SITCUM WATERWAY REMEDIATION PROJECT

MILWAUKEE HABITAT AREA MONITORING REPORT, 2004

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PORT OF TACOMA

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1. INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of the 2004 physical and biological monitoring activities at the Milwaukee Habitat Area (habitat area) at the Port of Tacoma, Washington. The habitat area is located within and beyond the mouth of what was the Milwaukee Waterway prior to partial filling of the waterway as a nearshore confined disposal site for contaminated sediments. The habitat area was constructed pursuant to the EPA-approved plans and specifications for the Sitcum Waterway Remediation Project. In the aquatic portion of the habitat area, elevations range from approximately +12 ft Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW) to -10 ft MLLW, with the bulk of the habitat falling within the intertidal zone (approximately +12 to -4 ft MLLW). Substrates range from select materials (gravel and angular cobbles) to dredged material (sand and silt).

The results of the 2004 monitoring activities, presented herein, represent the final test against the performance standards, which were developed to determine if the mitigation goals of the project were met. The monitoring activities are described in Section 5 of the Operations, Maintenance, and Monitoring Plan (OMMP) for the Sitcum Waterway Remediation Project (Port of Tacoma 1994). In accordance with the OMMP, physical site monitoring and limited biological sampling was conducted during 1995. In 1996, 1998, and 2000, full physical site monitoring and biological sampling efforts were conducted at the habitat area (PIE 1998a, PIE 2000, PIE 2001), as well as physical site monitoring in 1997 (PIE 1998b). Based on the successful compliance with performance standards in years 1998 and 2000, the Port of Tacoma (Port) and EPA agreed that specific elements of the biological monitoring would not be conducted in 2002 and 2004. The biological monitoring that was not conducted in 2002 and 2004 included benthic infauna, macroalgae surveys, microalgae measurement, and avifauna surveys (EPA 2002). After the 2002 monitoring, epibenthic plankter monitoring was also discontinued for 2004 (EPA 2004).

The 2004 sampling consisted of physical monitoring and upland vegetation monitoring. This report is presented in four sections and two appendices and has been designed to provide a concise description of the results for 2004 compared to the performance standards contained in the OMMP.

Section 2 describes the physical monitoring results for 2004 and contrasts that information with the 1995 "as-built" condition, and the 1996, 1997, 1998, 2000, and 2002 conditions, where appropriate. Section 3 describes the methods and results of the biological sampling, including a description of any deviations from the OMMP, and draws conclusions from the sampling results relative to the performance standards. Section 4 presents a summary table of the results compared to the applicable performance standards.

Appendix A contains the monitoring photographs. Appendix B contains the complete list of the field sampling data sheets and laboratory sheets.

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2. PHYSICAL MONITORING

2.1 HABITAT TYPES

Distinct aquatic habitat types (i.e., high intertidal sandflat/mudflat, gravel/cobble, and sandflat/mudflat) within the habitat area were delineated by surveying points along the habitat boundaries. A biologist delineated the habitat by walking the edges with a pole-mounted prism, while a surveyor used a total station EDM (electronic distance measuring device) to locate the position of the points. This process was repeated at 50 to 200 ft intervals. The 1995 survey of habitat types was used to establish the "as-built" acreage for each habitat type. The acreages of each intertidal habitat type surveyed in all years are presented below in Table 1.

The upland habitat includes the area from the toe of the bank (approximately elevation +12 ft MLLW) to the fence surrounding the habitat area (Figure 1). The high intertidal sandflat/mudflat habitat type was delineated from the toe of the bank to the high elevation edge of the gravel/cobble habitat type. The gravel/cobble habitat type was delineated by following the contours of the rock substrate and closing the habitat polygon at the bayward edge of this rock substrate (Figure 1).

			Ac	reage Tot	tals		
	1995	1996	1997	1998	2000	2002	2004
Habitat Type							
Saltmarsh	0.80	0.00	0.07^{1}	0.07^{1}	0.00	0.00	0.00
High intertidal sandflat/mudflat	2.47	3.16	3.27	3.30	3.31	3.31	0.23
Gravel/cobble	5.50	5.61	5.05	5.05	5.51	1.25	1.63
Sandflat/mudflat	9.77	9.43	11.24	11.24	9.87^{4}	12.63	16.12
TOTAL intertidal habitat (+12 to -4 ft)	18.54	18.20	19.63	19.66	18.68 ⁴	17.19	17.98
Sandflat/mudflat (between -4 and -10 ft)	3.24	3.58^{2}	2.48	2.48	3.58 ⁴	5.12	4.30
TOTAL intertidal/shallow subtidal habitat (+12 to -10 ft)	21.78	21.78 ³	22.11	22.14	22.26 ⁴	22.31	22.28

 Table 1. Results of physical survey in the Milwaukee Habitat Area.

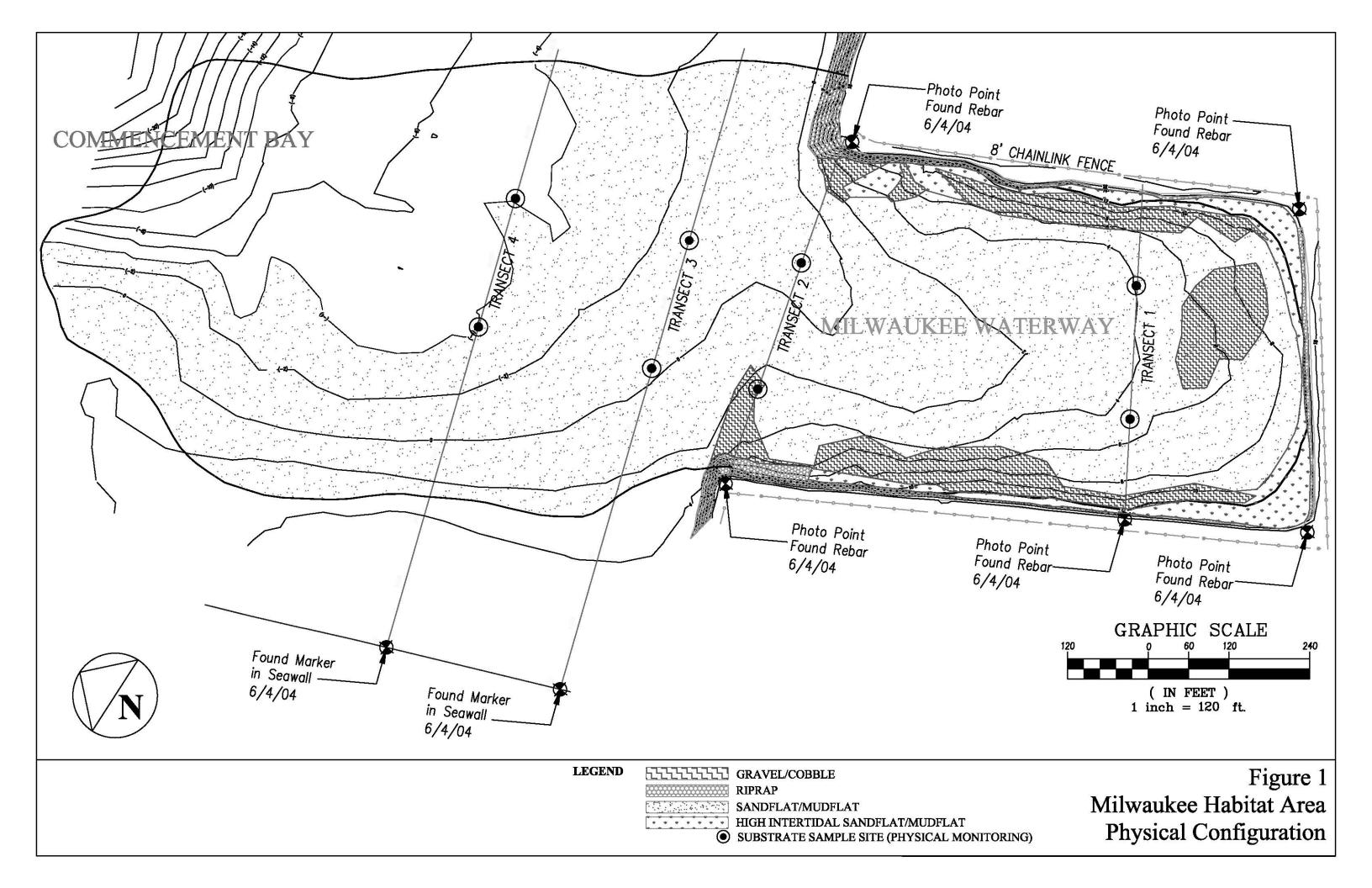
¹ Acreage of goose protection system. Area of coverage by saltmarsh vegetation was very small.

² The -10 contour could not be located during the 1996 survey, but based on the effort to determine its location it is known that it lay well bayward of the 1995 position of the -10 ft contour. The 1995 -10 ft contour was used in the calculation of this area. The -10 ft contour was located for subsequent surveys.

³ This value is a minimum estimate of the acreage due to the incorporation of the -10 ft contour from 1995 into the calculation.

⁴ Acreages were estimates due to incomplete contour lines in the NW corner of the sandflat/mudflat habitat type.

No saltmarsh was present in 2002. The Port and EPA have addressed the saltmarsh issues through the contingency planning process. It is noted that EPA (EPA 2003) made a final determination that no further contingency planning or response efforts are necessary for the performance standards pertaining to saltmarsh.



The intertidal habitat acreage increased by 0.79 acre (approximately 5 percent) between 2002 and 2004 (Table 1). This increase in intertidal acreage is the result of the migration of the -4 ft contour bayward towards Commencement Bay. Based on comparisons between the 2002 and 2004 surveys, the -4 ft contour migrated bayward, while the -10 ft contour moved slightly landward towards the mouth of the habitat area. The migration of the -4 ft contour led to an increase of intertidal habitat (+12 ft to -4 ft MLLW) and a decrease in shallow subtidal habitat (-4 ft to -10 ft MLLW). The landward migration of the -10 ft MLLW contour led to a 0.03 acre decrease in total intertidal and shallow subtidal habitat from 2002 to 2004. These bayward and landward movements of the contours lines are consistent with the discussion presented in the 2002 monitoring report. Overall intertidal and shallow subtidal habitat acreage combined (+12 to -10 ft) has increased 0.5 acre from the 1995 "as-built" survey (Table 1).

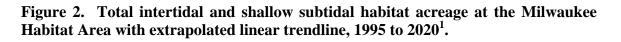
Physical performance standard 1 requires that the acreage of intertidal habitat must equal the acreage measured in the "as-built" survey. A total of 17.98 acres of intertidal habitat is present at the site in 2004, which is 0.56 acre less than the intertidal acreage measured in the "as-built" survey. Thus, performance standard 1 was not met in 2004. However, as discussed above, the total intertidal and shallow subtidal acreage at the site has increased 0.5 acre from the acreage reported in the "as built" survey (Table 1) due to the continued growth of the Puyallup River delta.

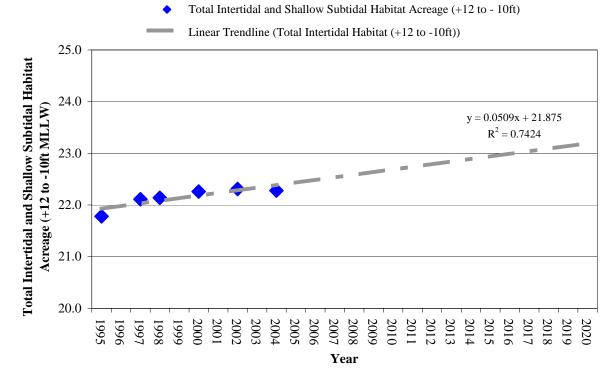
The design of the Milwaukee Habitat Area maximized the acreage of intertidal habitat while recognizing that both intertidal and shallow subtidal habitat is valuable for juvenile salmonids. Further, due to the proximity of the site to the Puyallup River, it was expected that sediment accumulation would occur at the site and increase the acreage of shallow water habitat. This expectation has been borne out by the monitoring as the total acreage of intertidal and shallow subtidal habitat combined has increased and is expected to continue to increase based on the results of a linear regression (Figure 2). The linear regression, which was presented in the 2002 monitoring report (Grette Associates 2003) has been recalculated incorporating the results of the 2004 monitoring. The linear regression includes extrapolation with these data and is considered valid based on the observed growth of the Puyallup River delta. The location of the -4 ft MLLW contour has moved either bayward or landward during the different monitoring years, with the 2004 results indicating a bayward movement of approximately 22 ft (this is based on the length of the -4 ft MLLW contour and the increase in area encompassed by the -4 ft MLLW contour). The -10 ft MLLW contour has primarily moved bayward since 1995 due to the constant input of sediments from the river, however from 2002 to 2004 the -10ft MLLW contour has moved approximately 3.5 ft landward (calculated the same way as the -4 ft MLLW contour).

The difference in behavior of the two contour lines is likely due to the different wave energy experienced at these elevations. Habitat at the -4 ft MLLW elevation is susceptible to wave energy at a greater range of tidal elevations and wave heights than is habitat at -10 ft MLLW. With continued input of sediment from the Puyallup River, habitat experiencing low wave energy should increase in area, while shallower habitats should show less consistent short term trends depending upon whether deposition or wave action dominates over the period. Another possible reason for the movement of the

two contour lines is the accuracy associated with standard land surveying methods. The -4 ft MLLW contour is likely more difficult to accurately establish as the slope is relatively flat and uniform. With relatively flat and uniform slopes more data points are required to determine the location of specific contours, due to the variation in depths over larger areas. The accuracy of the survey data could account for variations in the location of the -4 ft MLLW contour. The location of the -10 ft MLLW contour was more accurately established based on the increased slope within the bayward portion of the habitat area.

Based on the growth in the delta over the last 50 to 60 years and the monitoring results for the -10 ft MLLW contour, it is expected that shallow subtidal habitat will continue to increase beyond the limits of the habitat area. As this habitat receives more deposition it will reduce wave energy at the -4 ft MLLW contour allowing greater deposition at that elevation. Therefore, the -10 ft MLLW contour is expected to continue to move bayward while the -4 ft MLLW contour will change each year based on the balance between wave action and deposition. The intertidal habitat area (+12 ft to -4 ft MLLW) is expected to vary between years, but that area is expected to eventually follow the increasing trend shown in Figure 2 for intertidal and shallow subtidal habitat combined. The results of the monitoring activities support these statements; as the shallower -4 ft MLLW contour varies more from year to year (approximately 22 ft from 2002 to 2004), then the location of the -10 ft MLLW contour, which varies very little (approximately 3.5 ft from 2002 to 2004). Overall, it is expected that performance standard 1 will be met in the future as the -4 ft contour moves bayward in response to the continued growth of the Puyallup River delta.





¹ 1996 data not included in regression (see Table 1)

2.2 PERMANENT TRANSECTS

Four permanent transects were established through the habitat area (Figure 1). Elevations were surveyed along the transects to identify a profile. The first transect was established 300 ft northwest from the top of the closure berm and parallel to the berm (Figure 1). The second transect was established across the mouth of the waterway. Benchmarks consisting of one-half inch diameter rebar stakes were installed at each end of transects 1 and 2. The two outer transects (transects 3 and 4) were established parallel to transect 2, 200 and 500 ft north of transect 2. Benchmarks for these transects were established along the training wall that extends beyond the end of the Milwaukee Waterway/Puyallup River peninsula.

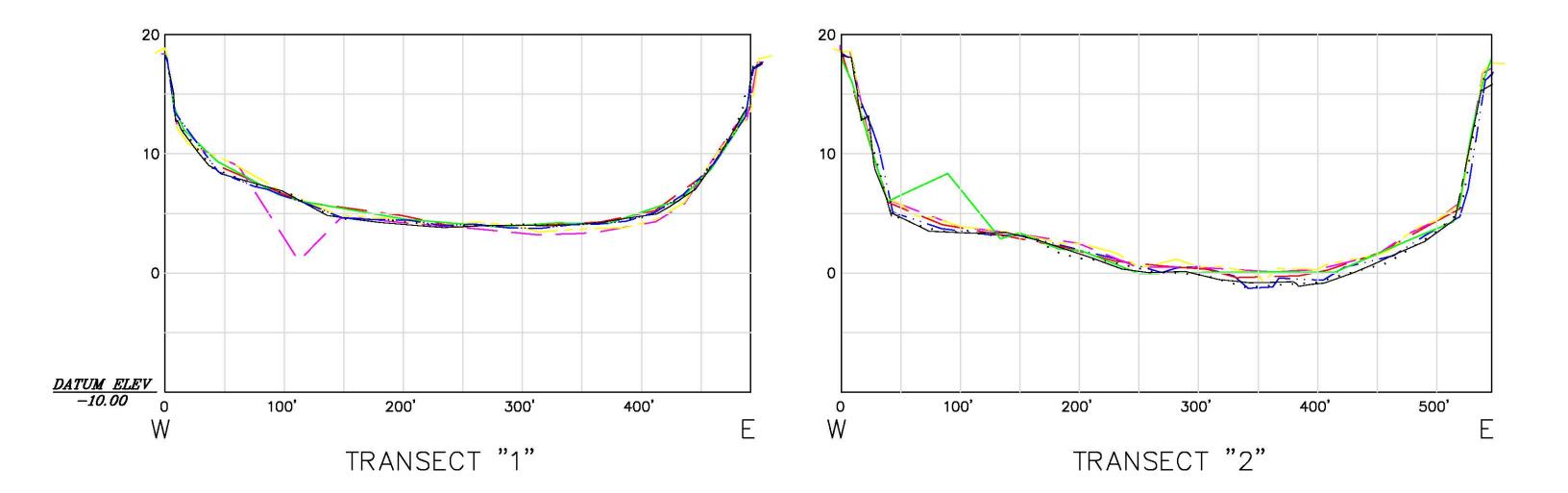
Surveyors determined the locations and elevations of points along all transects (Figure 1). All elevation data were referenced to MLLW and all survey coordinates were referenced to state plane coordinates (Washington State Plane South, North American Datum 1983). The survey information was downloaded into a CAD (Computer Aided Design) format for mapping. Results from the 2004 survey of transects 1 and 2 were compared with the 1995 profiles, as well as all subsequent surveys (Figure 3).

In 1995, transect data for transects 3 and 4 were developed by overlaying the transect location on the "as-built" drawing and determining an elevation and a relative location from the 0 point of the transect (defined as the training wall). Therefore, the 1996 data

are the first measured profiles for transects 3 and 4. These are compared with the all subsequent profiles in Figure 4.

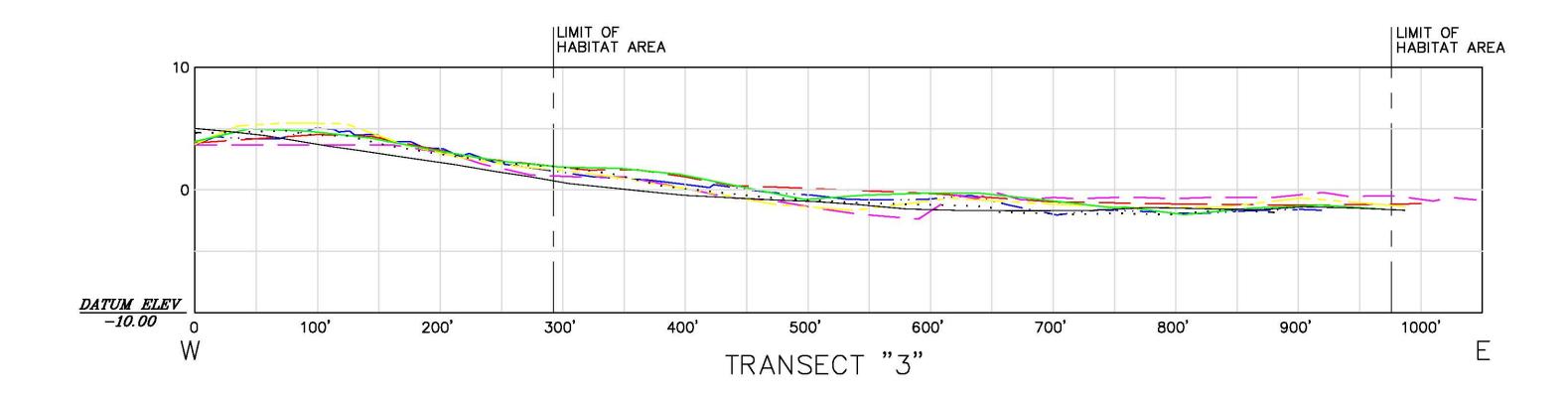
2.3 PHOTO POINTS

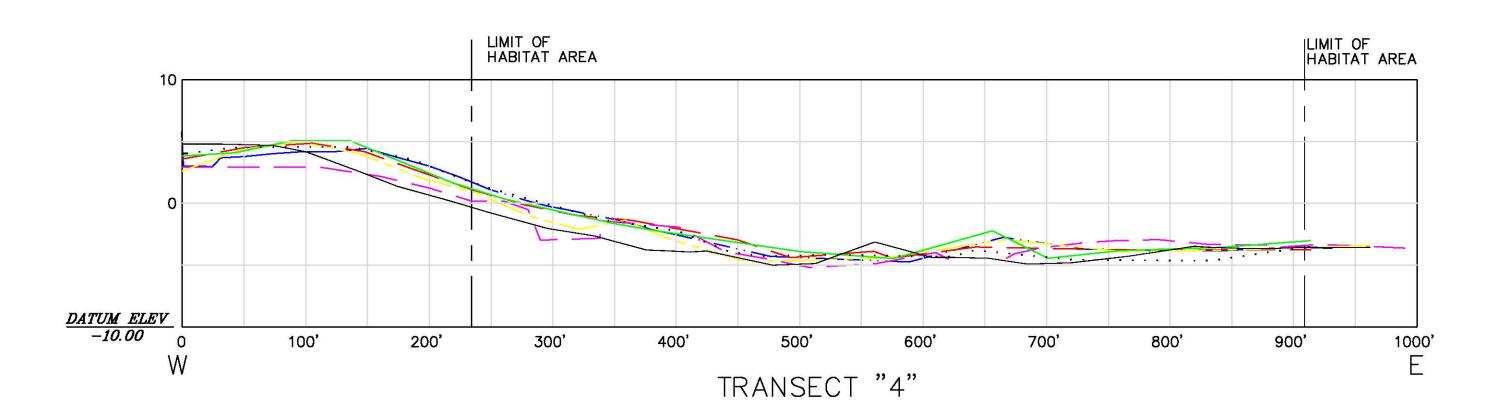
Photographs were taken at the Milwaukee Habitat Area from the location of the re-bar benchmarks that define the ends of the permanent transects (Figure 1). Typically 3 to 4 photographs were taken at each photo-point. Photographs are presented in Appendix A.



Legend	
'97 PROFILE · · · · · · · '02 PROFILE	
'04 PROFILE	

Figure 3 Milwaukee Habitat Area, Transect Profiles 1 & 2





Leg	lend
'95 PROFILE	'98 PROFILE
	· · '00 PROFILE
'97 PROFILE	- · · · · · · · · '02 PROFILE
	'04 PROFILE



2.4 SUBSTRATE CHARACTERIZATION

Surface sediments were collected to determine the substrate grain size in the habitat area. Two sampling points were established along each transect in 1995. These sites were resampled in all subsequent sampling years. For transects 1 and 2, the sampling points were 150 and 350 ft, respectively, east of the top of the west bank of the habitat area that was originally constructed as gravel/cobble habitat (Figure 1). For transects 3 and 4, samples were collected at 500 and 700 ft, respectively, east of the training wall in the areas originally constructed as sandflat/mudflat habitat.

The sediment cores were collected at low tide using a 4-inch diameter hand-held corer. Sediment cores were removed from the top 10 cm of the substrate. Samples were placed in double Ziploc bags with internal and external labels and transported on ice to Amtest Inc., Redmond, Washington for standard grain size analysis.

Grain size distribution was determined using methods in general accordance with ASTM 422-63. Particles greater than 0.063 mm in diameter were separated using standard-sized sieves (dry sieve analysis). Smaller particle sizes were determined by their relative sinking rates in a water column (pipette analysis). Percent solids were determined using Standard Methods 2540-B, where the samples are weighed wet, then completely dried and weighed again.

In 2004, sand and silt were the dominant substrate materials within all transects (Table 2, Figures 5 and 6). Transects 1 and 2, which were located within the area that once was gravel/cobble habitat type now contains less than 1 percent gravel. Deposition of sand and silt from the Puyallup River has covered the gravel. This deposition of fine material has yielded a decrease in gravel/cobble habitat and an increase in sandflat/mudflat habitat (Figure 5 and Table 1). Substrates from transects 3 and 4 have remained consistent from year to year (Figure 6). Clay was not abundant within any of the transects (Table 2).

The sediments contain a high percentage of solids, indicating that the samples contained little organic and colloidal clay material. The full results of the grain size analyses are presented in Appendix B.

The substrate at the Milwaukee Habitat Area has undergone changes over the course of the monitoring period that are consistent with its location near the mouth of the Puyallup River. Specifically, sand and silt have covered much of the gravel/cobble habitat. The resulting sandflat/mudflat habitat is providing a high quality substrate for the production of epibenthic prey for juvenile salmonids (PIE 2001; Grette Associates 2003).

				Grave	l					Sieve	Sand No. 10	- 230						Silt			
		>U.\$	5. Sieve	e No. 1	$0 (\geq 2)$	mm)	-		(1.9	9999 m	<u>m – 0.</u>	0625 n	nm)	-			(6.24)	um – 3.	.9µm)	-	
Sample No.	1995	1996	1997	1998	2000	2002	2004	1995	1996	1997	1998	2000	2002	2004	1995	1996	1997	1998	2000	2002	2004
1-1	49	<1	5.4	7	27.9	<1	0.3	39	49	75	42	59	74.0	79.7	12	45	15	45	13	20.1	16.1
1-2	11	<1	25.8	4	21.3	<1	0.3	58	56	37	49	25	83.5	30.4	28	36	29	40	40	11.7	63.4
2-1	32	27	25.4	11	2.5	<1	50.3	48	26	27	23	39	33.4	36.4	19	38	35	59	50	57.3	10.9
2-2	35	<1	7.4	13	3.5	<1	0.5	22	17	28	38	37	33.6	16.1	42	71	57	46	52	58.2	75.5
3-1	1	<1	0.5	<1	0.3	<1	0.3	51	72	55	40	75	54.4	23.6	45	21	40	57	22	38.7	70.4
3-2	1	1	< 0.1	<1	< 0.3	<1	0.3	72	83	77	66	67	70.6	33.8	25	12	22	33	24	24.4	58.6
4-1	<1	<1	0.6	1	0.3	<1	0.3	40	67	38	26	29	36.4	10.9	57	26	54	66	67	55.6	80.3
4-2	<1	_3	< 0.2	1	0.6	<1	0.5	19	-3	48	27	68	62.5	46.0	59	_3	42	67	28	31.3	49.7

Table 2. Results of grain size analysis.^{1,2}

				Clay										
		-	(•	<3.9µn	1)	-	-			9	<u>% Solid</u>	ls	-	
Sample No.	1995	1996	1997	1998	2000	2002	2004	1995	1996	1997	1998	2000	2002	2004
1-1	1	6	4	6	< 0.3	5.5	4.2	85	64	76	80	93	75	75.2
1-2	3	8	9	7	13.7	4.7	6.1	77	70	63	77	61	77	72.4
2-1	1	9	12	7	8.2	8.9	2.5	84	73	70	67	75	73	89.7
2-2	2	13	8	3	7	8.2	7.9	68	70	72	69	71	74	69.1
3-1	3	6	5	3	2.7	6.7	5.9	68	75	69	72	77	71	74.4
3-2	2	5	2	2	6.2	4.9	7.6	71	72	81	76	76	77	71.3
4-1	3	6	8	8	4	7.9	8.3	66	70	62	61	67	70	66.8
4-2	22	_3	10	6	3.5	6.2	4.0	56	_3	71	63	76	80	78.1

¹Sediment grain size distribution in fractional percent. ²In each pair of samples, the first listed sample is the most westerly sample. ³No sample in 1996 due to unsafe substrate conditions.

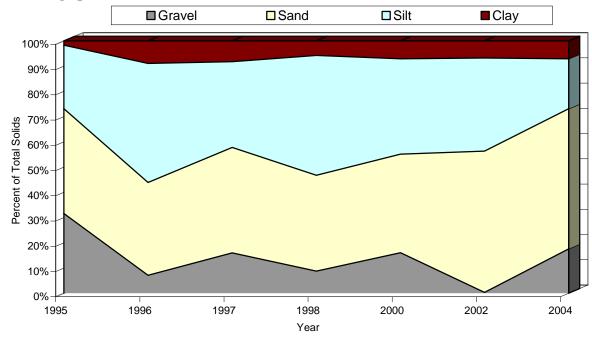
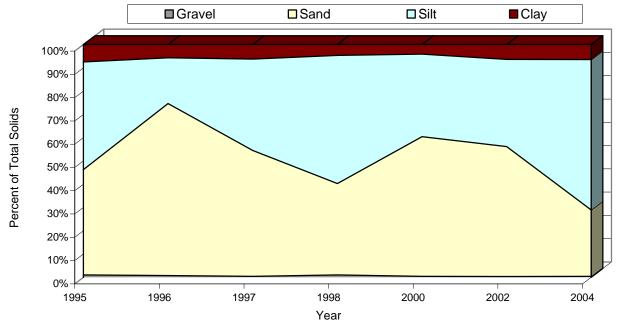


Figure 5. Substrate characterization from transects 1 & 2 of the Milwaukee Habitat Area, as an average percent of total solids.

Figure 6. Substrate characterization from transects 3 & 4 of the Milwaukee Habitat Area, as an average percent of total solids.



3. BIOLOGICAL MONITORING

3.1 INTRODUCTION

Biological monitoring in the habitat area was conducted to assess upland plant assemblage and coverage. Section 4 summarizes the results of the comparisons of all 2004 biological monitoring to the performance standards.

3.2 UPLAND PLANT ASSEMBLAGE AND COVERAGE

3.2.1 Sampling

Survival, diversity, and coverage of upland vegetation were assessed on August 10, 2004. Sampling units for upland vegetation were 10-foot radius plots. Replicating the studies done in prior years, twelve numerically denoted (1-12) vegetation plots were evenly spaced along the east side of the site, and thirteen (1-13) were evenly spaced along the west side. Plots were placed above the top of the bank in the flat portion of the upland habitat.

The percent coverage by each species was visually estimated. Total percent cover often exceeded 100 percent due to multiple canopy layers in each plot. The overall percent survival of all planted tree and shrub species was calculated by simply dividing the number of living plants within each plot by the total number of plants present. These values were recorded on data sheets (Appendix B). Qualitative observations of volunteer species, plant stress, and other pertinent features were also recorded. Performance curves for upland plant assemblage and coverage are in Appendix B.

Due to the low survival rate of willow stakes during the 1996 and 1998 monitoring efforts, the Port and the EPA determined that planting potted willows would be more appropriate (EPA 1998). Based on this agreement between the Port and EPA, performance standard 1 for percent survival of installed willow stakes was not evaluated. Instead the percent coverage by willows, from +12 ft elevation to the top of the bank, was calculated for the entire habitat area.

3.2.2 Results

Survival of planted trees and shrubs located between the top of the bank and the fence was 99.5 percent. Total plant coverage between the top of the bank and the fence averaged 100 percent for both sides and no tree or shrub species that were originally planted at the site failed to survive (Table 3). Trees species observed at the site included red alder, Sitka spruce, Douglas fir, and shore pine. Shrubs species observed included willows (Pacific, Hooker's, Sitka and Scouler's), nootka rose, snowberry, salmonberry, California wax myrtle, vine maple, salal and Oregon grape. Invasive plant coverage averaged 9.6 percent. Willows between elevation +12 ft MLLW and the top of the bank, provided coverages of 50 percent on the west side and 25 percent on the east side (see data sheets in Appendix B). Volunteer native tree species also observed included black cottonwood, Pacific madrone, bitter cherry, and Oregon white oak.

Results of sampling show that performance standards 1A through 1F for Upland Habitat were met in 2004 (Table 5).

Vegetation Plot	Percent Survival	Herbaceous/ Ground Coverage (percent)	Woody Plant ¹ Coverage (percent)	Invasive Plant Coverage ² (percent)	Total Plant Coverage ^{3,4} (percent)
West Side	I el cent Sul vival	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
1	100	100	40	12	100
2	100	85	40 75	25	100
3	100	60	100	23 7	100
4	100	100	77	15	100
5	100	100	67	3	100
6	100	86	97	10	100
0 7	100	95	77	3	100
8	100	51	100	8	100
9	100	5	100	1	100
10	100	47	100	1	100
10	100	96	68	5	100
12	100	47	100	5	100
13	96	53	100	2	100
East Side					
14	100	14	90	5	100
15	100	16	100	1	100
16	100	30	100	7	100
17	100	95	100	7	100
18	100	90	70	25	100
19	100	15	100	2	100
20	100	45	100	2	100
21	100	22	100	6	100
22	92	100	85	1	100
23	100	95	27	3	100
24	100	100	30	13	100
25	100	20	85	70	100
Average (east and west)	99.5	62.7	83.5	9.6	100

 Table 3. Plant survival and coverage results for the east and west sides of the Milwaukee

 Habitat Area.

¹Woody plant coverage includes trees and shrubs.

² Invasive weeds encountered in the habitat area included Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus procerus*), Scot's broom (*Cytisus scoparius*), purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*), bull thistle (*Cirsium vulgare*), and Canadian thistle

(*Cirsium arvense*). Invasive weeds species were determined from the Washington State Noxious Weed List. ³ Total plant coverage has been calculated excluding areas of overlap amongst vegetation layers. Therefore, the totals shown in this table are typically less than the sum of the coverage values for the different vegetation layers reported in Appendix B.

⁴ Total plant coverage includes trees, shrubs and groundcovers.

4. CONCLUSIONS

The 2004 monitoring efforts evaluated the success of the Milwaukee Habitat Area. The habitat area was assessed using performance standards presented in the OMMP for the Sitcum Waterway Remediation Project (Port of Tacoma 1994). The results of the 2004 monitoring activities were used as the final test against the performance standards. Based on the success of the habitat area during previous monitoring efforts, the Port and EPA have dropped several monitoring activities. The discussion below identifies which performance standards were assessed and whether they were met during 2004 monitoring.

The OMMP contains only one performance standard tied to 2004 physical monitoring results. This performance standard (performance standard 1) requires that the intertidal acreage (+12 ft MLLW to -4 ft MLLW) be equal to the acreage measured in the "as-built" survey. The results of the 2004 physical monitoring indicated that the intertidal acreage has decreased by 0.56 acre (approximately 3 percent) from the acreage measured in the "as-built" survey, thus the performance standard was not met (Table 4). The acreage of intertidal habitat has varied with the position of the -4 ft MLLW contour. As discussed in 2002 and in Section 2.1 of this report, the location of the -4 ft MLLW contour is dependent on the balance between deposition and wave action. Based on this, the location of the -4 ft MLLW contour has migrated approximately 22 ft bayward. As previously discussed, it is expected that the location of the -4 ft MLLW contour will continue to vary between years, but the area is expected to eventually follow the increasing trend anticipated for the intertidal and shallow subtidal habitat combined.

Biological monitoring involved testing the 2004 monitoring results against 6 performance standards (all for upland vegetation) listed in the OMMP. The remaining biological performance standards were not evaluated in 2004, per agreements between the Port and the EPA (EPA 1998, EPA 2002; and EPA 2004). Results of the 2004 monitoring activities indicate that the Milwaukee Habitat Area met all 6 of the biological performance standards evaluated (Table 5). Upland vegetation at the habitat area is thriving and providing coverage throughout the entire habitat area. All of the originally planted tree and shrub species have survived and several volunteer native tree species, including black cottonwood, Pacific madrone, bitter cherry, and Oregon white oak have been established at the habitat area.

Habitat Type	Objective	Performance Standards ¹		Performance Standard Met?
Intertidal Habitat	1. A persistent habitat.	1. The acreage of intertidal habitat must	Intertidal acreage was approximately 0.56	No ²
		equal the acreages measured in the	acres less than the as-built survey	
		"as-built" survey.	$(\text{decrease of 3 percent})^2$	
Emergent Marsh	1. A persistent saltmarsh	1. Areal extent of 0.7 acres of saltmarsh	Not assessed in 2004 as part of agreement	N/A^3
-	_	at the end of the monitoring period	between the Port and EPA	

Table 4. Physical performance standards and monitoring conclusions.

 ¹Applied in years 6, 8, and 10.
 ² Future passage of this performance standard is anticipated, see text in Section 2.1.
 ³ The emergent saltmarsh habitat has been addressed through the Contingency Planning Process, thus a comparison to the performance standard is not provided in the table. The EPA has made a final determination that no further contingency planning or response efforts are necessary for the performance standards pertaining to emergent saltmarsh (EPA 2003).

Table 5. Biological performance standards and monitoring conclusions.

Habitat Type	Objective	Performance Standards ¹	Results	Performance Standard Met?
Emergent Marsh	1. A diverse, dense, and	1A. A minimum of 75% of the coverage	Not assessed in 2004 as part of agreement	N/A^2
-	self-sustaining saltmarsh.	measured at the reference site	between the Port and EPA	
		1B. A minimum of 75% of the stem	Not assessed in 2004 as part of agreement	N/A^2
		density measured at the reference site	between the Port and EPA	

Habitat Type	Objective	Perf	ormance Standards ¹	Results	Performance Standard Met?
Sandflat/Mudflat	1. A diverse and abundant assemblage of benthic and epibenthic organisms similar to like habitats in Commencement Bay.	1A.	Benthic infauna abundance not statistically less than reference.	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1B.	Total number of infauna taxa not statistically less than reference and not less than 75% of the reference mean.	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1C.	Number of numerically dominant infauna taxa not less than 75% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1D.	Number of numerically non-dominant infauna taxa not less than 75% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1E.	Total numerical abundance of all infauna not less than 75% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1F.	Total wet-weight biomass of benthic infauna not less than 75% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1G.	Salmonid prey epifauna taxa not statistically less than reference.	Not assessed in 2004 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ⁴	N/A ⁴
		1H.	Number of salmonid prey epifauna taxa not less than 50% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2004 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ⁴	N/A ⁴
		1I.	Total numerical abundance of salmonid prey epifauna not statistically less than reference and not less than 50% of the reference mean.	Not assessed in 2004 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ⁴	N/A ⁴
		1J.	Total wet-weight biomass of salmonid prey epifauna not less than 50% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2004 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ⁴	N/A ⁴
	2. Abundant benthic macroalgae similar to like habitats in Commencement Bay.	2A.	A minimum of 75% of the coverage in the reference site.	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³

 Table 5. Biological performance standards and monitoring conclusions (continued).

Habitat Type	Objective		ormance Standards ¹	Results	Performance Standard Met?
Gravel/Cobble	 A diverse and abundant assemblage of benthic and epibenthic organisms similar to like habitats in Commencement Bay. 	1A.	Benthic infauna abundance not statistically less than reference.	y Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1B.	Total number of infauna species not statistically less than reference and not less than 75% of the reference mean.	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1C.	Number of numerically dominant infauna taxa not less than 75% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1D.	Number of numerically non-dominant infauna taxa not less than 75% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1E.	Total numerical abundance of all infauna not less than 75% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1F.	Total wet-weight biomass of benthic infauna not less than 75% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³
		1G.	Salmonid prey epifauna taxa not statistically less than reference.	Not assessed in 2004 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ⁴	N/A ⁴
		1H.	Number of salmonid prey epifauna taxa not less than 50% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2004 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ⁴	N/A ⁴
		1I.	Total numerical abundance of salmonid prey epifauna not statistically less than reference and not less than 50% of the reference mean.	Not assessed in 2004 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ⁴	N/A ⁴
		1J.	Total wet-weight biomass of salmonid prey epifauna not less than 50% of reference (direct comparison of means).	Not assessed in 2004 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ⁴	N/A ⁴
	 Abundant benthic macroalgae similar to like habitats in Commencement Bay. 	2A.	A minimum of 75% coverage.	Not assessed in 2002 as part of agreement between the Port and EPA ³	N/A ³

 Table 5. Biological performance standards and monitoring conclusions (continued).

Habitat Type	Objective	Performance Standards ¹	Results	Performance Standard Met?	
Upland Habitat	1. Provide a buffer for fish and wildlife using the intertidal habitats.	1A. 70 % survival of trees and shrubs	99.5% survival.	Yes	
		1B. Survival of a minimum of three tree species.	All four species survived.	Yes	
		1C. Survival of a minimum of four shrub species.	All eleven species survived.	Yes	
		1D. Minimum of 30 % coverage of trees and shrubs.	83.5% coverage.	Yes	
		1E. Minimum 70 % coverage by groundcover, shrubs, and trees.	100% coverage.	Yes	
		1F. No more than 20 % coverage by invasive weedy species.	9.6% coverage.	Yes	
Sideslope (+12 to to top of bank)	 Provide a visual buffer for fish and wildlife using the intertidal habitats. 	1. No performance standard ⁵	West side: 50% coverage East side: 20% coverage	N/A	

Table 5. Biological performance standards and monitoring conclusions (continued).	Table 5.	Biological	performance	e standards and	d monitoring	conclusions ((continued).
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¹Applied in years 6, 8, and 10.

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² The emergent saltmarsh habitat has been addressed through the Contingency Planning Process, thus a comparison to the performance standard is not provided in the table. The EPA has made a final determination that no further contingency planning or response efforts are necessary for the performance standards pertaining to emergent saltmarsh (EPA 2003).

³ Monitoring discontinued and performance standard not assessed, per agreement between the Port and EPA (EPA 2002). ⁴ Monitoring discontinued and performance standard not assessed, per agreement between the Port and EPA (EPA 2004).

⁵ Performance standard assessing the survival of willow stakes was dropped based on the planting of potted willows in response to the low survival of the willow stakes (EPA 1998).

5. **REFERENCES**

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- Pacific International Engineering (PIE). 2001. Sitcum Waterway Remediation Project Milwaukee Habitat Area Final Monitoring Report, 2000. Prepared for The Port of Tacoma, Washington. August 2001.
- Port of Tacoma. 1994. Section 5 of the Operations, Maintenance, and Monitoring Plan. Sitcum Waterway Remediation Project.

SITCUM WATERWAY REMEDIATION PROJECT

MILWAUKEE HABITAT AREA MONITORING REPORT, 2004 Appendix A: Monitoring Photos

PREPARED FOR:

PORT OF TACOMA P.O. BOX 1837 TACOMA, WASHINGTON 98401

PREPARED BY:

GRETTE ASSOCIATES^{LLC} 151 SOUTH WORTHEN STREET, SUITE 101 WENATCHEE, WASHINGTON 98801 (509) 663-6300

2111 North 30th Tacoma, Washington 98403 (253) 573-9300

NOVEMBER 2004





PHOTO 1: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at southeast corner of the habitat, facing southwest. Tidal level = -3.5 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 2: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at southeast corner of the habitat, facing west. Tidal level = -3.5 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 3: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at southeast corner of the habitat, facing northwest. Tidal level = -3.5 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 4: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at southwest corner of the habitat, facing northeast. Tidal level = -3.4 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 5: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at southwest corner of the habitat, facing north. Tidal level = -3.4 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 6: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at southwest corner of the habitat, facing northwest. Tidal level = -3.4 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 7: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at the middle of the west side of the habitat, facing east. Tidal level = -3.2 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 8: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at the middle of the west side of the habitat, facing northeast. Tidal level = -3.2 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 9: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at the middle of the west side of the habitat, facing north. Tidal level = -3.2 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 10: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at the northeast tip of the habitat, facing south. Tidal level = -3.8 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 11: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at the northeast tip of the habitat, facing southwest. Tidal level = -3.8 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 12: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at the northeast tip of the habitat, facing west. Tidal level = -3.8 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 13: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at the northwest tip of the habitat, facing northeast. Tidal level = -2.9 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 14: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at the northwest tip of the habitat, facing north. Tidal level = -2.9 ft MLLW.



PHOTO 15: Milwaukee Habitat Area, June 6, 2004. Photopoint at the northwest tip of the habitat, facing northwest. Tidal level = -2.9 ft MLLW.

SITCUM WATERWAY REMEDIATION PROJECT

MILWAUKEE HABITAT AREA MONITORING REPORT, 2004 Appendix B: Data Appendix

PREPARED FOR:

PORT OF TACOMA P.O. BOX 1837 TACOMA, WASHINGTON 98401

PREPARED BY:

GRETTE ASSOCIATES^{LLC}

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2111 North 30th Tacoma, Washington 98403 (253) 573-9300

NOVEMBER 2004



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Grain Size Analysis Physical Monitoring

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Upland Vegetation Data Sheets

Upland Vegetation Performance Curves

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS PHYSICAL MONITORING



Am Test Inc. 14603 N.E. 87th St. Redmond, WA 98052 Professional Analytical Services

Tel: 425.885.1664 Fax: 425.883.3495 www.amtestlab.com

> Jun 18 2004 GRETTE ASSOCIATES 151 S. WORTHEN ST. WENATACHEE, WA 98801

Enclosed please find the analytical data for your SITCUM WATERWAY REME project.

The following is a cross correlation of client and laboratory identifications for your convenience.

CLIENT ID	MATRIX	AM TEST ID	TEST
1-1 TRANSECT 1 WEST	Soil	04-A007198 CONV,	GR SIZE,
1-2 TRANSECT 1 EAST	Soil	04-A007199 CONV,	GR SIZE,
2-1 TRANSECT 2 WEST	Soil	04-A007200 CONV,	GR SIZE,
2-2 TRANSECT 2 EAST	Soil	04-A007201 CONV,	
3-1 TRANSECT 3 WEST	Soil	04-A007202 CONV,	
3-2 TRANSECT 3 EAST	Soil	04-A007203 CONV,	
4-1 TRANSECT 4 WEST	Soil	04-A007204 CONV,	
4-2 TRANSECT 4 EAST	Soil	04-A007205 CONV,	GR SIZE,

Your eight (8) samples were received on Friday, June 4 2004. This was within 24 hours of the time that the samples were collected (6/3/04). At the time of receipt, the samples were logged in and properly maintained prior to their subsequent analyses.

The analytical procedures used at Am Test are well documented, and are typically derived from the protocols of the EPA, USDA, FDA or the Army Corps of Engineers.

Following the analytical data you will find the QC results and "Methodology Report". This table includes information relative to the detection limits, analyses dates and method references.

Please note that the detection limits that are listed in the body of the report refer to the Method Detection Limits (MDL's), as opposed to Practical Quantitation Limits (PQL's).

If you should have any questions pertaining to the data package, please feel free to contact me.

Singerely,

puron u Aaron Young

Am Test Inc.

Project #: 120.002.400

BACT = Bacteriological CONV = Conventionals MET = Metals ORG = Organics



GRETTE ASSOCIATES 151 S. WORTHEN ST. WENATACHEE, WA 98801 Attention: Date Received: 6/4/04 Date Reported: 6/18/04

Project Name: SITCUM WATERWAY REME Project #: 120.002.400

Q

D.L.

	SOIL	SAMPI	LES			
AM TEST Identification	Number	04-7	A007198			
Client Identification			TRANSECT	1	WEST	
Sampling Date		6/	3/04			

PARAMETER

Conventionals

Total Solids (%) Total Volatile Solids (%) 75.2 1.21

RESULT

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

PHI	OPENING	(MIM)	% RETENTION	FRACTION	PERCENI
	4.75		0.10	gravel	0.20
-2	4.00		< 0.1		
-1 0	2.00		0.10		
0	1.00		0.30		
+1	0.50		3.90	sand	79.7
+2 +3	0.25		12.2		
+3	0.125		46.9		
+4	0.063		16.4		
+4 +5	0.032		4.60		
+6	0.016		6.80	silt	16.1
+6 +7	0.008		3.30		
+8	0.004	and the second	1.40		
+9	0.002		< 0.1		
+10	0.001		< 0.1	clay	4.00
>+10	<0.001		4.00		

Gravel <-2 to -1 phi Silt +5 to +8 phi

Sand 0 to +4 phi Clay +9 to >+10 phi



GRETTE ASSOCIATES 151 S. WORTHEN ST. WENATACHEE, WA 98801 Attention: Date Received: 6/4/04 Date Reported: 6/18/04

Project Name: SITCUM WATERWAY REME
Project #: 120.002.400

Q

D.L.

SOIL SAMP	LES			
1-2	TRANSECT	1	EAST	
6/	3/04			
τ	uber 04-1 1-2		ber 04-A007199 1-2 TRANSECT 1	ber 04-A007199 1-2 TRANSECT 1 EAST

PARAMETER

Conventionals

Total Solids (%) Total Volatile Solids (%)

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

PHI	OPENING	(MIM)	% RETENTION	FRACTION	PERCENI
	4.75		< 0.1	gravel	0.10
-2	4.00		< 0.1	-	
-2 -1 0 +1 +2	2.00		0.10		
0	1.00		0.30		
+1	0.50		1.40	sand	58.7
+2	0.25		5.80		
+3	0.125		22.9		
+4	0.063		28.3		
+5	0.032		13.0		
+6 +7	0.016		11.6	silt	35.1
+7	0.008		6.90		
+8	0.004	1.2.2.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	3.60		
+9	0.002		1.50		
+10	0.001		0.70	clay	6.10
>+10	<0.001		3.90		

RESULT

72.4

1.91

Gravel <-2 to -1 phi Silt +5 to +8 phi

Sand 0 to +4 phi Clay +9 to >+10 phi



GRETTE ASSOCIATES 151 S. WORTHEN ST. WENATACHEE, WA 98801 Attention: Date Received: 6/4/04 Date Reported: 6/18/04

Project Name: SITCUM WATERWAY REME Project #: 120.002.400

Q

RESULT

89.7

1.56

D.L.

	SOIL	SAMP	LES		
AM TEST Identification	Number	04-1	A007200		
Client Identification		2-1	TRANSECT	2	WEST
Sampling Date		6/	3/04		

PARAMETER

Conventionals

Total Solids (%) Total Volatile Solids (%)

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

PHI	OPENING	(MIM)	% RETENTION	FRACTION	PERCENI
	4.75		22.0	gravel	50.3
-2	4.00		6.60	3	
-1	2.00		21.7		
0	1.00		8.80		
0 +1	0.50		12.9	sand	38.5
+2	0.25		13.4		
+3	0.125		1.30		
+4	0.063		2.10		
+5	0.032		3.00		
+6	0.016		3.20	silt	8.80
+7	0.008		1.70		
+8	0.004		0.90		
+9	0.002		0.20		
+10	0.001		< 0.1	clay	2.40
>+10	<0.001		2.20	-	

Gravel <-2 to -1 phi Silt +5 to +8 phi

Sand 0 to +4 phi Clay +9 to >+10 phi



GRETTE ASSOCIATES 151 S. WORTHEN ST. WENATACHEE, WA 98801 Attention:

Date Received: 6/ 4/04 Date Reported: 6/18/04

Project Name: SITCUM WATERWAY REME Project #: 120.002.400

Q

D.L.

	SOIL	SAMPI	LES			
AM TEST Identification 1	Number	04-7	A007201			
Client Identification			TRANSECT	2	EAST	
Sampling Date		6/	3/04			

PARAMETER

Conventionals

Total Solids (%) Total Volatile Solids (%)

69.1 2.79

RESULT

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

PHI	OPENING	(MM)	% RETENTION	FRACTION	PERCENT
	4.75		< 0.1	gravel	0.30
-2	4.00		< 0.1		
-2 -1 0	2.00		0.30		
0	1.00		0.10		
+1	0.50		1.70	sand	40.4
+2 +3	0.25		4.60		
+3	0.125		9.70		
+4	0.063		24.3		
+5	0.032		10.8		
+4 +5 +6	0.016		24.2	silt	51.2
+7	0.008		10.2		
+8	0.004	A CONTRACTOR OF A	6.00		
+9	0.002		1.70		
+10	0.001		0.70	clay	7.90
>+10	<0.001		5.50	-	

 Gravel <-2 to -1 phi</td>
 Sand 0 to +4 phi

 Silt +5 to +8 phi
 Clay +9 to >+10 phi



GRETTE ASSOCIATES 151 S. WORTHEN ST. WENATACHEE, WA 98801 Attention: Date Received: 6/4/04 Date Reported: 6/18/04

Project Name: SITCUM WATERWAY REME
Project #: 120.002.400

Q

D.L.

		SAMPLES			
AM TEST Identification	Number	04-A007202			
Client Identification		3-1 TRANSECT	3	WEST	
Sampling Date		6/ 3/04			

PARAMETER

Conventionals

Total Solids (%) Total Volatile Solids (%)

PHI	OPENING	(MM)	% RETENTION	FRACTION	PERCENT
	4.75		< 0.1	gravel	0.10
-2	4.00		< 0.1		
-2 -1 0 +1 +2 +3 +4	2.00		0.10		
0	1.00		< 0.1		
+1	0.50		0.90	sand	54.5
+2	0.25		10.5		
+3	0.125		12.1		
+4	0.063		31.0		
+5	0.032		14.5		
+6	0.016		9.70	silt	39.4
+7	0.008		12.4		
+8	0.004		2.80		
+6 +7 +8 +9	0.002		1.40		
+10	0.001		0.70	clay	5.90
>+10	<0.001		3.80		

RESULT

74.4

2.55

Gravel <-2 to -1 phi Silt +5 to +8 phi Sand 0 to +4 phi Clay +9 to >+10 phi

Analysis by Tyler Screens and Hydrometer (ASTM D-422)

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION



GRETTE ASSOCIATES 151 S. WORTHEN ST. WENATACHEE, WA 98801 Attention: Date Received: 6/4/04 Date Reported: 6/18/04

Project Name: SITCUM WATERWAY REME Project #: 120.002.400

Q

D.L.

		SAMPI	LES		
AM TEST Identification	Number	04-1	A007203		
Client Identification		3-2	TRANSECT	3	EAST
Sampling Date		6/	3/04		

PARAMETER

Conventionals

Total Solids (%) Total Volatile Solids (%)

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

PHI	OPENING (MM)	% RETENTION	FRACTION	PERCENT
	4.75	< 0.1	gravel	
-2	4.00	< 0.1	_	
-1	2.00	< 0.1		
0	1.00	0.10		
0 +1	0.50	0.10	sand	56.4
+2	0.25	11.6		
+2 +3	0.125	22.0		
+4	0.063	22.6		
+4 +5 +6 +7	0.032	8.90		
+6	0.016	15.3	silt	36.0
+7	0.008	8.10		
+8	0.004	3.70		
+8 +9	0.002	2.00		
+10	0.001	1.10	clay	7.60
>+10	<0.001	4.50	0101	

RESULT

71.3

2.68

Gravel <-2 to -1 phi Silt +5 to +8 phi Sand 0 to +4 phi Clay +9 to >+10 phi



GRETTE ASSOCIATES 151 S. WORTHEN ST. WENATACHEE, WA 98801 Attention: Date Received: 6/4/04 Date Reported: 6/18/04

Project Name: SITCUM WATERWAY REME Project #: 120.002.400

Q

D.L.

PARAMETER

Conventionals

Total Solids (%) Total Volatile Solids (%)

PHI	OPENING (MM)	% RETENTION	FRACTION	PERCENT
	4.75	0.10	gravel	0.20
-2	4.00	0.10		
-1	2.00	< 0.1		
0	1.00	0.10		
+1	0.50	0.10	sand	38.9
+2	0.25	2.80		
+3	0.125	7.90		
+4	0.063	28.0		
+5	0.032	3.10		
+6	0.016	28.0	silt	52.3
-2 -1 0 +1 +2 +3 +4 +5 +6 +7	0.008	15.2		
	0.004	6.00		
+8 +9	0.002	2.40		
+10	0.001	1.10	clay	8.30
>+10	<0.001	4.80		

RESULT

66.8 2.96

 Gravel <-2 to -1 phi</td>
 Sand 0 to +4 phi

 Silt +5 to +8 phi
 Clay +9 to >+10 phi

Analysis by Tyler Screens and Hydrometer (ASTM D-422)

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION



GRETTE ASSOCIATES 151 S. WORTHEN ST. WENATACHEE, WA 98801 Attention: Date Received: 6/4/04 Date Reported: 6/18/04

Project Name: SITCUM WATERWAY REME Project #: 120.002.400

Q

D.L.

		SAMPLES		
AM TEST Identification	Number	04-A007205		
Client Identification		4-2 TRANSECT	4 EAST	
Sampling Date		6/ 3/04		

PARAMETER

Conventionals

Total Solids (%) Total Volatile Solids (%)

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

PHI	OPENING (MM)	% RETENTION	FRACTION	PERCENT
	4.75	0.10	gravel	0.40
-2	4.00	< 0.1		
-1 0	2.00	0.30		
0	1.00	0.10		
+1	0.50	1.30	sand	68.4
+2	0.25	11.4		
+3	0.125	33.2		
+4	0.063	22.4		
+5	0.032	8.50		
+6	0.016	12.6	silt	27.3
+6 +7	0.008	4.80		
+8	0.004	1.40		
+8 +9 +10	0.002	0.10		
+10	0.001	< 0.1	clay	3.90
>+10	<0.001	3.80	2	

RESULT

78.1

1.78

Gravel <-2 to -1 phi Silt +5 to +8 phi

Sand 0 to +4 phi Clay +9 to >+10 phi



Quality Control Summa	ry
-----------------------	----

QC for 442619

04-A007198
04-A007199
04-A007200
04-A007201
04-A007202
04-A007203
04-A007204
04-A007205

DUPLICATES		sample	duplicate	RPD	
		value	value	%	
04-A007203 DUP: Total Solids	%	71.3	71.4	0.14	
04-A007203 DUP: Total Volatile Solids	%	2.68	2.39	11.	
04-A007203 DUP:	%	< 0.1	< 0.1		
04-A007203 DUP:	%	< 0.1	< 0.1		
04-A007203 DUP: - 2	%	< 0.1	0.10		
04-A007203 DUP: - 2	%	< 0.1	< 0.1		
04-A007203 DUP: - 1	%	< 0.1	< 0.1		
04-A007203 DUP: - 1	%	< 0.1	< 0.1		
04-A007203 DUP: 0	%	0.10	< 0.1		
04-A007203 DUP: 0	%	0.10	0.10	0.00	
04-A007203 DUP: + 1	%	0.10	0.60	140	
04-A007203 DUP: + 1	%	0.10	0.30	100	
04-A007203 DUP: + 2	%	11.6	10.4	11.	
04-A007203 DUP: + 2	%	11.6	12.6	8.3	
04-A007203 DUP: + 3	%	22.0	24.4	10.	
04-A007203 DUP: + 3	%	22.0	23.5	6.6	
04-A007203 DUP: + 4	%	22.6	23.4	3.5	
-04-A007203 DUP: + 4	%	22.6	20.0	12.	
04-A007203 DUP: + 5	%	8.90	5.00	56.	
04-A007203 DUP: + 5	%	8.90	8.40	5.8	
04-A007203 DUP: + 6	%	15.3	16.9	9.9	
04-A007203 DUP: + 6	%	15.3	16.4	6.9	
04-A007203 DUP: + 7	%	8.10	8.10	0.00	
04-A007203 DUP: + 7	%	8.10	7.90	2.5	
04-A007203 DUP: + 8	%	3.70	4.20	13.	
04-A007203 DUP: + 8	%	3.70	3.90	5.3	
04-A007203 DUP: + 9	%	2.00	2.10	4.9	
04-A007203 DUP: + 9	%	2.00	1.60	22.	
04-A007203 DUP: + 10	%	1.10	1.10	0.00	
04-A007203 DUP: + 10	%	1.10	0.70	44.	
04-A007203 DUP: > +10	%	4.50	3.80	17.	
04-A007203 DUP: > +10	%	4.50	4.60	2.2	
MATRIX SPIKES		sample	sample+spk	spike	Recovery
		value	value	value	%

STANDARD REFERENCE MATERIALS

Result

true

value

Recovery

%

measured

value

BLANKS



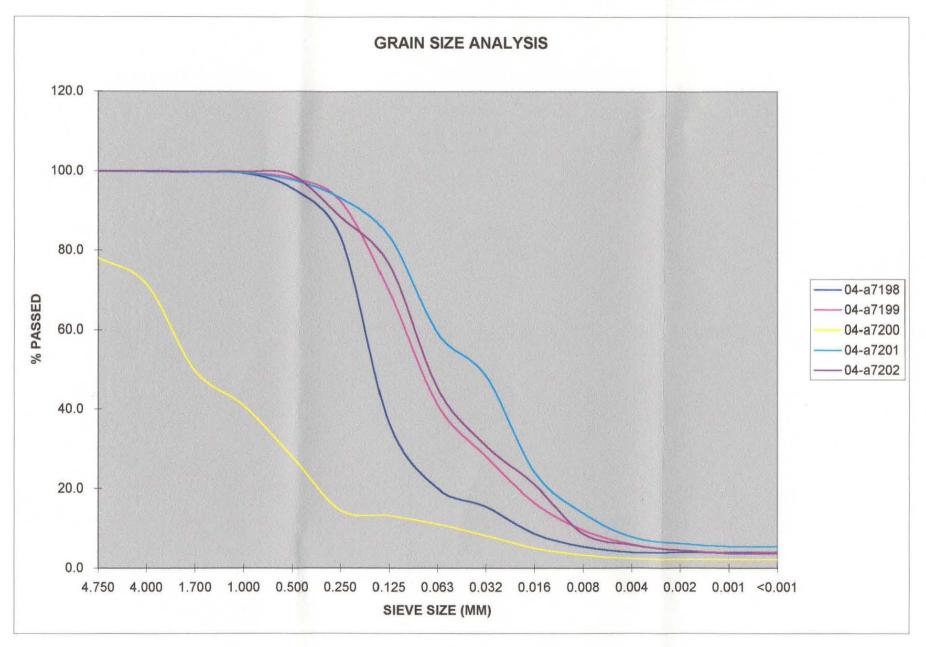
METHODOLOGY REPORT

AM TEST ID 04-A007198 CLIENT ID 1-1 TRANSECT 1 WEST MATRIX : Soil SAMPLED: 6/3/04

ANALYTE	UNITS	METHOD NUMBER	METHOD REFERENCE	DETECTION LIMIT *	DATE OF ANALYSIS
Grain Size Total Solids Total Volatile Solids	% Retained % %	d D422 p17 p20	ASTM PSEP PSEP	0.10 0.01 0.01	6/10/04 6/ 9/04 6/10/04

SM = Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater 18th ed. SW-846 = Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste Physical/Chemical Methods EPA = Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes 1983 * Instrument Detection Limit

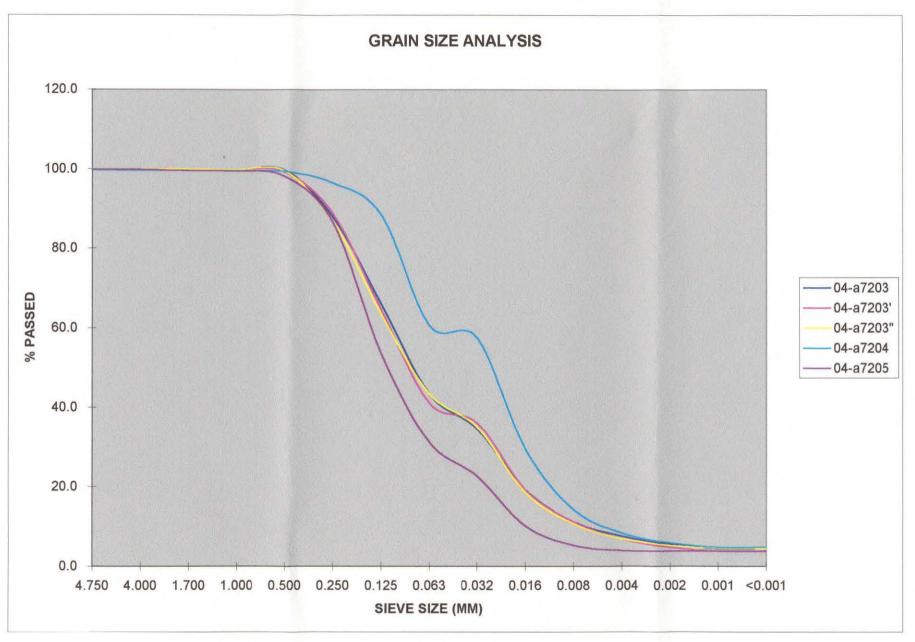




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HYDROTMP Chart 1





Page 1

1

GRAIN SIZE SAMPLES CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORMS

p.1

425-883-3495

151 S. Worthe Project: Sitcum Waterway Rem	the second second		-			and a state of a state of the s	300		North 30th T Client:	acoma, WA 984 Port of Tacoma		73-9300
Number: 120.002.400	io di di di di li i	1 10,000		- Ciciti					Samplers:	Haas		
Sample Number	Si	ample	Гуре		#	and Pres	ervalives	1	Date	Time		Analysis
	Sediment	Water	Tissue	Other*	HCL	NAOH	ETOH	OTHER	MO/DA			
1-1 (Transect 1 West) 1-2 (Transect 1 East)	X								6/3/2004		ASTM D-4	22
1-2 (Transect 1 East)	X								6/3/2004		ASTM D-4	22
2-1 (Transect 2 West)	X								6/3/2004		ASTM D-4	22
2-2 (Transect 2 East)	X								6/3/2004		ASTM D-4	22
3-1 (Transect 3 West)	X								6/3/2004		ASTM D-4	22
3-2 (Transect 3 East)	X								6/3/2004		ASTM D-4	22
4-1 (Transect 4 West)	X								6/3/2004		ASTM D-4	22
4-2 (Transect 4 East)	×								6/3/2004		ASTM D-4	22
Totals:	8											
Container(s): 8 Ziploc Bags									1 Custody	/ Tracking		9
Airbill #N/A	F		quishe		Date/	and the second se		Recei	ved .	Date/T	ime	Intact?
	ľ.	Meni	7 h		1510		Art	TY	/	6/4/45	120 11	for of
Quality Control Recorder Checked by	-							0	1.	۰ ۱		

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AMTest Labs

UPLAND VEGETATION DATA SHEETS

10F5

Port of Tacoma Upland Vegetation Field Form

		Date: 8-10-0
Weather: Sunny		Recorder: LL
Plot: West Side		Time:
toest state		
Percent Coverage:		
Species: Willow	Cover: 40	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrub
Species: Rose	Cover: UO	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Slavel
Species: Snowberry	Cover: 10	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Sho L
Species: Gross	Cover: 10	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb
Species: Fireweed	Cover: 7_	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	11
Species: Curled Dock	Cover:	Layer:
and the second se	Comment:	Herb
Vigor: Grood Species: Plantain	Cover: \	
and the second	Comment:	Layer: Herb
Species: Blackberry	Cover: 2	Layer:
Vigor: Grood	Comment:	Vine it
Species: Canadian Thistle	Cover:	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Flerb fi
Species: St John's wort	Cover: 2	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb.
Species: Pacific Madrone	-	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Iree
Species: Pearly Ever lasting		Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb
Species: Grass	Cover: 15	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	riery
Species: St. Sohn's wort	Cover: 1	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Flerb.
Species: 2050	Cover: 160	Layer:
Vigor: CLOOD	Comment:	Shru.
Species: shore pine	Cover: 5	Layer:
Vigor: Grad	Comment:	Tree
Species: Shone Pine	Cover: 5	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Iree
Species: Butter Hy Bush	Cover: 25	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Ohrni
Species: Red alder	Cover: 50	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Tree
Species: Rose	Cover: 50	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shruk
Species: Vine Maple	Cover: 2	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrut
Species: Snowberry	Cover: 2	Layer: //
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrak
Species: Pearly Everlastin		Layer: 1/ 1
Vigor: trood	Comment:	Herb
	Shrub Vine Tree	which we are a set of the second s

		Upland Vegetation Field Form	6 10 01
			Date: 8-10-04
	Weather: Sunny		Recorder: LLL
	Plot: West side		Time:
	Percent Coverage:	25	
()	Species: Grass	Cover: 25	Layer: 1
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Layer. Herb
	Species: Blackberry	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Vine Inv
	Species: St John's Wort	Cover: 2	Layer:
	Vigor: 6000	Comment:	Herb In
D	Species: Douglas fir	Cover: 10	Layer:
D	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Kee
	Species: Snowberry	Cover: 30	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrub
	Species: Rose	Cover: 40	Layer:
	Vigor: Good Species: Bufferfly Bush	Comment:	Shrub
		Cover: 15	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrub
	Species: Salmonberry	Cover: /O	Layer: Shrub
	Vigor: Good Species: Grass	Comment:	
		Cover: 75 Comment:	Layer:
	Vigor: (2000 Species: Kinnickinnick	Cover: 20	Lover
	C	Comment:	Layer: Hach
	Vigor: Good Species: Blackberry	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Vina Ta
	Species: St. John's Wort	Cover: Z	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	HerhI
-	Species: Rose	Cover: 30	Layer:
5)	Vigor: Grod	Comment:	Shrub
	Species: Shore Pine	Cover: 15	Layer:
~	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Tree
	Species: Salmonberry	Cover: 5	Laver:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrub
	Species: Red alder	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	ree
	Species: Snowberry	Cover: 10	Layer:
	Vigor: Cabac	Comment:	Shrub
	Species: Oregor Grape	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shruh
	Species: Grass	Cover: 90	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb
	Species: Blackberry	Cover: 20	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Vine In
	Species: St, John's wort	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Grood	Comment:	Merb L
>	Species: Shore Pine	Cover: 25	Layer:
シ	Vigor: Cro od	Comment:	Ince
	Species: Rose	Cover: BD	Layer: Sha h
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Unnub
	Layers: Herb Vigor Classes: Dead	Shrub Vine Tree	
	Vigor Classes: Dead	Poor Good Excellent Dormant	

2 of 5

Port of Tacoma Upland Vegetation Field Form

		Upland Vegetation Field Form	
			Date: 8-10-04
	Weather: Sunny		Recorder: LLL
	Plot: West		Time:
	Percent Coverage:		
2	Species: Vine Maple	Cover: 5	Layer:
)	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrub
	Species: Grass	Cover: 15	Layer: 11
	Vigor: Grood	Comment:	Merh
	Species: St John's world	Cover: 2	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb Ini
2	Species: Rose	Cover: 65	Layer:
Ð	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Thrub
	Species: Red alder	Cover: 10	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Tree
	Species: Shore Pine	Cover: 1	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment	Tree
	Species: Snowberry	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrub
	Species: Oregon Grape	Cover: 2	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shab
	Species: Buttertly Bush	Cover: 10	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrub
	Species: Grass,	Cover: 4D	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb
	Species: KINNICKINNICK	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb
	Species: Black berver	Cover: 2	Layer:
~	Vigor: Good	Comment:	nero In
5	Species: Willow	Cover: 70	Layer:
\geq	Vigor: Guo ad	Comment:	Shrub
~	Species: Snowberry	Cover: 40	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Ohrun
	Species: Red alder	Cover: 40	Layer:
	Vigor: Grood	Comment:	Tree
	Species: California Wartle	Cover: 15	Layer:
	Vigor: Groat	Comment:	Layer:
	Species: Kinnickmnick Vigor: Good	Comment:	Layer.
	And the second se	Cover: 2	Layer:
	Species: Pearly Everlasting Vigor: Good	Comment:	Harb
	Vigor: Good Species: Grass	Cover: 15	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb
	Species: Blackberry	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Line Tru
	Species: Canadian Thistle	Cover:)	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Verb True
a	Species: Blackberry	Cover: /	Layer:
9	Vigor: Groed	Comment:	Vine Tru
S	Species: Grass	Cover: 95	Layer: 1, ,
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Heih
	Layers: Herb	Shrub Vine Tree	1010
	Vigor Classes: Dead	Poor Good Excellent Dormant	
	Notes:		

	Weather: Sunny		Date: 8-10-04 Recorder: LLL
	Plot: West Side		Time:
	Percent Coverage:		
	Species: Plantain	Cover: 5	Lovor
)		Comment:	Layer: Herb
	Species: Pearly Everlasting Vigor: Good	Cover: 1 Comment:	Layer:
		the second se	THERD
		Cover: 20	Layer:
	Vigor: G6 d Species: Rose	Comment:	Tree
		Cover: 20	Layer:
	Vigor: Grood Species: Wr 110W	Comment:	Shrub
		Cover: 40	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shruh
	Species: Donglas for	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Crood	Comment:	Thee
	Species: 2000	Cover: 15	Layer: Cl
>	Vigor: Good	Comment:	ohrub
	Species: shore Pine	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Ince
	Species: willow	Cover: Z	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrub
	Species: Douglas Fir	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Tree
	Species: Grass	Cover: 95	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	tlerb
	Species: Blackberry	Cover: 2	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	VineIn
	Species: A John's wart	Cover:	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb Inc
	Species: willow	Cover: 25	Layer:
)	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrub
	Species: Butter Aly Bush	Cover: 5	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	<hrub< td=""></hrub<>
	Species: Gruss	Cover: 100	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb
	Species: Plantain	Cover: 2	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb
	Species: Blackberry	Cover:	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Vine Inu
	Species: St. John's wort	Cover: 2	Layer:
	Vigor: Grood	Comment:	Merb In
	Species: Can. This The	Cover: 10	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Harp En
	Species: Firward	Cover: 5	Layer: 11 /
)	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Leyon Herh
	Species: Grass	Cover: 15	Layer:
	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Horh
	Species: Blackberry	Cover: 70	Layer:
	Vigor: Grood	Comment:	Ving Trail
	Layers: Herb	Shrub Vine Tree	The AND
			Dormant
	Vigor Classes: Dead Notes:	Poor Good Excellent	Dormant

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3 of 5

the second se		Date: 8-10-
Weather: Sunny		Recorder: /
Plot: West / East		Time:
000001 /0000		
Percent Coverage:		
Species: Douglas tin	Cover: 35	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Tree
Species: Butter Ay Bush		Layer:
Vigor: Good	Cover: 30 Comment:	Shr
Species: Rose	Cover: 5	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Sha
Species: Shore Pine	Cover: 15	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Tre
Species: Red dider	Cover: 15	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Tre
Species: Buffertly Bush	Cover: /O	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	51
Species: Vine Maple	Cover: \leq	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	0
Species: Douglas fin	Cover: 10	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	ton
Species: Gras	Cover: 100	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Layer.
Species: Plantain	Cover: /	Layer:
	Comment:	Layer. Hav
Vigor: Good Species: Carled Dock		1 avor
	Cover: / Comment:	Layer:
Vigor: Good Species: Blackberry	Cover:/()	
	Comment:	Layer:
Vigor: Good Species: St. John's Wort	Cover: 2/	Vine
	Comment:	Layer: Herb
Vigor: Good Species: Can Thistle		1 aver
	Cover: L I	Layer: Hart
Vigor: Good	Comment:	I ver b
Species: Red Alder	Cover: /D	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Tree
Species: Shore Pire	Cover: 25	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Ivee
Species: Lose	Cover: 30	Layer: Cha
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shru
Species: Willow	Cover: 10	Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Juli
Species: Cavass	Cover: 85	Layer: Had
Vigor: Groad	Comment:	ILEVY
Species: Tansy Rugwoot	Cover: 15	Layer: U.L
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Mer b
Species: Blackberny	Cover: 10	Layer: 1/
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Vine
Species: Black berry	Cover: 5	Layer:
Vigor: Good	₂ Comment:	Vine.
Species: Phriple 100sestri		Layer:
Vigor: Good	Comment:	Herb
Layers: Herb	Shrub Vine Tree	

Weather: Summer Rec Plot: Bast Sde Tim Percent Coverage: Species: Low Savery Cover: Laye Species: Low Savery Cover: Comment: Laye Species: Low Savery Cover: Comment: Laye Species: Low Savery Cover: Comment: Laye Species: Save Cover: Cover: Laye Vigor: Good Comment: Species: Species: Save Cover: Cover: Cover: Laye Vigor: Good Comment: Species: Laye Species: Carbot Cover: Cover: Laye Vigor: Good Comment: Laye Species: Day Los Far. Cover: Laye Vigor: Good Comment: Laye Species: Day: Laye Cover: Laye Vigor: Good Comment: Species: Species: Day: Laye Cover: Laye Vigor: Good Comment: Species: Species: Day: Cover: Laye Vigor:	e: 8-10-04
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6 Vigor: Good Comment: Species: Douglastic Cover: 15 Laye Vigor: Good Comment: Species: Laye	
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	Vigor: Good	Comment:	then
-	Species: Rock	Cover: 45	Layer:
8)	Vigor: Good	Comment:	Shrub
9	Species: Salal	Cover: 10	Layer:
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	Vigor:	Comment:	Murb
	Species: Lupin	Cover: 5	Layer:
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	Species: Grass	Cover: 60	Layer: ri
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Weather: Sunny		Date: 8-10-04 Recorder: LLL
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Vigor: (2000	Comment:	Shrub
Species: Red alder	Cover: 15	Layer:
Vigor: Groed	Comment:	TOPP
Species: willow	Cover: 30	Layer: 1
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Vigor: Good	Comment:	Troo
Species: Snowberry	Cover: /	Layer:
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5	Herb Dead	Herb Shrub Vine	Herb Shrub Vine Tree	Herb Shrub Vine Tree

Milwaukee Willow Coverage Monitoring

Date: 8/1	0/04		~
Elevation:	~+16++ MUL	N	
West / East	West		
Samplers:	LLL		

	Transect Length	Willow Coverage	Percent Coverage
	300 74	156 4	52
	200Ft	131 -14-	44
	183-14	106 ft	58
_			
Total	203	252	50%

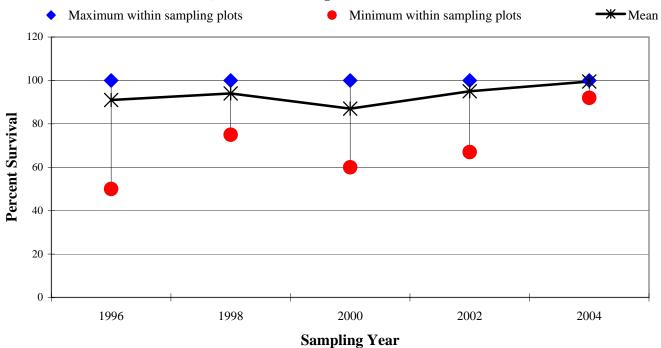
Date: 8/10/04/ Elevation: -+16/4 West / East Eas MLLW East Samplers: 11

	Transect Length	Willow Coverage	Percent Coverage
	300 8	75	25
	300 ft	64	2
	74 14	30	4
			•
Total	674		25%

UPLAND VEGETATION PERFROMANCE CURVES

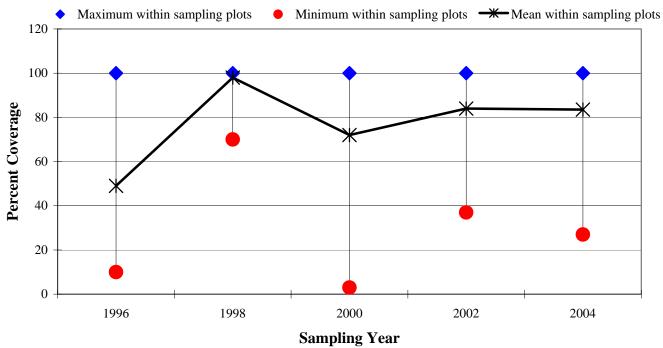
Woody Plant Survival

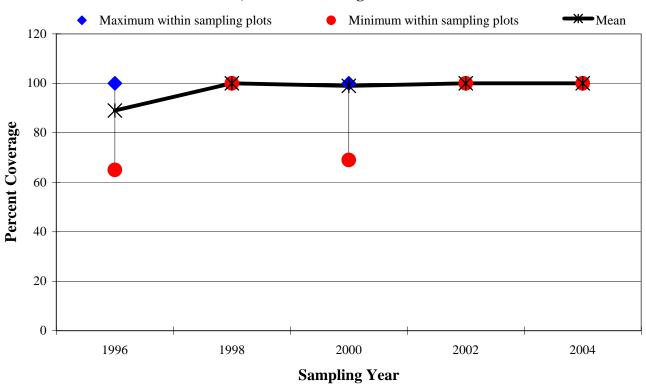
	1996	1998	2000	2002	2004	
Maximum within sampling plots	100	100	100	100	100	
Minimum within sampling plots	50	75	60	67	92	
Mean	91	94	87	95	99.5	
Tree and Shrub Coverage						
_	1996	1998	2000	2002	2004	
Maximum within sampling plots	100	100	100	100	100	
Minimum within sampling plots	10	70	3	37	27	
Mean within sampling plots	49	98	72	84	83.5	
Total Vegetation Coverage						
Total vegetation coverage	1996	1998	2000	2002	2004	
Maximum within sampling plots	100	100	100	100	100	
Minimum within sampling plots	65	100	69	100	100	
Mean	89	100	99	100	100	
Investive Species Coverage						
Invasive Species Coverage	1996	1998	2000	2002	2004	
Performance Standard	20	20	2000	2002	2004	
Maximum within sampling plots	15	20 75	20 55	40	70	
Minimum within sampling plots	0	0	1	40	1	
1 01	2	22	19	÷	-	
Mean	2	22	19	15	9.6	



Average Woody Plant Survival on the East and West Sides of the Milwaukee Habitat Area, from Mointoring Efforts between 1996 and 2004.

Average Tree and Shrub Coverage on the East and West Sides of the Milwaukee Habitat, from Monitoring Efforts between 1996 and 2004.





Average Total Vegetation Coverage on the East and West Sides of the MIlwaukee Habitat Area, from Monitoring Efforts between 1996 and 2004.

Average Invasive Species Coverage on the East and West Sides of the Milwaukee Habitat Area, from Monitoring Efforts between 1996 and 2004.

