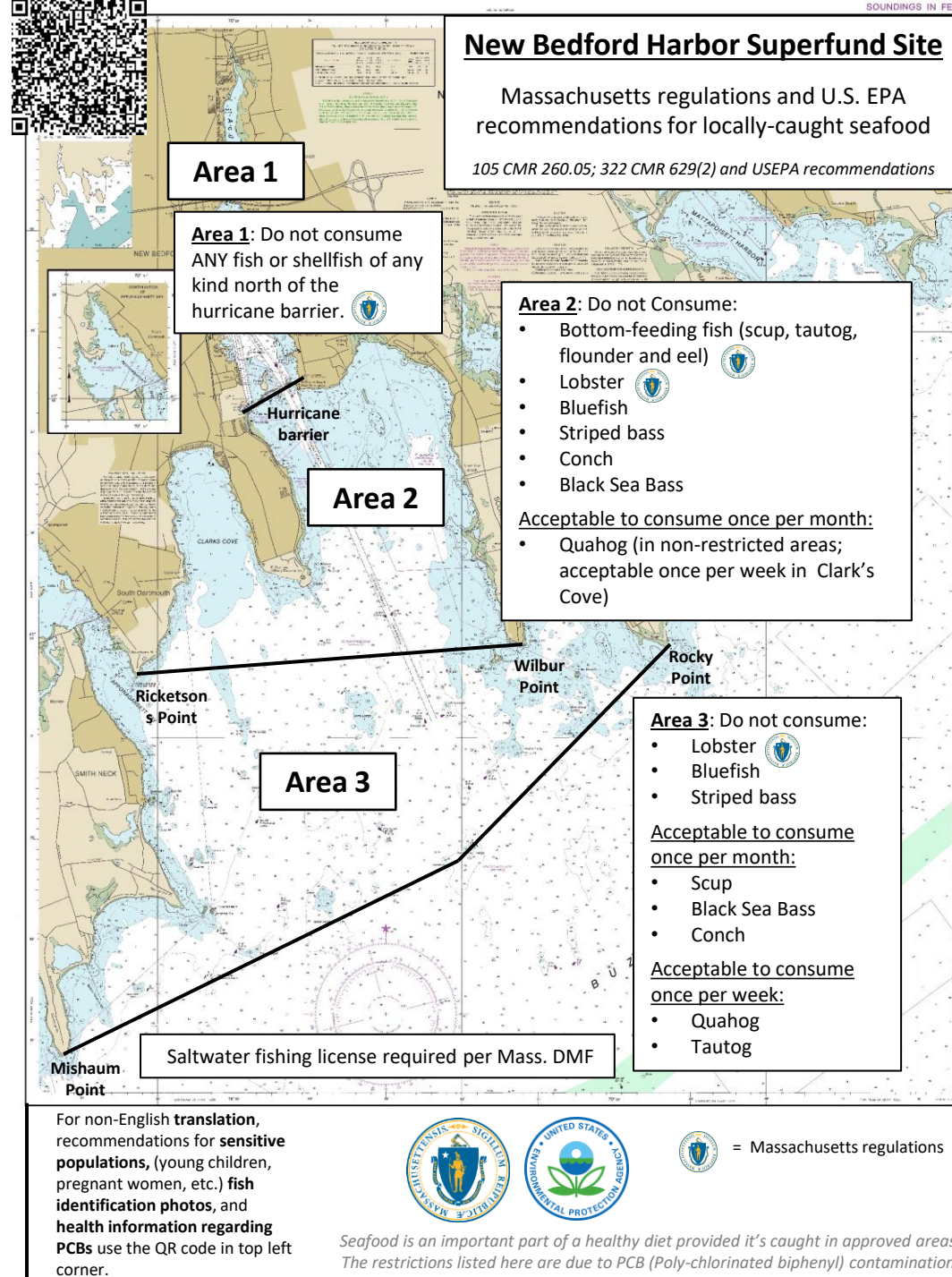
Preliminary Design Plan for River Walk



Fish consumption restrictions and advisories continue



Updated fish consumption signage



Collaboration with local CEDC for shoreline outreach

- Multi-lingual outreach coordinators survey local fishermen along Site shoreline/bridges/hurricane barrier
- Now using iPad to streamline data gathering
- Results to date show that some consumption of locally-caught seafood is still occurring

Community Involvement Plan

The EPA is asking for public input on the New Bedford Harbor Community Involvement Plan

Please reach out to the EPA's Community Involvement Coordinator, Aaron Shaheen, for more information.

Contact information:

Office: 617-918-1071

Cell: 617-913-9181

Email: shaheen.aaron@epa.gov



New Bedford Harbor Superfund Site

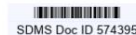
COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT PLAN

and

INSTITUTIONAL CONTROL PLAN for SEAFOOD CONSUMPTION



2015



SDMS Doc ID 574395

- In 2006-2007, to raise people's awareness of health risks associated with eating PCB-contaminated seafood, EPA launched a campaign, the "Fish Smart" Campaign, which included educational outreach in area schools and hospitals; colorful, eye-catching posters and materials were located in many publicly accessible locations throughout New Bedford. See Attachment 5.



- Environmental educational resources for teachers and students were developed in partnership between EPA, the Lloyd Center for the Environment, the New Bedford Public Schools' Sea Lab, the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP) and area educators; these materials were completed in 2003, are periodically still used, and are posted on EPA's website.

THOUGHTS AND IDEAS ABOUT COMMUNICATION TOOLS

Community members were asked to give opinions about specific tools EPA has used in the past, and suggestions for tools to use in the future, to better inform and direct EPA's plans for community involvement, outreach and education. Generally, there is agreement that different strategies must be employed for different people because the makeup of the community varies from those who are highly educated and well-informed to those who face challenges of illiteracy, do not speak English, and have very limited or no understanding of the environmental problems present in the harbor. Here is what community members said during interviews:

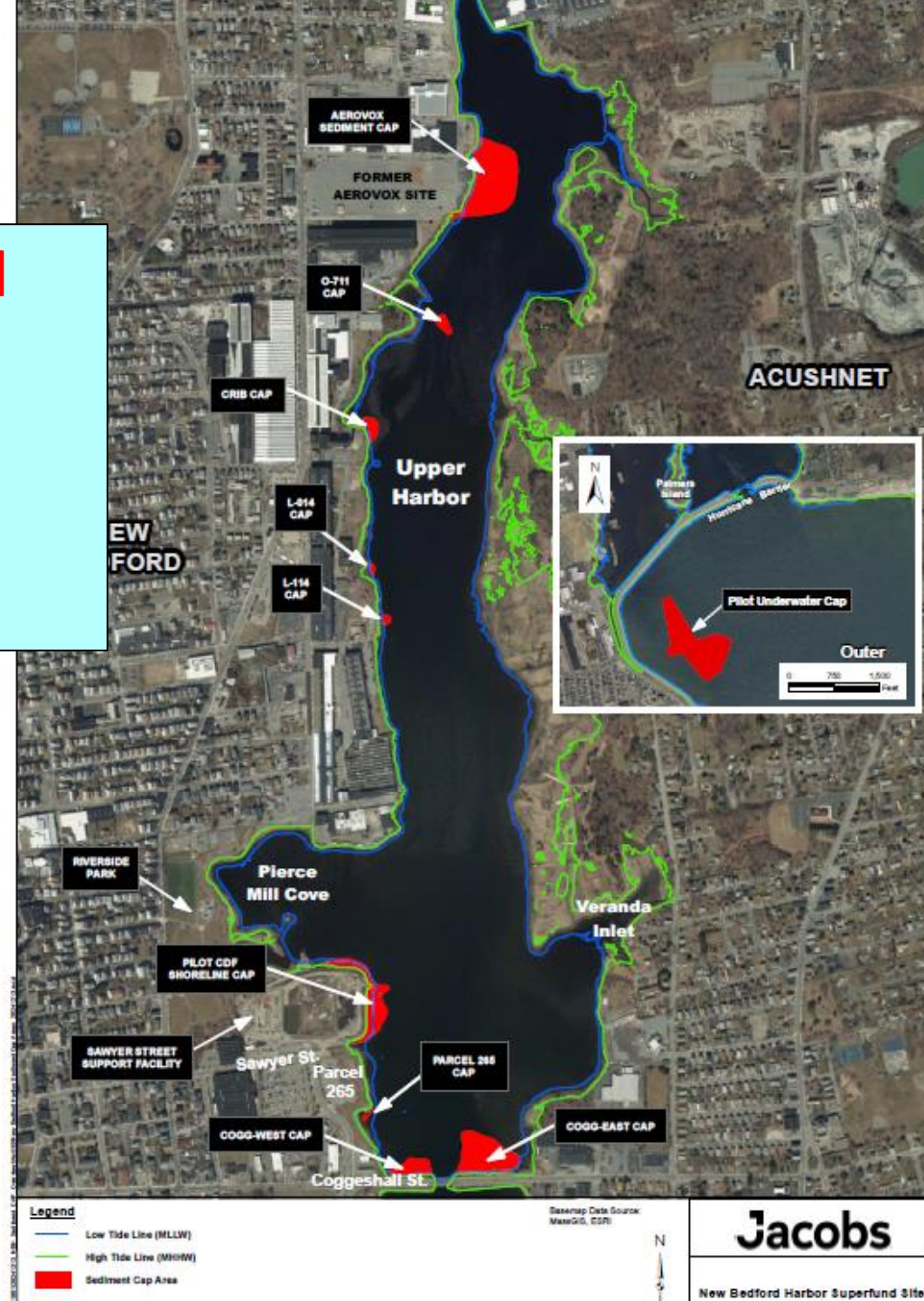
- Public meetings are currently viewed as ineffective at this Site by some community members interviewed. Comments such as the following were made.
 - o Only people who oppose EPA's decisions attend, and there is a need for a neutral representative, such as someone from the City Health Department, the Mayor's Office, or members of the City Council to participate at these meetings to balance the discussion.
 - o By the time a public meeting is held, EPA's decisions are made and there is no opportunity for meaningful public input.
 - o The purpose of each public meeting needs to be made clear. When EPA decisions are made, the purpose is for EPA to share information and updates, rather than to solicit public input; that message needs to be clearly delivered prior to the meeting.


Explanation of Significant Differences (#7)

Public comment period from June 11 to July 10, 2025 regarding:

- 1) sediment cap alternatives
- 2) use of a recreational versus industrial land use cleanup level (25 v. 50 ppm PCBs) along the upper harbor shoreline/River Walk in New Bedford
- 3) use of “Institutional Controls” to prevent human contact risk where PCB levels exceed unrestricted use risk standards

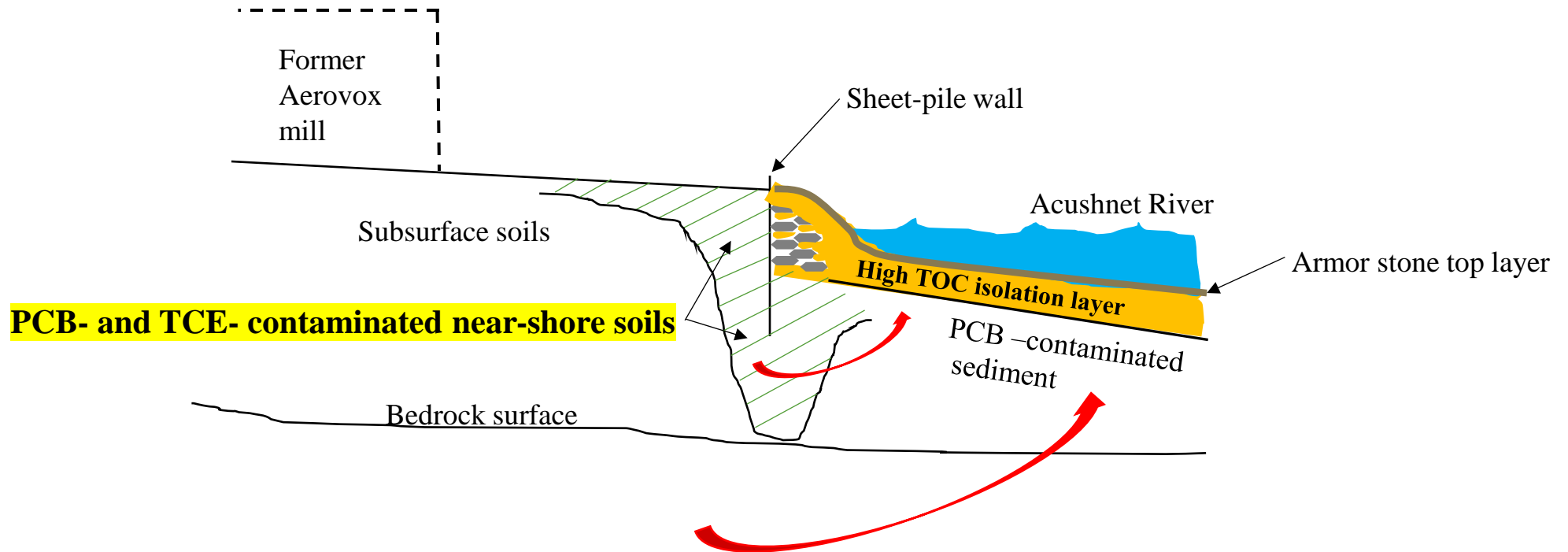
10 sediment caps **shown in red** where dredging was not considered feasible, advisable or cost-effective with the available equipment





**Photo showing the landward
edge of the sediment cap along
the Coggeshall St bridge**

Side View of the Aerovox Sediment Cap



Concept Drawing Only

TOC = Total Organic Carbon

Three Alternatives Evaluated for Sediment Caps

- **Alternative 1:** incorporate the sediment caps as permanent elements of the Remedy, with monitoring and maintenance and “institutional controls” to ensure permanence
- **Alternative 2:** remove the sediment caps and perform dredging per the 1998 ROD’s Remedy (would require sheet piling, heavier duty equipment to remove debris, and backfilling to protect abutting shoreline structures)
- **Alternative 3:** remove the sediment caps and implement *in-situ* bio-augmentation to reduce sediment PCB levels over time using certain microbes amended with activated carbon

Alternatives Analysis Report

- Evaluates the three sediment cap alternatives against Superfund remedy selection criteria:

overall protectiveness, compliance with laws and regulations (aka ARARs), implementability, short term effectiveness, long term effectiveness and permanence, use of treatment, and cost


- The draft ESD recommends Alternative 1 (incorporating the sediment caps as permanent elements of the NBH Remedy) due to effectiveness, permanence, implementability, cost and initial MassDEP concurrence (pending public comments).

Estimated Costs for the Three Sediment Cap Alternatives

Alternative	Construction Cost	30-yr O&M* Cost	NPV cost**
1. Keep caps in place	\$0 (already in-place)	\$1.3M	\$1.0M
2. Remove the caps and perform dredging	\$132M	\$0 (no <i>additional</i> site-wide costs)	\$127.2M
3. Remove the caps and perform <i>in-situ</i> bio-augmentation	\$58.2M	\$36.7M	\$80.6M

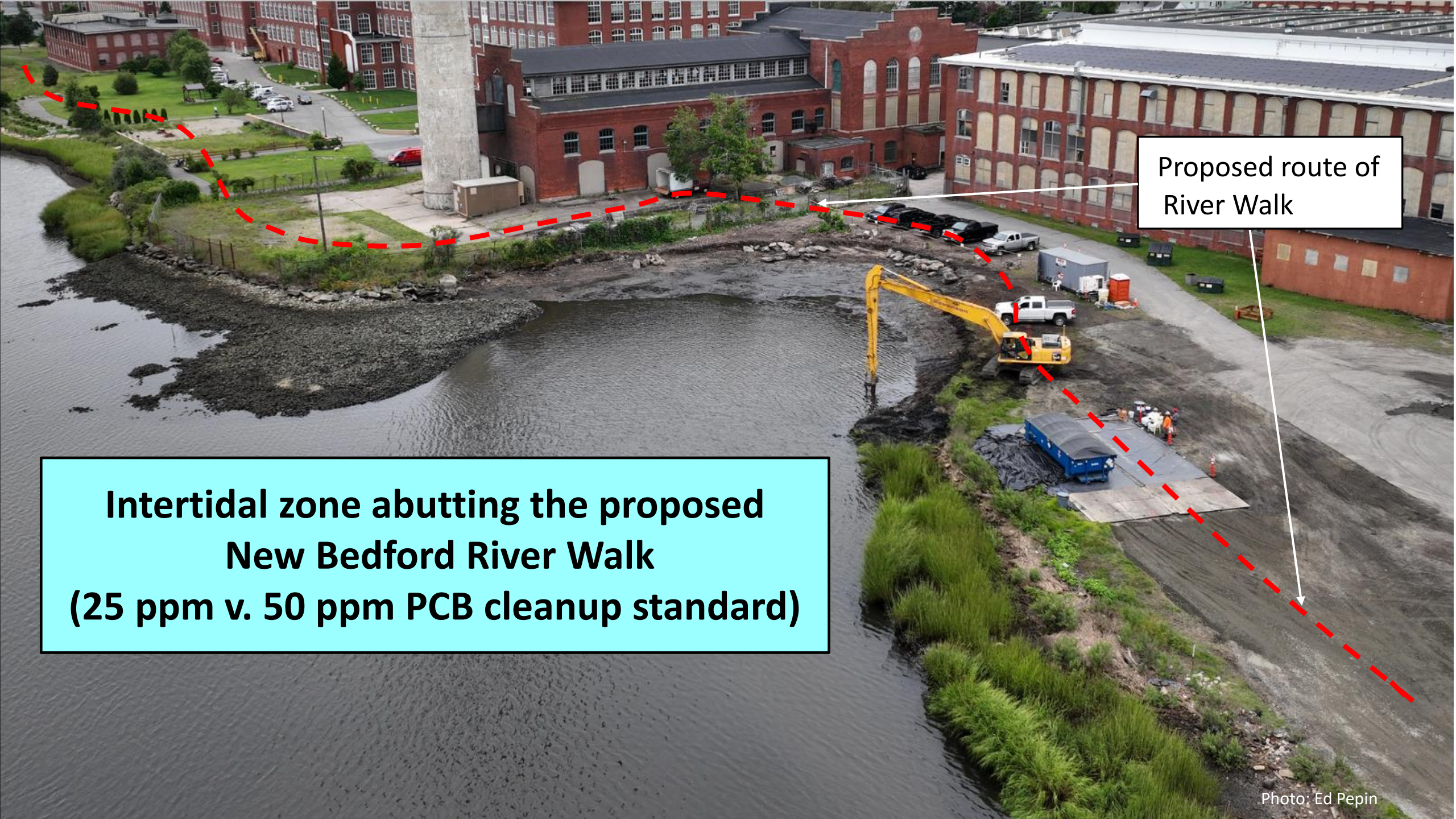
*operations and maintenance

**Net Present Value



2nd ESD Issue: use of a 25 ppm v. 50 ppm
PCB cleanup standard abutting the
proposed New Bedford River Walk

Recreational versus commercial/
industrial land use



**Intertidal zone abutting the proposed
New Bedford River Walk
(25 ppm v. 50 ppm PCB cleanup standard)**

Proposed route of
River Walk

Recap: Public comment period from June 11 to July 10, 2025 regarding:

- 1) sediment cap alternatives
- 2) use of a recreational versus industrial land use cleanup level (25 v. 50 ppm PCBs) along the upper harbor shoreline abutting the proposed New Bedford River
- 3) use of “Institutional Controls” to prevent human contact risk where PCB levels exceed unrestricted use risk standards

Submit written comments by 7/10/25:

- Email: kelly.christopher@epa.gov
- Online: <https://www.regulations.gov>
- Regular mail: (see ESD7 on-line for address)

Visit the project web site www.epa.gov/nbh

Questions and Comments

For additional
information
please visit
www.epa.gov/nbh



Photo: D. Dickerson